

2001 - 2005

MOTORCYCLE mene SERVICE MANUAL Model : YJ50RAP, YJ50RAR, YJ50RAS, YJ50RAT, YJ50RN, YJ50RP. YJ50RR. YJ50RAT, YJ50RN, YJ50RP, YJ50RR, YJ50RS, YJ50RT

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NOTICE

This manual was produced by the Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their qualified mechanics. It is not possible to include all the knowledge of a mechanic in one manual. Therefore, anyone who uses this book to perform maintenance and repairs on Yamaha vehicles should have a basic understanding of mechanics and the techniques to repair these types of vehicles. Repair and maintenance work attempted by anyone without this knowledge is likely to render the vehicle unsafe and unfit for use.

Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. is continually striving to improve all of its models. Modifications and significant changes in specifications or procedures will be forwarded to all authorized Yamaha dealers and will appear in future editions of this manual where applicable.

NOTE: trom www.scoolerine.ne Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice. EAS00005 IMPORTANT MANUAL INFORMATION

Particularly important informations distinguished in this manual by the following.

A

The safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

Failure to follow WARNING instructions could result in severe injury or death to the scooter operator, a bystander or a person checking or repairing the scooter.

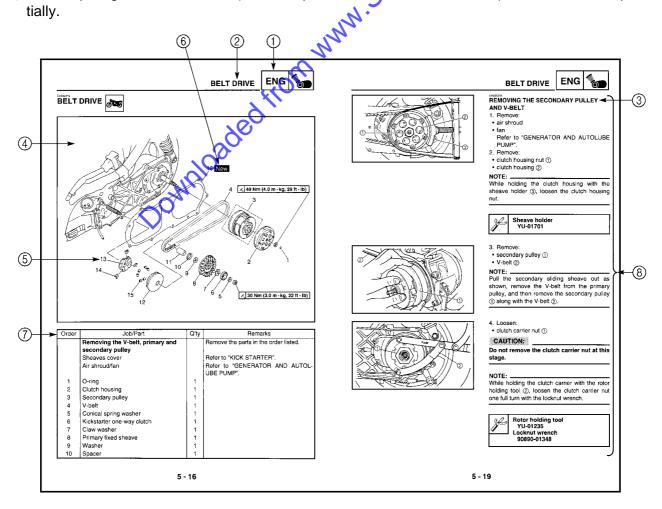
CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the scooter.

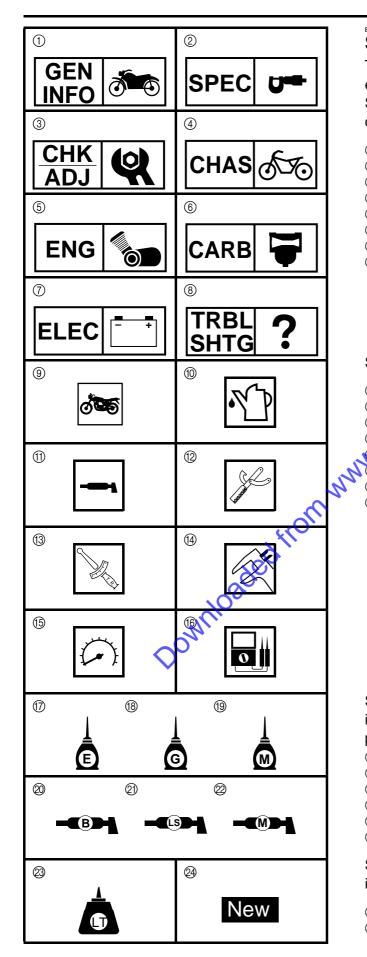
NOTE: A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer. EAS00007

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

This manual is intended as a handy, easy-to-read reference book for the mechanic. Comprehensive explanations of all installation, removal, disassembly, assembly, repair and check procedures are laid out with the individual steps in sequential order.

- ① The manual is divided into chapters. An abbreviation and symbol in the upper right corner of each page indicate the current chapter. Refer to "SYMBOLS".
- ② Each chapter is divided into sections. The current section title is shown at the top of each page, except in Chapter 3 ("PERIODIC CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS"), where the sub-section title(s) appears.
- ③ Sub-section titles appear in smaller print than the section title.
- ④ To help identify parts and clarify procedure steps, there are exploded diagrams at the start of each removal and disassembly section.
- ⑤ Numbers are given in the order of the jobs in the exploded diagram. A circled number indicates a disassembly step.
- 6 Symbols indicate parts to be lubricated or replaced. Refer to "SYMBOLS".
- ⑦ A job instruction chart accompanies the exploded diagram, providing the order of jobs, names of parts, notes in jobs, etc.
- ③ Jobs requiring more information (such as special tools and technical data) are described sequentially.





SYMBOLS

The following symbols are not relevant to every vehicle.

Symbols (1) to (8) indicate the subject of each chapter.

- ① General information
- ② Specifications
- ③ Periodic checks and adjustments
- ④ Chassis
- ⑤ Engine
- 6 Carburetor(s)
- ⑦ Electrical system
- (8) Troubleshooting

Symbols (2) to (18) indicate the following.

- (9) Serviceable with engine mounted
- 1 Filling fluid
- 1 Lubricant
- 12 Special tool
- Tightening torque
 Wear limit, clearance
- (4) Wear limit, clearanc
- (5) Engine speed
- 16 Electrical data

Symbols ⑦ to ② in the exploded diagrams indicate the types of lubricants and lubrication points.

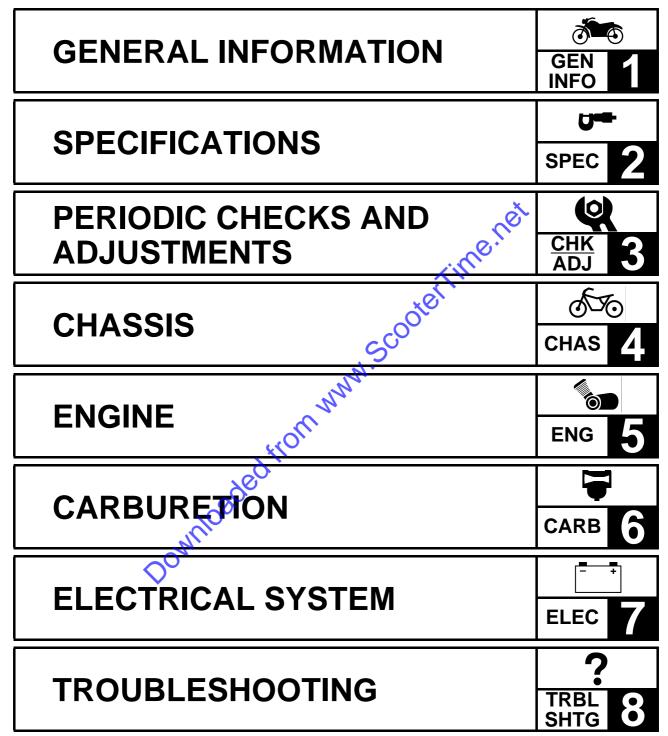
- 17 Engine oil
- 18 Gear oil
- 19 Molybdenum disulfide oil
- Wheel bearing grease
- 2 Lithium soap base grease
- 2 Molybdenum disulfide grease

Symbols 3 to 3 in the exploded diagrams indicate the following.

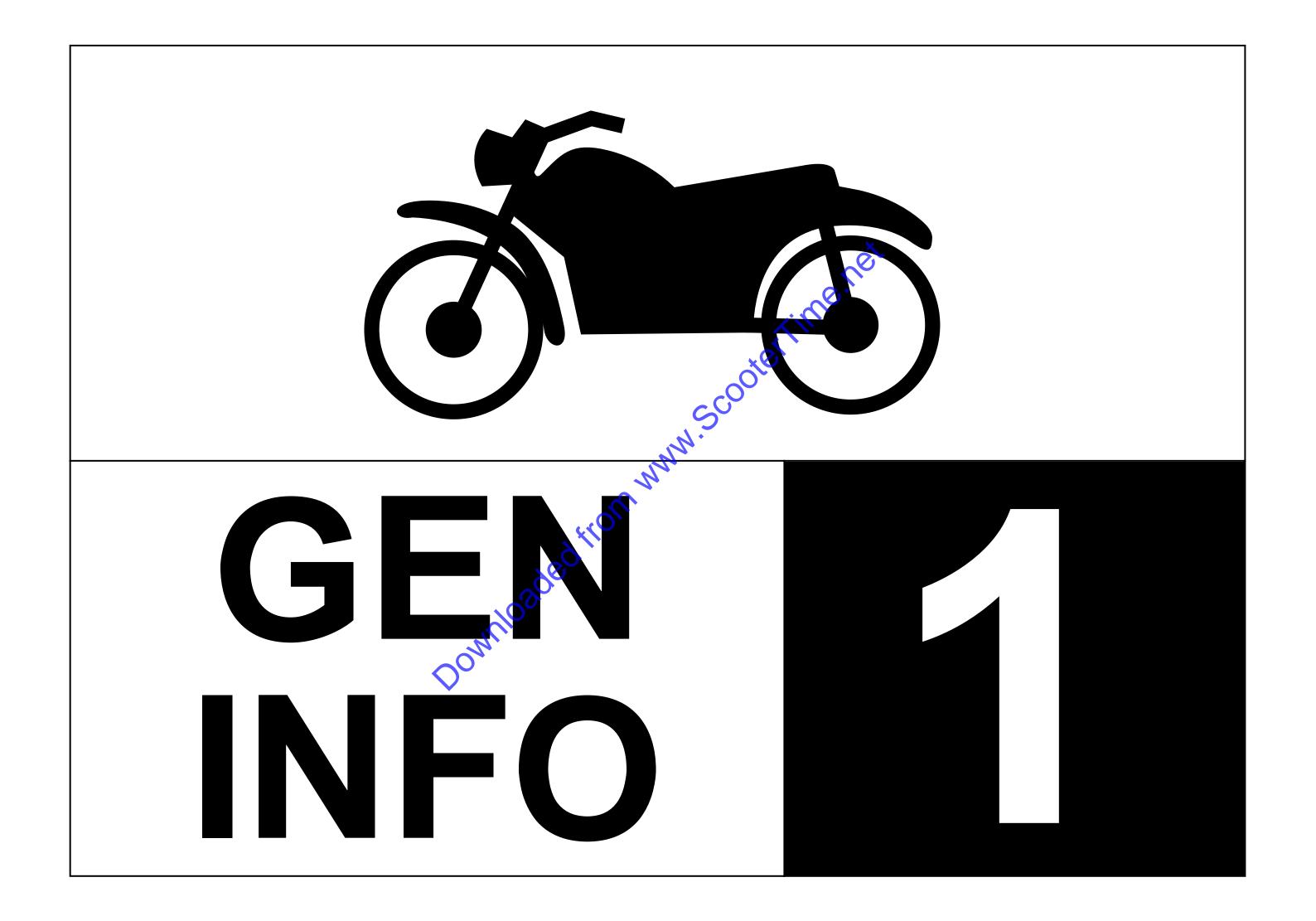
- (23) Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)
- 2 Replace the part

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EAS00011



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CHAPTER 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

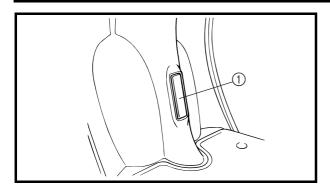
SCOOTER IDENTIFICATION1-1
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER1-1
MODEL CODE1-1
IMPORTANT INFORMATION
PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY1-2
REPLACEMENT PARTS1-2 GASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS1-2
LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS
BEARINGS AND UIL SEALS
CHECKING THE CONNECTIONS
SPECIAL TOOLS
Xe
CC ^C
NN
N
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X
N
SASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-KINGS
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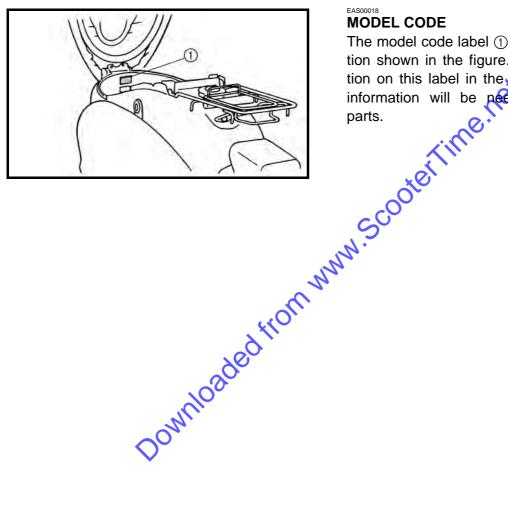
EAS00015 **GENERAL INFORMATION** SCOOTER IDENTIFICATION EAS00017

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number (1) is stamped into the frame.

EAS00018 **MODEL CODE**

The model code label (1) is affixed to the location shown in the figure. Record the information on this label in the space provided. This information will be needed to order spare



IMPORTANT INFORMATION









IMPORTANT INFORMATION PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Before removal and disassembly, remove all dirt, mud, dust and foreign material.
- 2. Use only the proper tools and cleaning equipment.

Refer to "SPECIAL TOOLS".

- 3. When disassembling, always keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinders, pistons and other parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must always be reused or replaced as an assembly.
- 4. During disassembly, clean all of the parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly and allow for the correct installation of all parts.
- 5. Keep all parts away from any source of fire.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and grease recommended by Yamaha for all lubrication jobs. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

GASKETS, OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS

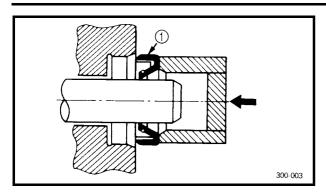
- 1. When overhauling the engine, replace all gaskets, seals and O-rings. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. During reassembly, properly oil all mating parts and bearings and lubricate the oil seal lips with grease.

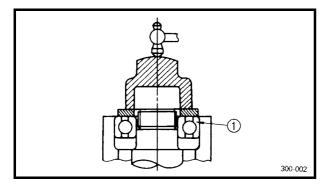
LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

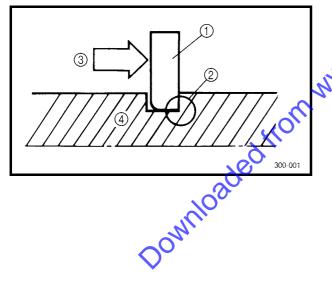
After removal, replace all lock washers/plates ① and cotter pins. After the bolt or nut has been tightened to specification, bend the lock tabs along a flat of the bolt or nut.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION





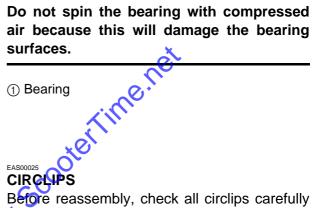


EAS00024 BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

Install bearings and oil seals so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are visible. When installing oil seals, lubricate the oil seal lips with a light coat of lithium soap base grease. Oil bearings liberally when installing, if appropriate.

1) Oil seal

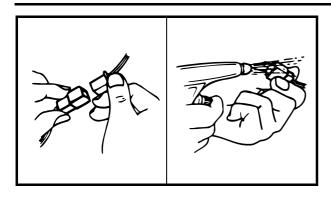
CAUTIONS



Always replace piston pin clips after one use. When installing a circlip ①, make sure the sharp-edged corner ② is positioned opposite the thrust ③ that the circlip receives. ④ Shaft



IMPORTANT INFORMATION



EAS00026 **CHECKING THE CONNECTIONS**

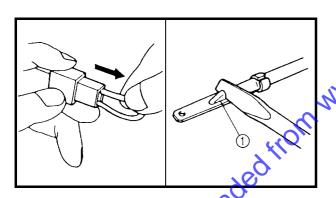
Check the leads, couplers, and connectors for stains, rust, moisture, etc.

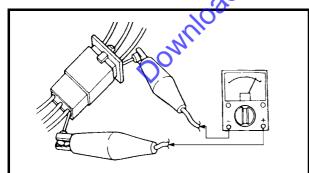
1. Disconnect:

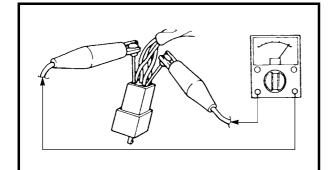
- lead
- coupler
- connector
- 2. Check:
- lead
- coupler
- connector

Moisture \rightarrow Dry with an air blower.

Rust/stains \rightarrow Connect and disconnect sevtertime.net eral times.







3. Check • a Connections

Loose connection \rightarrow Connect properly.

NNOTE: If the pin (1) on the terminal is flattened, bend it up.

- 4. Connect:
 - lead
- coupler
- connector

NOTE:

Make sure all connections are tight.

- 5. Check:
- continuity

(with the pocket tester)

YU-03112

Pocket tester

NOTE: _

- If there is no continuity, clean the terminals.
- When checking the wire harness, perform steps (1) to (3).
- As a quick remedy, use a contact revitalizer available at most part stores.





SPECIAL TOOLS

The following special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Use only the appropriate special tools as this will help prevent damage caused by the use of inappropriate tools or improvised techniques. Special tools, part numbers or both may differ depending on the country.

When placing an order, refer to the list provided below to avoid any mistakes.

Tool No.	Tool name/Function	Illustration
YM-01409	Oil seal guide	
	This tool is used to install oil seals.	
YM-01411	Crankshaft installer spacer This tool is used to install the crank- shaft.	tertime.net
YM-34487	Dynamic spark tester This tool is used to check the ignition system components.	allar Cart
YS-28891	Clutch spring holder This tool is used to disassembly and assembly the secondary pulley.	
YU-01135	Crankcase separating tool This tool is used to remove the crank- shaft and to separate the crankcase.	
YU-01235	Rotor holding tool This tool is used to hold the generator rotor when removing or installing the generator rotor bolt.	
YU-01444	Steering nut wrench (45 mm) This tool is used to loosen and tighten the lower steering stem nut.	



SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool No.	Tool name/Function	Illustration
YU-01701	Sheave holder This tool is used to hold the clutch hous- ing when removing or installing the clutch housing nut.	Contraction of the second seco
YU-03112	Pocket tester This tool is used to check the electrical system.	
YU-33223	Compression gauge This tool is used to measure engine compression.	O THE THE
YU-33975	Steering nut wrench This tool is used to loosen or tighten the steering stem ring nut.	ster in a
YU-8036-A	Inductive tachometer	
Crankshaft installer tool set YU-90050 Crankshaft installer pot YU-90058 Crankshaft installer bolt YU-90060	Crankshaft installer tool set Crankshaft installer pot Crankshaft installer bolt These tools are used to install the crankshaft.	
YU-90062	Crankshaft installer adaptor (M10) This tool is used to install the crank- shaft.	
YU-90105	Flywheel puller set This tool is used to remove the genera- tor rotor.	

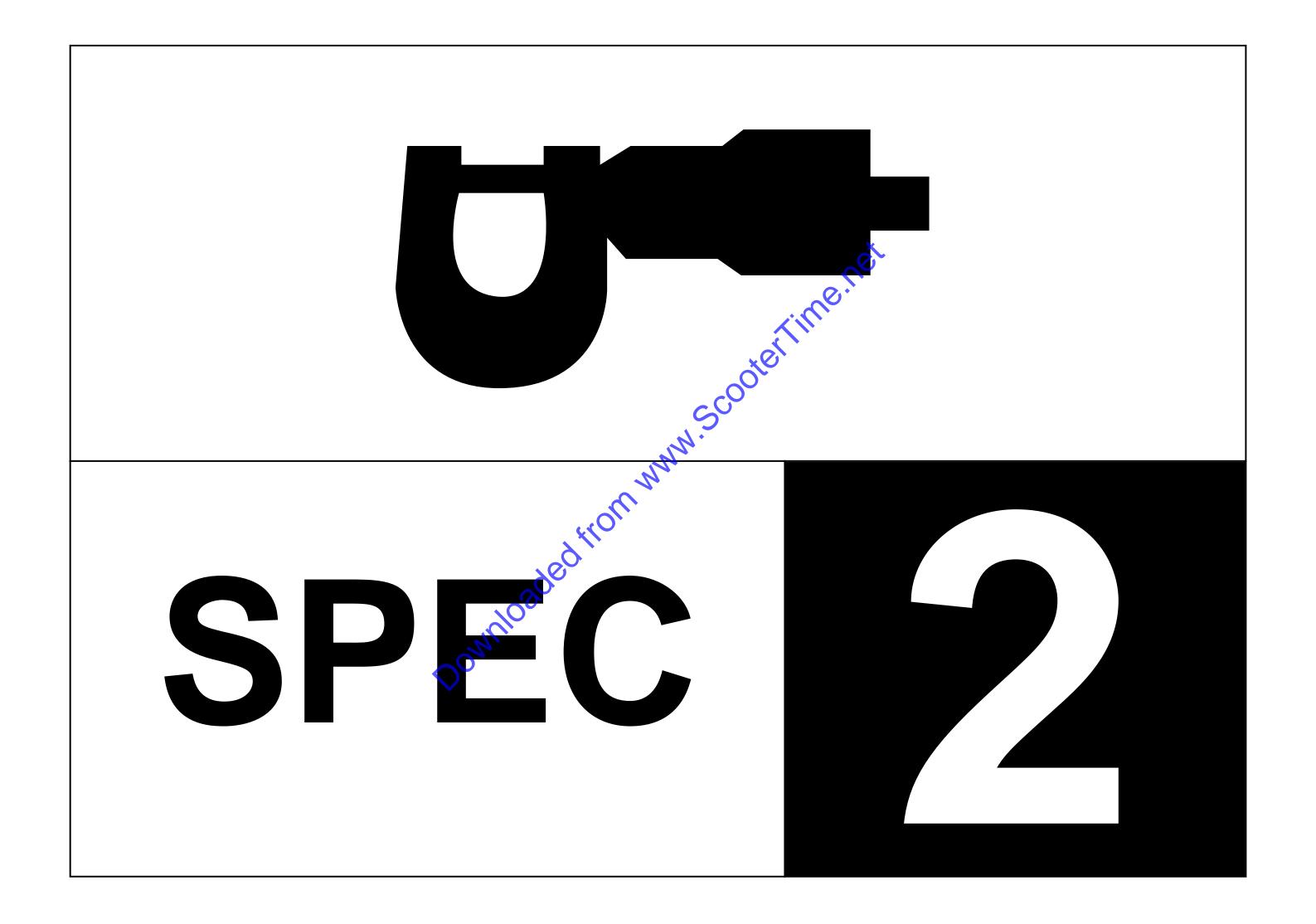


SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool No.	Tool name/Function	Illustration
ACC-1100-15-01	Quick Gasket [®] This sealant is used to seal to mating	and the second sec
	surfaces (e.g., crankcase mating sur- faces).	

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CHAPTER 2 SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	2-1
ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS	2-2
CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS	2-6
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	-
CONVERSION TABLE	
GENERAL TIGHTENING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS	2-11
	2-12
	2-12
CONVERSION TABLE GENERAL TIGHTENING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS	2-12
LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES	2-14
ENGINE	2-14
ENGINE	2-15
CHASSIS TIGHTENING TORQUES	2-16



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SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard	Limit
Model code	5PP1	
Dimensions		
Overall length	1,630 mm (64.1 in)	
Overall width	630 mm (24.8 in)	
Overall height	1,030 mm (40.5 in)	
Seat height	715 mm (28.1 in)	
Wheelbase	1,150 mm (45.3 in)	
Minimum ground clearance	85 mm (3.3 in)	
Minimum turning radius	1,600 mm (63 in)	
Weight	Č.	
Wet (with oil and a full fuel tank)	74 kg (163 lb)	

Liskg (163 lb)



ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard	Limit
Engine		
Engine type	Air-cooled, 2-stroke	
Induction system	Reed valve	
Displacement	49 cm ³	
Cylinder arrangement	Forward inclined single cylinder	
Bore $ imes$ stroke	40.0 × 39.2 mm (1.57 × 1.54 in)	
Compression ratio	7.3 : 1	
Engine idling speed	1,800 r/min	
Fuel		
Recommended fuel	Regular unleaded gasoline	
Fuel tank capacity		
Total (including reserve)	6 L (5.3 Imp qt, 6.3 US qt) 💦 📩	
Engine oil	(No.	
Lubrication system	Separate lubrication (Yamahaautolube)	
Oil type or grade	Yamalube 2-cycle oil or	
	2-stroke engine oil	
Quantity	×O	
Capacity	1.4 L (1.23 Imp qt. 148 US qt)	
Air filter oil grade	Foam air-filter oil or SAE 10W30SE	
Transmission		
Recommended oil	Yamalube (10W30) or SAE 10W30 type	
Periodic oil change	0.1 L (0.09 Imp qt, 0.11 US qt)	
Total amount	0.11 L (0.1 Imp qt, 0.12 US qt)	
Starting system type	Electric and kick starter	
Spark plug		
Model (manufacturer) × quantity	BPR7HS (NGK)	
Spark plug gap	0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.02 ~ 0.03 in)	
Cylinder head		
Max. warpage		0.02 mm
		(0.0008 in)
Cylinder		
Cylinder arrangement	Forward inclined single cylinder	
Bore × stroke	40.0 × 39.2 mm (1.57 × 1.54 in)	
Compression ratio	7.3 : 1	
Bore	39.993 ~ 40.012 mm (1.5745 ~ 1.5753 in)	
Max. taper		0.05 mm
		(0.002 in)
Max. out-of-round		0.05 mm
		(0.002 in)



Item	Standard	Limit
Piston		
Piston-to-cylinder clearance	0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in)	0.10 mm (0.0039 in)
Diameter D	39.952 ~ 39.969 mm (1.5729 ~ 1.5736 in)	
Height H	5 mm (0.2 in)	
Oversize 1st		
Oversize 2nd		
Piston pin bore (in the piston)	a de la companya de	
Diameter	10.004 ~ 10.015 mm (0.3939 ~ 0.3943 in)	10.045 mm (0.3955 in)
Offset	0 mm (0 in)	
Piston pin		
Outside diameter	9.996 ~ 10.000 mm (6.3935 ~ 0.3937 in)	9.976 mm (0.3928 in)
Piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clear-	0.004 ~ 0.019 mm (0.00016 ~ 0.00075 in)	0.069 mm
ance		(0.0027 in)
Piston ring	N.	· · · ·
Top ring	and a second	
Ring type Dimensions (B × T) End gap (installed)	OR WWW.S	
Ring type	Keystone	
Dimensions ($B \times T$)	1.2 × 1.8 mm (0.05 × 0.07 in)	
End gap (installed)	0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in)	0.70 mm (0.028 in)
Ring side clearance	0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in)	0.10 mm (0.0039 in)
2nd ring		· · · /
Ring type	Keystone	
Dimensions $(B \times T)$	1.2×1.8 mm (0.05 \times 0.07 in)	
End gap (installed)	0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in)	0.70 mm
		(0.028 in)
Ring side clearance	0.03 ~ 0.05 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0020 in)	0.10 mm (0.0039 in)



ltem	Standard	Limit
Crankshaft		
Width A	37.90 ~ 37.95 mm (1.492 ~ 1.494 in)	
Max. runout C	·	0.03 mm
Big end side clearance D	0.35 ~ 0.75 mm (0.0138 ~ 0.0295 in)	(0.0012 in) 1.0 mm (0.0394 in)
Big end radial clearance E	0.004 ~ 0.017 mm (0.00016 ~ 0.00067 in)	·
Small end free play F	0.4 ~ 0.8 mm (0.02 ~ 0.03 m	
Clutch		
Clutch type	Dry, centrifugal automatic	
Clutch shoe		
Thickness	4.0 mm (0.157 m	1.0 mm
Clutch shoe spring	IN.SC	(0.039 in)
Free length	29.9 mm (1.18 in)	
Kickstarter		
Kickstarter type	Ratchet	
Kickstarter pinion gear clip force	0.15 ~ 0.25 kg (0.34 ~ 0.56 lb)	
Transmission		
Transmission type	V-belt automatic	
Primary reduction system	Helical	
Primary reduction ratio	48/13 (3.692)	
Secondary reduction system	Spur gear	
Secondary reduction atio	42/13 (3.231)	
Operation V	Centrifugal automatic type	
Single speed automatic	2.183 ~ 1.050:1	
Air filter type	Wet element	



Item	Standard	Limit
Carburetor		
Model (manufacturer) \times quantity	Y14P/1 (TEIKEI) × 1	
Throttle cable free play	1.5 ~ 3.5 mm (0.06 ~ 0.14 in)	
(at the flange of the throttle grip)		
ID mark	5LY1 00	
Main jet	#64	
Main air jet	2.0	
Jet needle	3SOC-3/5	
Needle jet	2.090	
Cutaway	2.5	
Pilot jet	#46	
Bypass 1	0.8	
Pilot air screw turns out	1-5/8	
Valve seat size	1.8	
Starter jet 1	#46	
Float height	1-5/6 1.8 #46 15 ~ 17 mm (0.59 ~ 0.67 in) 0.164 ~ 0.176 mm (0.0065 ~ 0.0069 in)	
Reed valve		
Thickness	0.164 ~ 0.176 mm (0.0065 ~ 0.0069 in)	
Valve stopper height	7.0 ~ 7.4 mm (0.28 ~ 0.29 in)	
Valve bending limit	0.2 mm (0.008 jn)	
Autolube pump	S	
Plunger diameter	2.62 mm (Q 103 in)	
Minimum stroke	0.1 mm (0.0039 in)	
Maximum stroke	0.49 mm (0.0193 in)	
	aff	

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CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS



CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS

ltem	Standard	Limit
Frame		
Frame type	Steel tube underbone	
Caster angle	25°	
Trail	71 mm (2.8 in)	
Front wheel		
Wheel type	Panel wheel	
Rim		
Size	10 × 2.15	
Material	Steel	
Wheel travel	(0, mm, (0, 00; in))	
Wheel runout		
Max. radial wheel runout	Panel wheel 00^{10} respectively 10×2.15 Steel 10^{10}	1.0 mm
	Q.`	(0.04 in)
Max. lateral wheel runout		1.0 mm
		(0.04 in)
Rear wheel	×O	
Wheel type	Panel wheel	
Rim	CCC	
Size	10 × 2.15	
Material	Steel Steel	
Wheel travel	46 mm (1.81 in)	
Wheel runout		
Max. radial wheel runout	Θ	1.0 mm
×*		(0.04 in)
Max. lateral wheel runout		1.0 mm
Wheel travel Wheel runout Max. radial wheel runout Max. lateral wheel runout Front tire Tire type Size Model (manufacturer)		(0.04 in)
Front tire		
Tire type	Tubeless	
Size	80/90-10 (34J)	
Model (manufacturer)	MB38/C-922 (INOUE/CHENG SHIN)	
Tire pressure (cold)		
0 ~ 90 kg (0 ~ 198 lb)	150 kPa (1.50 kg/cm², 21.8 psi)	
Min. tire tread depth		1.0 mm
		(0.04 in)
Rear tire		
Tire type	Tubeless	
Size	80/90-10 (34J)	
Model (manufacturer)	MB38/C-922 (INOUE/CHENG SHIN)	
Tire pressure (cold)		
0 ~ 90 kg (0 ~ 198 lb)	175 kPa (1.75 kg/cm², 25.4 psi)	
Min. tire tread depth		1.0 mm
1		(0.04 in)

CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS



Item	Standard	Limit
Front brake		
Brake type	Drum brake	
Operation	Right-hand operation	
Brake lever free play (at lever end)	10 ~ 20 mm (0.39 ~ 0.79 in)	
Dram brake type	Leading, trailing	
Brake drum inside diameter	110 mm (4.33 in)	110.5 mm
		(4.35 in)
Lining thickness	4 mm (0.16 in)	2 mm
		(0.08 in)
Rear brake		
Brake type	Drum brake	
Operation	Left-hand operation	
Brake lever free play (at lever end)	10 ~ 20 mm (0.39 ~ 0.79 in)	
Drum brake type	Leading, trailing	
Brake drum inside diameter	110 mm (4.33 in)	110.5 mm
	X III	(4.35 in)
Lining thickness	4 mm (0.16 in)	2 mm
	Left-hand operation 10 ~ 20 mm (0.39 ~ 0.79 in) Leading, trailing 110 mm (4.33 in) 4 mm (0.16 in)	(0.08 in)
Front suspension		
Suspension type	Bottom link fork	
Front fork type	Coil spring oil damper	
Front fork travel	40 mm (3.57 in)	
Spring		
Free length	156.5 mm (6.16 in)	153.4 mm
× *		(6.04 in)
Spring rate (K1) Spring stroke (K1) Spring rate (K2) Spring stroke (K2)	12.8 N/mm (1.28 kgf/mm, 73.09 lb/in)	
Spring stroke (K1)	0 ~ 20 mm (0 ~ 0.79 in)	
Spring rate (K2)	30.4 N/mm (3.04 kgf/mm, 173.58 lb/in)	
	20 ~ 30 mm (0.79 ~ 1.18 in)	
Spring rate (K3)	67.6 N/mm (6.76 kgf/mm, 386 lb/in)	
Spring stroke (K3)	30 ~ 40 mm (1.18 ~ 1.57 in)	
Optional spring available	No	
Steering		
Steering bearing type	Ball and race bearing	

CHASSIS SPECIFICATIONS



Item	Standard	Limit
Rear suspension		
Suspension type	Unit swing	
Rear shock absorber assembly type	Coil spring/oil damper	
Rear shock absorber assembly travel	45 mm (1.77 in)	
Spring		
Free length	173.5 mm (6.83 in)	170.0 mm
		(6.69 in)
Installed length	166.5 mm (6.56 in)	
Spring rate (K1)	34.5 N/mm (3.45 kgf/mm, 197 lb/in)	
Spring stroke (K1)	0 ~ 45 mm (0 ~ 1.77 in)	
Optional spring available	No	

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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard	Limit
System voltage	12 V	
Ignition system		
Ignition system type	DC.CDI	
Ignition timing	14° BTDC at 5,000 r/min	
Advancer type	Fixed	
Pickup coil resistance/color	248 ~ 372 Ω/W/L–W/R	
CDI unit model (manufacturer)	5BM (YAMAHA)	
Ignition coil		
Model (manufacturer)	2JN (YAMAHA)	
Minimum ignition spark gap	6 mm (0.24 in)	
Primary coil resistance	0.18 ~ 0.28 Ω	
Secondary coil resistance	6.32 ~ 9.48 kΩ	
Spark plug cap	6.32 ~ 9.48 kΩ Resin 5 kΩ AC magneto F5BM (YAMAHA)	
Material	Resin	
Resistance	5 kΩ	
Charging system		
System type	AC magneto	
Model (manufacturer)	F5BM (YAMAHA)	
Standard output	14 V/120 W at 5,000 r/min	
Stator coil resistance (W-B)	0.29 ~ 0.43 😥	
Voltage regulator	N.	
Regulator type	Semiconductor, short circuit	
Model (manufacturer)	SH671-12 (SHINDENGEN)	
No-load regulated voltage (DC)	140~15.0 V	
No-load regulated voltage (AC)	12.3 ~ 13.3 V	
Rectifier Capacity (DC) Rectifier capacity (AC)		
Model (manufacturer)	SH671-12 (SHINDENGEN)	
Rectifier capacity (DC)	8 A	
	12 A	
Withstand voltage	200 V	
Battery		
Battery type 💙	GT4B-5	
Battery voltage/capacity	12 V/2.5 AH	
Specific gravity	1.350	
Headlight type	Halogen bulb	
Indicator light type × quantity	Bulb type × 3	
Bulbs (voltage/wattage × quantity)		
Headlight	12 V 35 W/35 W × 1	
Tail/brake light	12 V 27 W/8 W × 1	
Front turn signal light	12 V 10 W × 2	
Rear turn signal light	12 V 10 W × 2	
Meter light	12 V 1.7 W × 1	
Fuel level indicator light	14 V 1.4 W × 1	
High beam indicator light	12 V 1.7 W × 1	
Oil level indicator light	12 V 1.7 W × 1	
Turn indicator light	14 V 3 W × 1	

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS



ltem	Standard	Limit
Electric starting system		
System type	Constant mesh	
Starter motor		
Model (manufacturer)	5BM (YAMAHA)	
Power output	0.14 kW	
Brush		
Overall length	6.1 mm (0.24 in)	0.9 mm
		(0.04 in)
Spring force	2.32 ~ 3.48 N	
	(236.5 ~ 355.0 gf, 8.35 ~ 12.53 oz)	
Armature coil resistance	0.065 ~ 0.079 Ω	
Commutator diameter	15.8 mm (0.62 in)	14.8 mm
		(0.58 in)
Mica undercut	1.15 mm (0.05 in)	
Starter relay		
Model (manufacturer)	G8MS-1A48T-L3-Y28 (OMRON)	
Amperage	20 A	
Coil resistance	54 ~ 66 Ω	
Horn		
Horn type	Plane	
Model (manufacturer) $ imes$ quantity	GF-12 (NIKKO) 🗙 1	
Max. amperage	1.5 A	
Performance	95 ~ 115 db (2 m)	
Coil resistance	4.3 ~ 4.8 Ω	
Turn signal relay	D.	
Relay type	Condenser	
Model (manufacturer)	FZ222SD (DENSO)	
Self-cancelling device built-in	No	
Turn signal blinking frequency	75 ~ 95 cycles/min.	
Wattage	10 W × 2 + 3.4 W	
Oil level gauge model (manufacturer)	53 L (ASTI)	
Fuel level gauge		
Model (manufacturer)	4JP (NIPPON SEIKI)	
Sender unit resistance (full)	4 ~ 10 Ω	
Sender unit resistance (empty)	90 ~ 100 Ω	
Fuses (amperage $ imes$ quantity)		
Main fuse	7.5 A × 1	



CONVERSION TABLE

All specification data in this manual are listed in SI and METRIC UNITS.

Use this table to convert METRIC unit data to IMPERIAL unit data.

Ex.

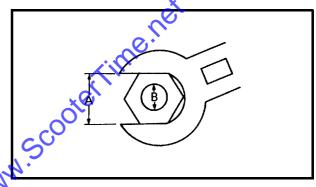
METRIC		MULTIPLIER	IMPERIAL	
** mm	×	0.03937	=	** in
2 mm	×	0.03937	=	0.08 in

CONVERSION TABLE

METRIC TO IMPERIAL				
	Metric unit	Multiplier	Imperial unit	
Tighten-	m∙kg	7.233	ft·lb	
ing torque	m∙kg	86.794	in∙lb	
	cm⋅kg	0.0723	ft·lb	
	cm⋅kg	0.8679	in∙lb	
Weight	kg	2.205	lb	
weight	g	0.03527	oz	
Speed	km/hr	0.6214	mph	
	km	0.6214	mi	
	m	3.281	ft	
Distance	m	1.094	yd	
	cm	0.3937	in 🗸	
	mm	0.03937	in 🔨	
	cc (cm ³)	0.03527	oz (IM <mark>P liq.</mark>)	
Volume/	cc (cm ³)	0.06102	cu-in	
Capacity	It (liter)	0.8799	qt (IMP liq.)	
	It (liter)	0.2199	gal (IMP liq.)	
	kg/mm	55.997	lb/in	
Misc.	kg/cm ²	14.2234	psi (lb/in ²)	
10100.	Centigrade	9/5+32	Fahrenheit (°F)	
	(°C)	\mathbf{v}		

GENERAL TIGHTENING TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies tightening torques for standard fasteners with a standard ISO thread pitch. Tightening torque specifications for special components or assemblies are provided for each chapter of this manual. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross pattern and progressive stages until the specified tightening torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, tightening torque specifications require clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.



A: Width across flats B: Thread diameter

A (nut)	B (bolt)	General tightening torques			
(nut)	(DOIL)	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb	
10 mm	6 mm	6	0.6	4.3	
12 mm	8 mm	15	1.5	11	
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22	
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40	
19 mm	14 mm	85	8.5	61	
22 mm	16 mm	130	13.0	94	



TIGHTENING TORQUES ENGINE TIGHTENING TORQUES

Part to be tightened	Part name	Thread	Q'ty	Tightening torque			Remarks
Fait to be lightened	Fait name	size	Qiy	Nm	m∙kgf	ft∙lb	IVEIIIaIK5
Spark plug		M14	1	20	2.0	14	
Cylinder head	Nut	M7	4	14	1.4	10	
Cylinder head	Stud bolt	M7	4	10	1.0	7	
Air shroud	Screw	M6	2	7	0.7	5.1	
Air shroud	Screw	M6	1	2	0.2	1.4	
Fan	Screw	M6	3	7	0.7	5.1	
Autolube pump	Bolt	M5	1	6	0.6	4.3	
Air filter	Screw	M6	2	9	0.9	6.5	
Exhaust pipe	Bolt	M6	2	13	13	9.4	
Muffler	Bolt	M8	2	28	2.8	20	
Muffler protector	Screw	M2	2	Ø	0.9	6.5	
Right crankcase	Screw	M6	6	9	0.9	6.5	
Bearing retainer (right crankcase)	Screw	M6	1	7	0.7	5.1	
Transmission cover	Screw	M6 👗	5	9	0.9	6.5	
Sheave cover	Screw	MO	10	9	0.9	6.5	
Air filter case	Screw	C1 /16	2	9	0.9	6.5	
Starter motor ground lead	Screw 🚬	∖ • M6	1	7	0.7	5.1	
Transmission oil drain bolt	Bolt 🔥	M8	1	18	1.8	13	
Oil filler plug	11	M14	1	3	0.3	2.2	
Idle gear plate	Screw	M6	2	8	0.8	5.8	
Kickstarter crank	Bolt	M6	1	11	1.1	8.0	
Starter motor	Bolt	M6	2	13	1.3	9.4	
Clutch housing	Nut	M10	1	40	4.0	29	
Bearing retainer (transmission over)	Screw	M6	1	7	0.7	5.1	-0
Primary sheave	Nut	M10	1	30	3.0	22	-
Stator coil assembly	Screw	M6	2	8	0.8	5.8	
Generator rotor	Nut	M10	1	38	3.8	27	
Clutch carrier	Nut	M28	1	50	5.0	36	
Intake manifold	Bolt	M6	4	11	1.1	8.0	

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CHASSIS TIGHTENING TORQUES

Dort to be tightened	Thread aize	Tight	ening to	Remarks	
Part to be tightened	Thread size	Nm	m∙kgf	ft∙lb	Remarks
Engine mounting:					
Engine mounting bolt/nut	M12	84	8.4	61	
Rear shock absorber and engine	M8	15	1.5	11	
Engine bracket and frame	M10	46	4.6	33	
Tail reinforcement	M6	10	1.0	7.2	
Rear shock absorber and frame	M10	30	3.0	22	
Lower handlebar holder bracket	M10	43	4.3	37	
Upper race	M45 (BCI)	7	0.7	5.1	
Upper steering stem ring nut	M25 (BCI)	33	3.3	24	
Fork and relay arm assembly	M8	19	1.9	13	
Front shock absorber (upper)	M8	19	4.9	13	
Front shock absorber (lower)	M8	190	· 1.9	13	
Front turn signal light	M12	\cdot	0.7	5.1	
Fuel tank (upper)	M6 🔾	7	0.7	5.1	
Fuel tank (lower)	M6 🔨	10	1.0	7.2	
Fuel sender and fuel tank	MS	3	0.3	2.2	
Seat lock assembly	C M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Carrier (upper)	∖ . M6	10	1.0	7.2	
Carrier (lower)	M8	15	1.5	11	
Storage box	M6	8	0.8	5.8	
License plate bracket and rear turn signal bracket	M6	12	1.2	8.7	
Rear turn signal bracket and tail/brake light	M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Tail cover and rear turn signal bracket	M6	12	1.2	8.7	
Rear turn signal light Front fender and reflector Front wheel axle	M12	7	0.7	5.1	
Front fender and reflector	M5	3	0.3	2.2	
Front wheel axle	M10	48	4.8	35	
Front brake camshaft lever	M5	4	0.4	2.9	
Rear wheel axle nut	M14	105	10.5	75	
Rear brake camshaft lever	M6	7	0.7	5.1	
Rear brake pivot pin	M8	16	1.6	12	
Speedometer cable	M12	3	0.3	2.2	
Upper handlebar holder	M6	10	1.0	7.2	



LUBRICATION POINTS AND LUBRICANT TYPES ENGINE

Lubrication Point	Symbol
Oil seal lips	
O-rings	
Bearings	
Piston surface	
Piston pin	
Cylinder	
Transmission case (bearing)	¢
Right crankcase (bearing retainer)	× -•
Autolube pump	
Starter wheel gear	
Idle gear plate	ā
Secondary drive gear	0
Kickstarter pinion gear	
Drive axle	
Pump drive gear	
Main axle	
Main axle (bearing)	

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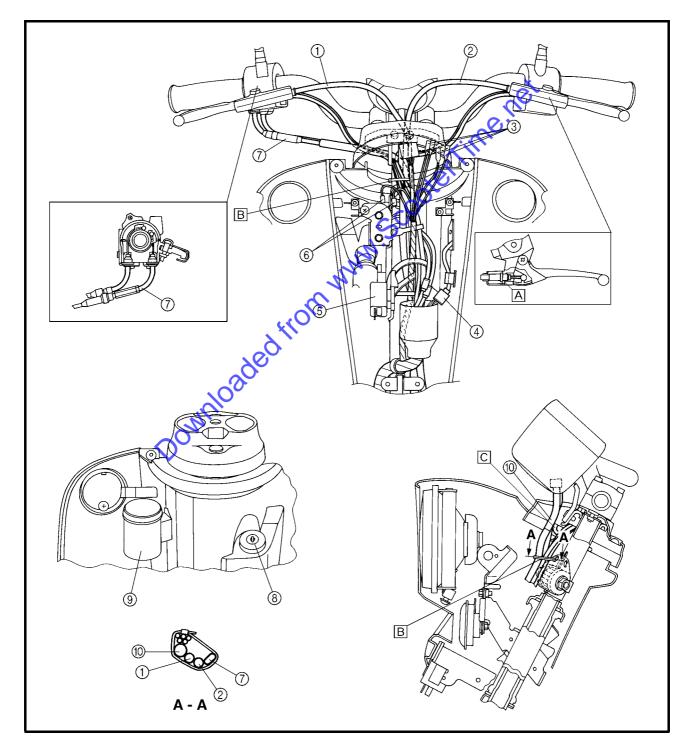
Lubrication Point	Symbol
Oil seal lips	
O-rings	
Bearings	
Speedometer drive gear	
Front brake camshaft	
Front brake cable	
Throttle cable	
Tube guide (throttle grip) inner surface	
Upper steering stem ring nut	
Upper bearing outer race	
Lower bearing outer race	
Rear brake camshaft	
Centerstand	

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- ① Front brake cable
- ② Rear brake cable
- ③ Front turn signal leads
- $\textcircled{\sc 4}$ Fuel level gauge coupler
- ⑤ Flasher relay
- 6 Horn lead
- ⑦ Throttle cable
- (8) Main switch
- 9 Fuel gauge
- 1 Speedometer cable

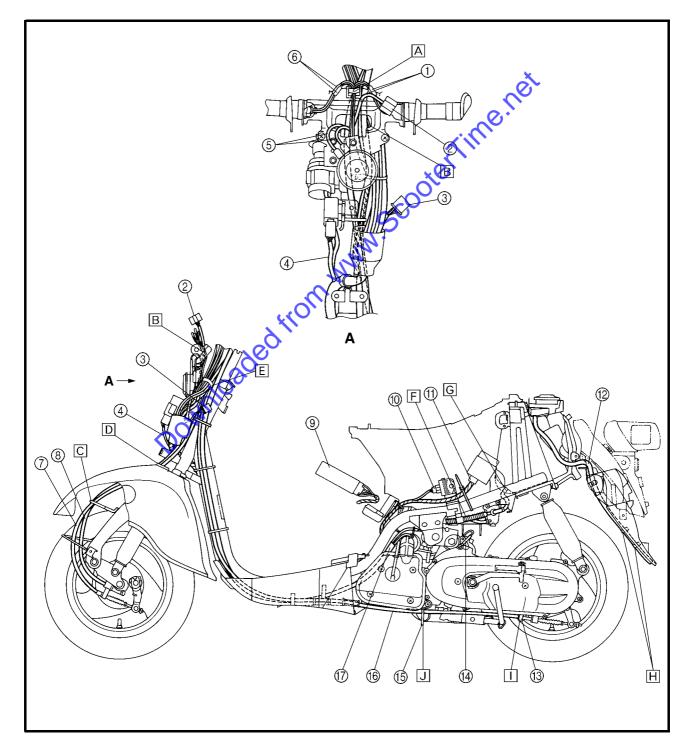
- A Push the brake cable flange in until it contacts the lever holder.
- B Fasten the handlebar switch leads, brake light switch leads, meter light lead, speedometer cable, brake cables and throttle cable with a plastic locking tie.
- C Pass the left handlebar switch lead, front brake light switch lead, and throttle cable over the cable guide.



- ① Front turn signal leads (left)
- ② Headlight coupler
- ③ Fuel level gauge coupler
- ④ Flasher relay lead
- 5 Horn lead
- ⑥ Front turn signal leads (right)
- ⑦ Front brake cable
- (8) Speedometer cable
- 9 Battery
- 1 Rectifier/regulator coupler
- (1) CDI unit lead coupler
- 12 Fuel overflow hose

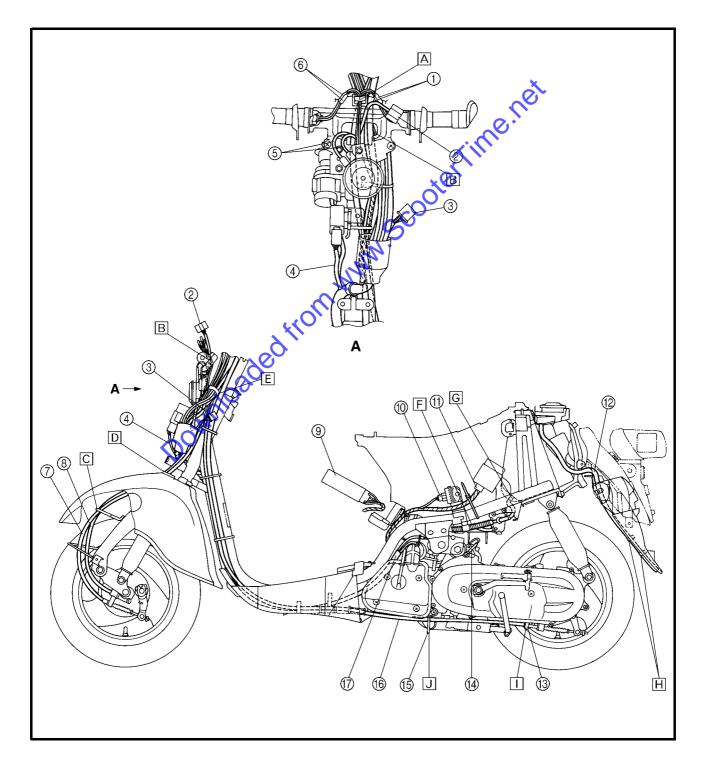


- (13) Crankcase breather hose
- ① Ground lead
- (5) Carburetor overflow hose
- (6) Rear brake cable
- Throttle cable
- A Fasten the turn signal light leads with the clamp.
- B Pass the front turn signal light leads, headlight coupler, and horn lead through the hole of the front turn signal light bracket.





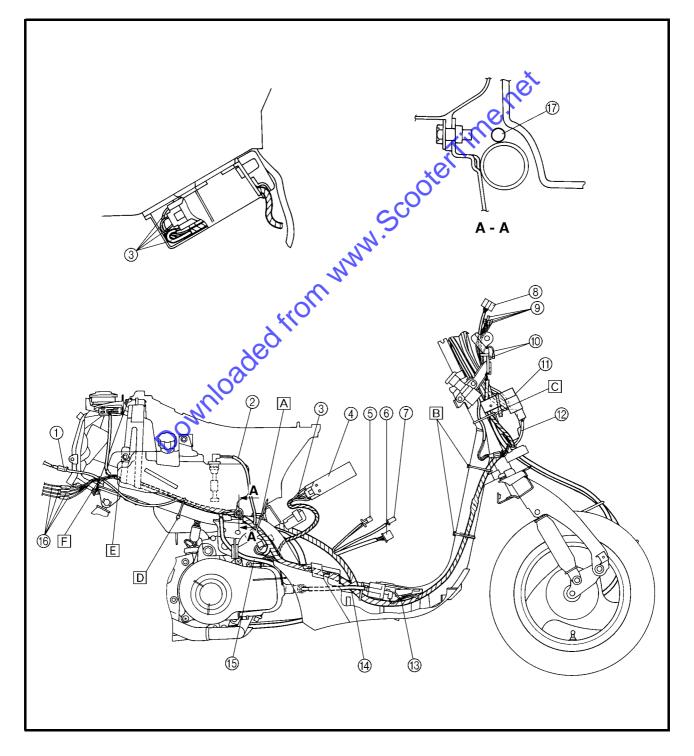
- C Pass the front brake cable and speedometer cable through the cable guide.
- D Pass the front brake cable and speedometer cable through the hole of the front fender.
- E Fasten the speedometer cable, front brake cable, handlebar switch leads and brake light switch leads with a plastic band.
- F Pass the vacuum hose and fuel hose through the holder. Be sure to pass the vacuum hose through the holder first.
- G Install the fuel tank so that the paint mark on the fuel hose is facing up.
- \square Pass the fuel overflow hose through the guide.
- □ Pass the crankcase breather hose between the crankcase and rear brake cable.
- J Pass the carburetor overflow hose on the outside of the rear brake cable.



- ① Tail/brake light coupler
- ② Oil level switch lead
- ③ Battery leads
- ④ Battery
- 5 Starter motor coupler
- 6 AC magneto coupler
- ⑦ Auto choke coupler
- ⑧ Headlight coupler
- (9) Front turn signal leads
- 1 Horn lead
- 1) Main switch lead

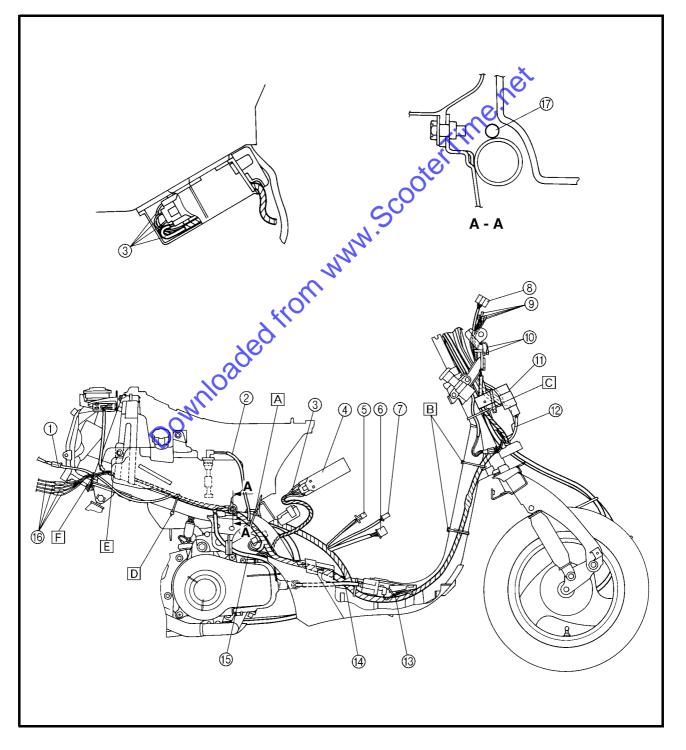


- 12 Flasher relay lead
- (13) Ignition coil lead
- (4) Spark plug lead
- 15 Oil hose
- (6) Rear turn signal leads
- 1 Wire harness





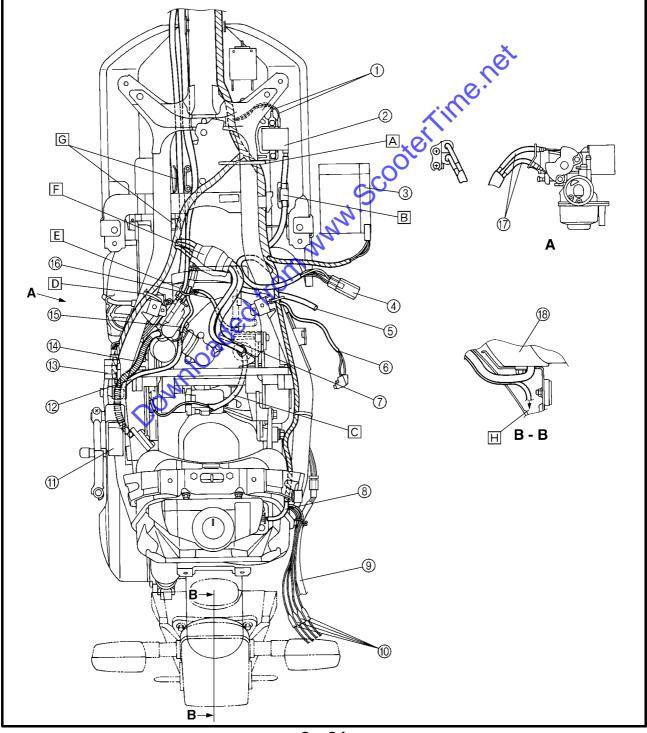
- A Fasten the wire harness with a plastic locking tie.
- B Fasten the wire harness, throttle cable and rear brake cable with plastic locking tie.
- C Fasten the main switch lead with a plastic locking tie.
- Fasten the wire harness with a plastic locking tie.
- E Pass the wire harness on the inside of the seat bracket.
- F Pass one end of a plastic clip through the hole of the fuel tank flange, and then fasten the tail/ brake light lead and rear turn signal light leads with the clip.



- ① Ignition coil lead
- ② Ignition coil
- ③ Battery
- ④ Starter relay
- 5 Oil hose
- 6 Oil level switch lead
- ⑦ AC magneto lead
- ⑧ Fuel sender lead
- (9) Tail/brake light lead
- 1 Rear turn signal leads

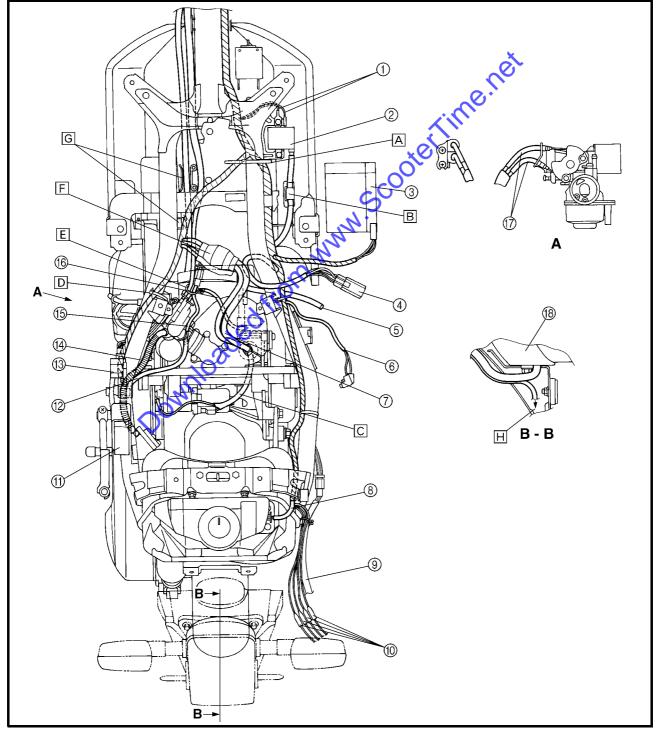


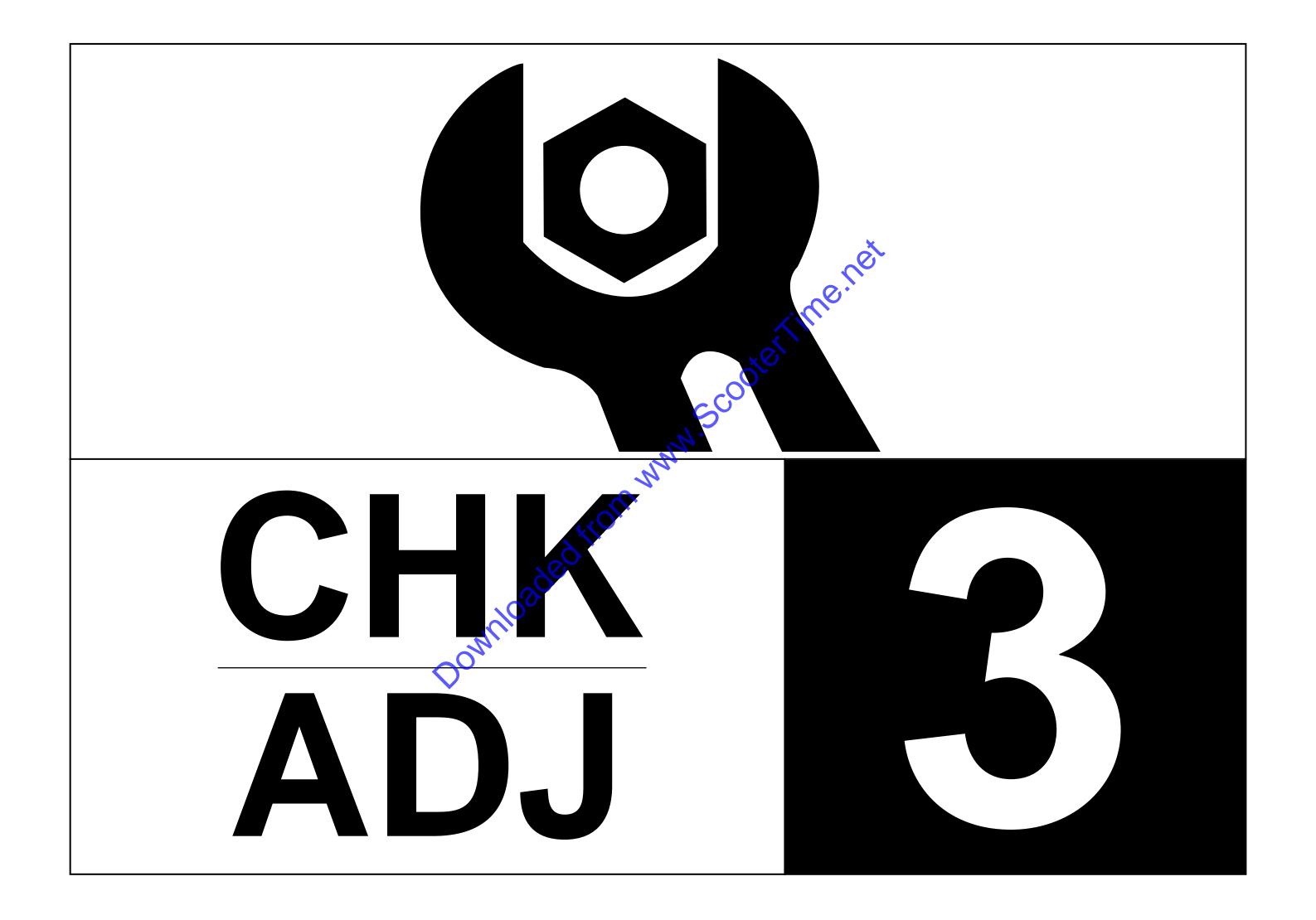
- 1 CDI unit
- 12 Vacuum hose
- 13 Rectifier/regulator
- (4) Fuel hose
- (15) Auto choke lead
- (i) Oil delivery hose(ii) Throttle cable
- 18 Tail/brake light





- A Fasten the wire harness at the white tape marker with a plastic locking tie.
- B Pass the spark plug lead through the bottom cowling guide.
- C Pass the starter motor lead under the engine bracket and engine mount spacer, and then through the hole of the cover.
- Fasten the wire harness with a plastic locking tie in front of the storage box bracket.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}}$ Fasten the auto choke lead with a plastic clip.
- F After connecting the AC magneto coupler and starter motor coupler, cover the couplers with the coupler cover.
- G Pass the rear brake cable through the bottom cowling guide.
- H To rear turn signal.







CHAPTER 3 PERIODIC CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

INTRODUCTION	3-1
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION INTERVALS	3-1
SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD	3-3
FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD	
ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED	3-7
ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY	3-8
BLEEDING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP	3-9
CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG	3-10
MEASURING THE COMPRESSION PRESSURE	3-11
CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL	3-13
REPLACING THE TRANSMISSION OIL	3-14
ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDEING OF EED ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY BLEEDING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG MEASURING THE COMPRESSION PRESSURE CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL REPLACING THE TRANSMISSION OIL CLEANING THE AIR FILTER ELEMENT	3-16
CHECKING THE CARBURETOR JOINT	3-17
CHECKING THE FUEL AND VACUUM HOSES	3-17
CHECKING THE CRANKCASE BREATHER HOSE	3-18
CHECKING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM	3-18
CHASSIS	
CHASSIS	3-19
ADJUSTING THE FRONT BRAKE	
ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE	
CHECKING THE BRAKE SHOES	
CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD	
CHECKING THE FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES	
CHECKING THE TRES	
CHECKING THE WHEELS	
CHECKING AND LUBRICATING THE CABLES	
LUBRICATING THE LEVERS	
LUBRICATING THE CENTERSTAND	3-26
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	
CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY	-
CHECKING THE FUSE	
REPLACING THE HEADLIGHT BULB.	
ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM	



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PERIODIC CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended checks and adjustments. If followed, these preventive maintenance procedures will ensure more reliable vehicle operation, a longer service life and reduce the need for costly overhaul work. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as to new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND LUBRICATION INTERVALS

				BREAK-IN	EVERY	
N	о.	ITEM	ROUTINE	500 km (300 mi)	3,000 km (2,000 mi) or 6 months	6,000 km (4,000 mi) or 12 months
1		Spark plug	Check condition.Clean or replace if necessary.	No.	V	
2		Air filter element	Clean.Replace if necessary.	ne.h	\checkmark	
3	*	Carburetor		\checkmark		
4	*	Fuel line	 Check fuel hose and vacuum hose for cracks or damage Replace if necessary. 		\checkmark	\checkmark
5	*	Final gear oil	 Check oil leakage. Correct if necessary. Replace every 12,000 km (8,000 mi) or 24 months. (Ride scooter a few minutes before draining.) 	REPLACE.	\checkmark	
6	*	Autolube pump	Check operation. Correct if necessary Bleed.			\checkmark
7		Brakes	Check operation. Adjust if necessary.		\checkmark	
8	*	Wheels	Check damage/runout.Replace if necessary.		\checkmark	
9	*	Wheel bearings	• Replace If damaged.		\checkmark	
10	*	Steering bearing	 Check bearing assembly for looseness. Correct if necessary. Moderately repack every 12,000 km (8,000 mi) or 24 months.** 	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
11	*	Rear shock absorber	ck Check operation/oil leakage. • Replace if necessary.		\checkmark	
12	*	V-belt	 Check damage and wear. Replace if necessary. Replace every 10,000 km (6,000 mi). 			\checkmark
13	*	Chassis fasteners	Check all chassis fittings and fasteners.Correct if necessary.		\checkmark	
14	*	Control and meter cable	Apply chain lube thoroughly.		\checkmark	
15	*	Centerstand	 Check operation. Repair if necessary. 		\checkmark	

* Since these items require special tools, data and technical skills, have a Yamaha dealer perform the service.

** Lithium soap base grease



NOTE: .

The air filter needs more frequent service if you are riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.

NOTE:

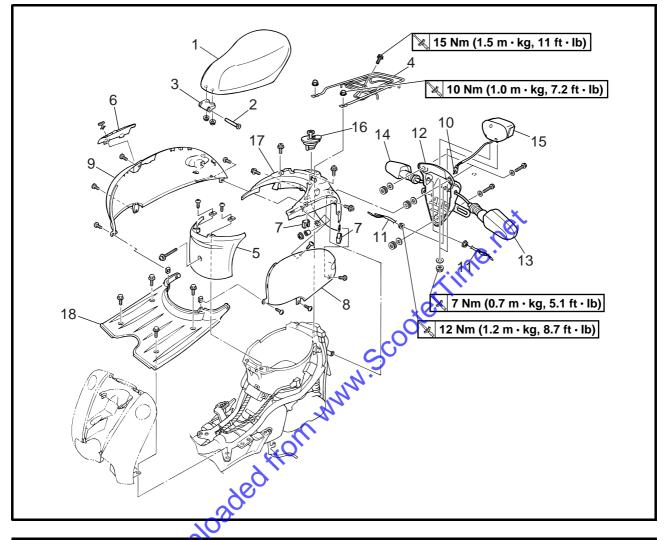
From 9,000 km (6,000 mi) or 18 months, repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 3,000 km (2,000 mi) or 6 months.

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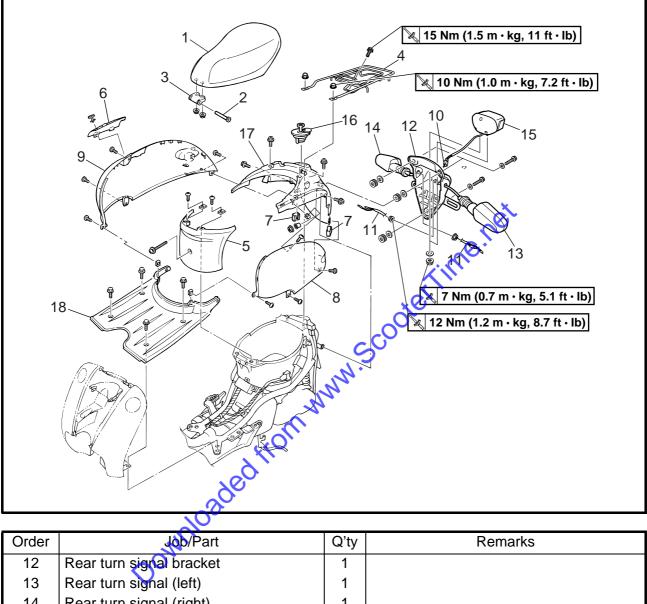


SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the side covers and foot- rest board		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	Seat	1	
2	Pin	1	
3	Seat bracket	1	
4	Carrier	1	
5	Center cover	1	
6	Oil tank cover	1	
7	Cowling bold cap	2	
8	Side cover (left)	1	
9	Side cover (right)	1	
10	Tail/brake light coupler	1	Disconnect.
11	Rear turn signal lead	4	Disconnect.

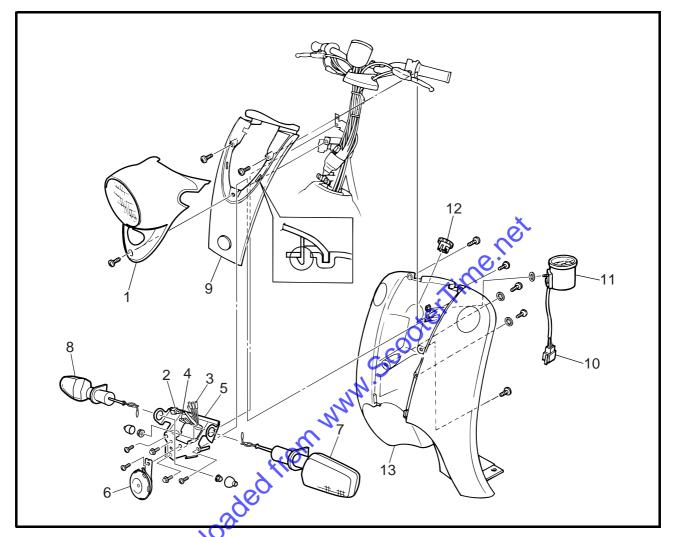




13	Rear turn signal (left)	1	
14	Rear turn signal (right)	1	
15	Tail/brake light	1	
16	Fuel tank cap	1	
17	Tail cover	1	
18	Footrest board	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.

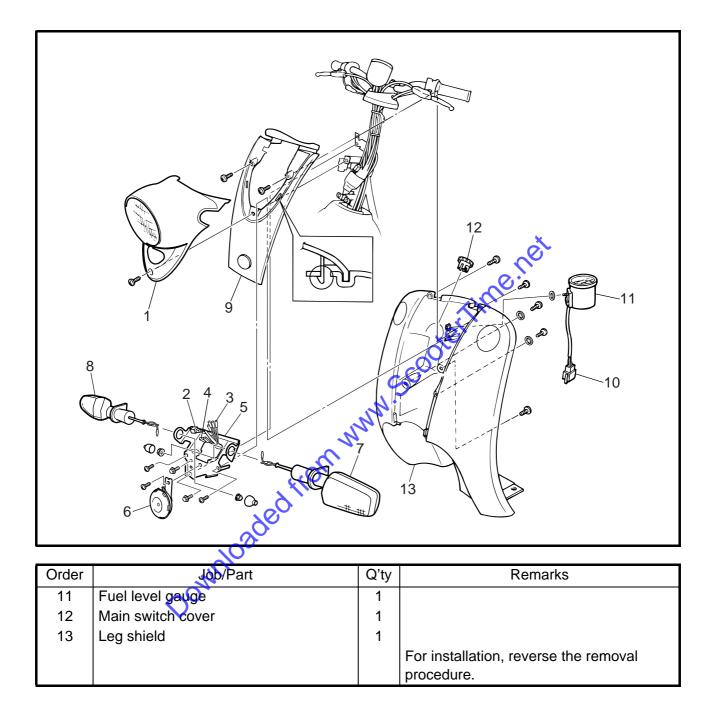


FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front panel and leg shield		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Footrest board		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT- REST BOARD".
1	Headlight cover	1	
2	Headlight coupler	1	Disconnect.
3	Front turn signal lead	4	Disconnect.
4	Horn lead	2	Disconnect.
5	Front turn signal bracket	1	
6	Horn	1	
7	Front turn signal (left)	1	
8	Front turn signal (right)	1	
9	Front panel	1	
10	Fuel level gauge coupler	1	Disconnect.









ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED

NOTE: .

Prior to adjusting the engine idling speed, the carburetor should be adjusted properly, the air filter element should be clean, and the engine should have adequate compression.

- 1. Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
- 2. Remove:
 - center cover Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- 3. Attach:
- inductive tachometer (1) (onto the spark plug lead of cylinder)
- In

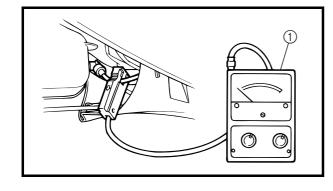
Inductive tachometer XU-8036-A

- 4. Measure:
- rengine idling speed
- Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

Engine idling speed 1,800 r/min

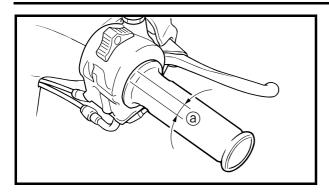
- . of s
 - engine idling speed
 - a. Turn the throttle stop screw ① in direction
 ③ or ⑤ until the specified engine idling speed is obtained.

Direction ⓐ	Engine idling speed is increased.
Direction (b)	Engine idling speed is decreased.

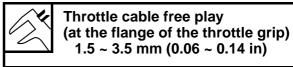


ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED/ ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY





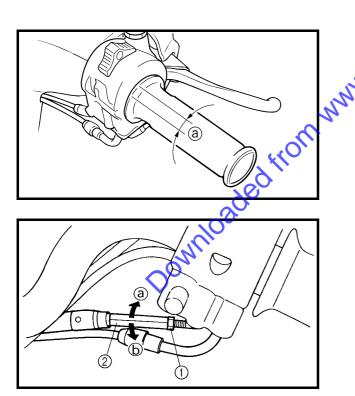
- 6. Adjust:
- throttle cable free play ⓐ Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY".



ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY

NOTE:

Prior to adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idling speed should be adjusted.



1. Check: •throttle cable free play (a)

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

Throttle cable free play (at the flange of the throttle grip) 1.5 ~ 3.5 mm (0.06 ~ 0.14 in)

2. Adjust:

• throttle cable free play

- a. Loosen the locknut 1.
- b. Turn the adjusting nut ② in direction ③ or
 ⑤ until the specified throttle cable free play is obtained.

Direction ⓐ	Throttle cable free play is increased.
Direction (b)	Throttle cable free play is decreased.

c. Tighten the locknut.

After adjusting the throttle cable free play, start the engine and turn the handlebar to the right and to the left to ensure that this does not cause the engine idling speed to change.



BLEEDING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP



BLEEDING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP

NOTE:

The Autolube pump and delivery lines must be bled on the following occasions.

- Setting up a new scooter out of the crate.
- Whenever the oil tank has run dry.
- · Whenever any portion of the engine oil system is disconnected.
- 1. Remove:
- center cover
- side cover (right)
- footrest board Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- air shroud Refer to "GENERATOR" in chapter 5.
- 2. Check:
 - oil level Refecto "CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL".

- 3. Fill: • oil tank (1)
 - oil tank filler cap 2

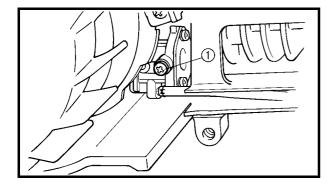
Recommended oil Yamalube 2-cycle oil or 2-stroke engine oil

- 4. Bleed:
- pump case and/or oil hose

• • • • • *** • • • • • a. Remove the bleed screw (1)

- b. Keep the oil running out until air bubbles disappear.
- c. When air bubbles are expelled completely, tighten the bleed screw.

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BLEEDING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP/ CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG



NOTE:

- · Check the bleed screw gasket, and if damaged, replace with a new one.
- Place a oil pan under the autolube pump to catch oil.

5. Install:

- air shroud Refer to "GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP" in chapter 5.
- footrest board
- side cover (right)
- center cover 0 Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD"

EAS00060 CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG

- 1. Disconnect:
- 📌 spark plug cap
- spark plug
- CAUTION:

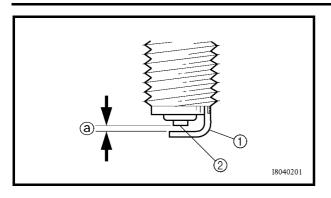
CAU-B-Before removing the spark plug, blow away any dirt accumulated in the spark plug well with compressed air to prevent it from falling into the cylinder.

- · spark plug type Incorrect \rightarrow Change.

Spark plug type (manufacturer) **BPR7HS (NGK)**

CHECKING THE SPARK PLUG/ **MEASURING THE COMPRESSION PRESSURE**





- 4. Check:
 - electrodes (1) Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace the spark plug.

 insulator (2) Abnormal color \rightarrow Replace the spark plug. Normal color is medium-to-light tan.

- 5. Clean:
- spark plug (with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush)
- 6. Measure:
- spark plug gap ⓐ (with a wire gauge) Out of specification \rightarrow Regap.

0

7. Install:

 spark plug 🔀 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Before installing the spark plug, clean the spark plug and gasket surface.

- 8. Connect:
 - spark plug cap

Downloaded from www EAS00067 **MEASURING THE COMPRESSION** PRESSURE

NOTE:

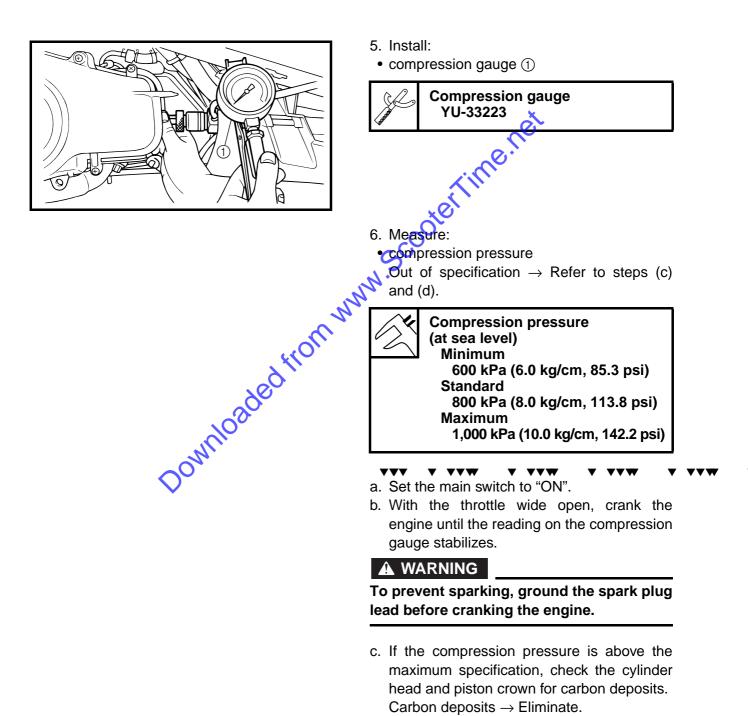
Insufficient compression pressure will result in a loss of performance.

- 1. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 2. Remove:
- center cover
- footrest board Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- 3. Disconnect:
- spark plug cap
- 4. Remove:
- spark plug



CAUTION

Before removing the spark plug, use compressed air to blow away any dirt accumulated in the spark plug well to prevent it from falling into the cylinder.

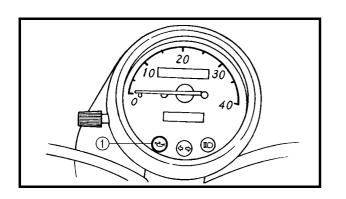




 d. If the compression pressure is below the minimum specification, squirt a few drops of oil into the cylinder and measure again.
 Refer to the following table.

	-	ion pressure I into the cylinder)	
	Reading	Diagnosis	
	Higher than with- out oil	Piston wear or damage \rightarrow Repair.	
	Same as without oil	Piston ring(s), cyl- inder head gasket or piston possibly defective → Repair.	
oomnloaded from w		0 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)	L
00mn102dec	EAS00072 CHECKING THE END 1. Stand the scooter of NOTE:	on a level surface.	

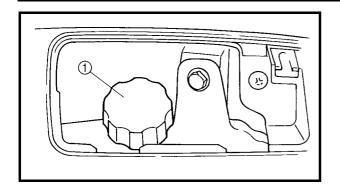
- Place the scooter on a suitable stand.
- Make sure the scooter is upright.



- 2. Check:
- oil level warning light ①
 Refer to "SIGNAL SYSTEM" in chapter 7.



CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL/ REPLACING THE TRANSMISSION OIL



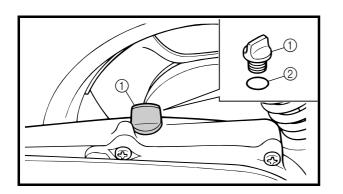
- 3. Remove:
- oil tank cover Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST-BOARD".
- oil tank cap ①
- 4. Fill:
- engine oil Make sure the engine oil is at the specified level. Fill with oil as necessary.

Recommended oil Yamalube 2-cycle oil or 2-stroke engine oil

REPLACING THE TRANSMISSION OIL

1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

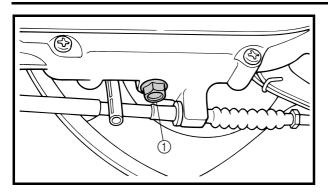
- NOTE: Place the scooter on a suitable stand.
- Make sure the scooter is upright.
- 2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- Downloaded from www. 3. Place a container under the transmission oil drain bolt.



- 4. Remove:
- oil filler plug ①
- O-ring (2)



REPLACING THE TRANSMISSION OIL



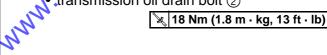
New

Downloaded

- 5. Remove:
 - transmission oil drain bolt (1)
- gasket

- 6. Drain:
- transmission oil (completely from the transmission case)
- 7. Check:
- O-ring Damage → Replace





- 9. Fill:
- crankcase (with the specified amount of the recommended transmission oil)



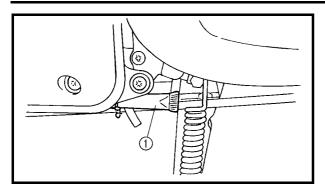
Recommended oil SAE 10W30SE Total amount 0.11 L (0.1 Imp qt, 0.12 US qt)

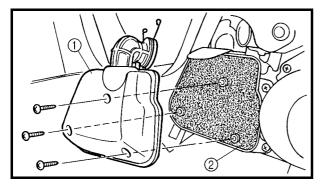
10.Install:

- O-ring
- oil filler plug









EAS00089 **CLEANING THE AIR FILTER ELEMENT** NOTE:

On the bottom of the air filter case is a check hose (1). If dust or water or both collects in this hose, clean the air filter element and air filter case.

- 1. Remove:
- · footrest board Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- 2. Remove:
- air filter case cover
- air filter element
- 3. Clean:
- air filter element (with solvent)

Never use low flash point solvents, such as gasoline, to clean the air filter element. Such solvents may cause a fire or an explosion.

NOTE: _

After cleaning, gently squeeze the air filter element to remove the excess solvent.

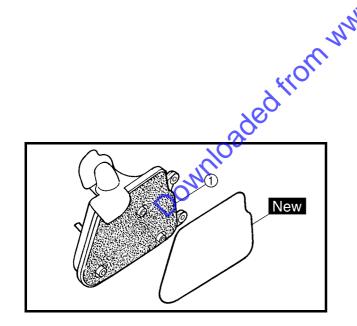
CAUTION:

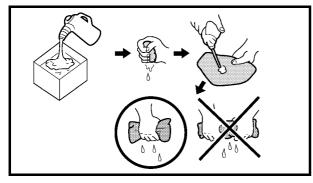
Do not twist the air filter element when squeezing it.

- 4. Check:
- air filter element (1) Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 5. Apply the recommended oil to the entire surface of the air filter element and squeeze out the excess oil. The air filter element should be wet but not dripping.



Foam air filter oil or Yamalube 2-cycle oil or 2-stroke engine oil







- 6. Install:
- air filter element
- air filter case cover

CAUTION:

Never operate the engine without the air filter element installed. Unfiltered air will cause rapid wear of engine parts and may damage the engine. Operating the engine without the air filter element will also affect the carburetor tuning, leading to poor engine performance and possible overheating.

7. Install:

 footrest board Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".

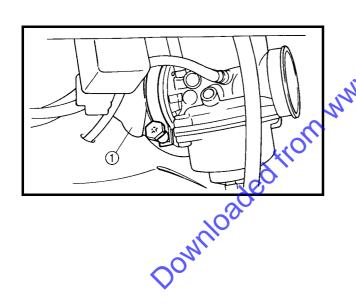
CHECKING THE CARBURETOR JOINT

- 1. Remove:
- *center cover
- footrest board Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- air filter case
- 2. Check:
- carburetor joint ① Cracks/damage → Replace. Refer to "CARBURETOR" in chapter 6.
- 3. Install:
 - air filter case
 - footrest board
- center cover
- Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".

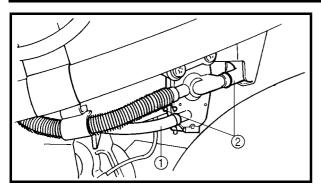
CHECKING THE FUEL AND VACUUM HOSES

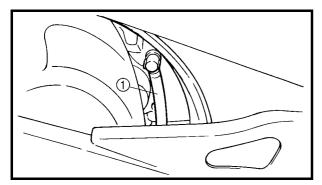
The following procedure applies to all of the fuel and vacuum hoses.

- 1. Remove:
- side cover (left)
- Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".



CHECKING THE FUEL AND VACUUM HOSES/ **CHECKING THE CRANKCASE BREATHER HOSE/** CHECKING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM





- 2. Check:
- vacuum hose ①
- fuel hoses (2) Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace. Loose connection \rightarrow Connect properly.
- 3. Install:
- side cover (left) Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".

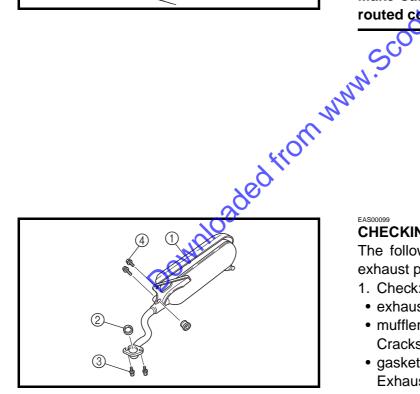
CHK

EAS00098 CHECKING THE CRANKCASE BREATHER HOSE

- 1. Check:
- crankcase breather hose (1) Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace. Loose connection \rightarrow Connect properly.

CAUTION:

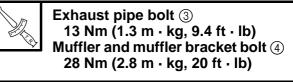
Make sure the crankcase breather hose is routed correctly.



CHECKING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM

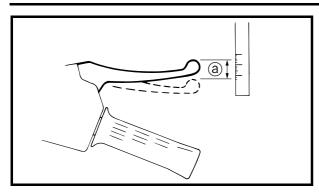
The following procedure applies to all of the exhaust pipes and gaskets.

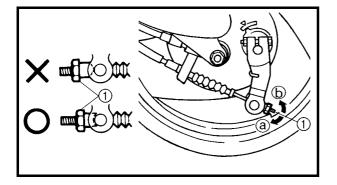
- 1. Check:
 - exhaust pipe
 - muffler ①
 - Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - gasket 2 Exhaust gas leaks \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
 - tightening torque











EAS00109 **CHASSIS**

ADJUSTING THE FRONT BRAKE

- 1. Check:
- brake lever free play (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



CAUTION:

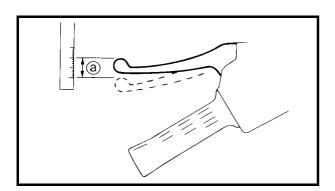
Brake lever free play (at the end of the brake lever) 10 ~ 20 mm (0.39 ~ 0.79 in)

- 2. Adjust:
- brake lever free play
- **V V V • • • •** a. Turn the adjusting nut (1) in direction (a) or b until the specified bake lever free play is obtained. \mathbf{C}

	Q.*
Direction @	Brake lever free play is increased.
Direction (b)	Brake lever free play is decreased.
20	

Downloaded from www After adjusting the brake lever free play, make sure there is no brake drag.

. . . .



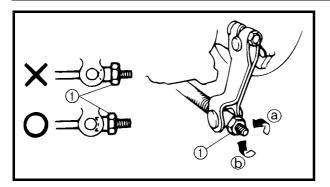
EAS00114 **ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE**

- 1. Check:
- brake lever free play (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.
 - Brake lever free play

10 ~ 20 mm (0.39 ~ 0.79 in)

ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE/ CHECKING THE BRAKE SHOES/ CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD





- 2. Adjust:
- brake lever free play

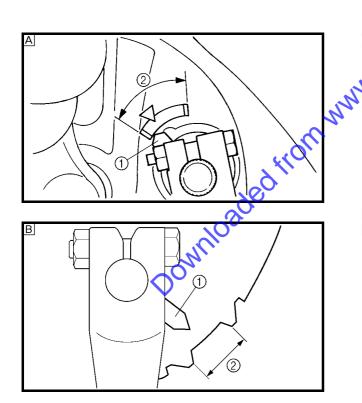
***** * *** * *** * *****

a. Turn the adjusting nut ① in direction ③ or
 ⑤ until the specified brake lever free play is obtained.

Direction ⓐ	Brake lever free play is increased.
Direction (b)	Brake lever free play is decreased.

CAUTIONE

After adjusting the brake lever free play, make sure there is no brake drag.



CHECKING THE BRAKE SHOES

- 1. Operate the brake.
- Check:
 - wear indicator (1)

Reaches the wear limit line $\textcircled{O} \rightarrow$ Replace the brake shoes as a set.

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND BRAKE" and "REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE" in chapter 4.

- A Front brake
- B Rear brake

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD

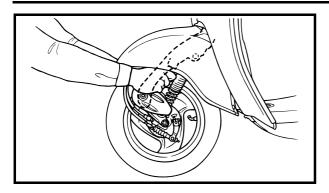
1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

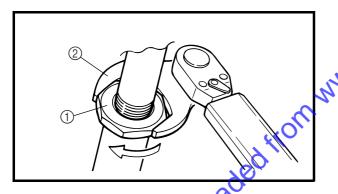
A WARNING

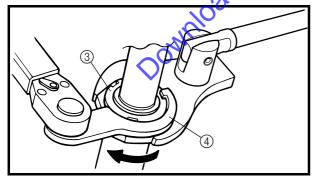
Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD









NOTE: _

Place the scooter on a suitable stand so that the front wheel is elevated.

- 2. Check:
- steering head Grasp the bottom of the front fork legs and gently rock the front fork.
 Binding/looseness → Adjust the steering head.
- 3. Remove:
- center cover
- footrest board Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- leg shield Refer to "FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD".
- 4. Adjust: 🔀
 - steering head
- a. Remove the upper steering stem ring nut. b. Loosen the upper race ① and then tighten it to specification with the steering nut wrench (45 mm) ②.

Steering nut wrench (45 mm) YU-01444

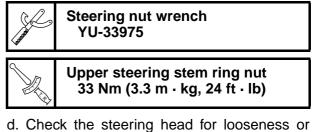
NOTE: .

Set the torque wrench at a right angle to the steering stem ring nut wrench.



Upper race 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

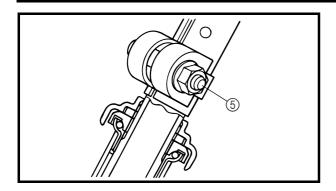
c. Hold the upper race with a steering nut wrench (45 mm) and tighten the upper steering stem ring nut ③ with a steering nut wrench ④.



d. Check the steering head for looseness or binding by turning the front fork all the way in both directions.

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE STEERING HEAD/ **CHECKING THE FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES/ CHECKING THE TIRES**





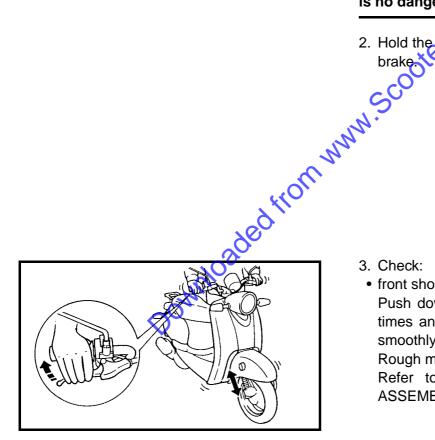
- 5. Install:
- Steering shaft bolt (5) 🔌 42 Nm (4.2 m · kg, 30 ft · lb)
- 6. Install:
 - leg shield
 - Refer to "FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD".
 - footrest board
 - center cover Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".

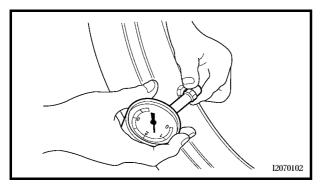
EAS00151 **CHECKING THE FRONT SHOCK** ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES

1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

2. Hold the scooter upright and apply the front





- front shock absorber operation

Push down hard on the handlebar several times and check if the front fork rebounds smoothly.

Rough movement \rightarrow Repair.

Refer to "FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES" in chapter 4.

EAS00163 **CHECKING THE TIRES**

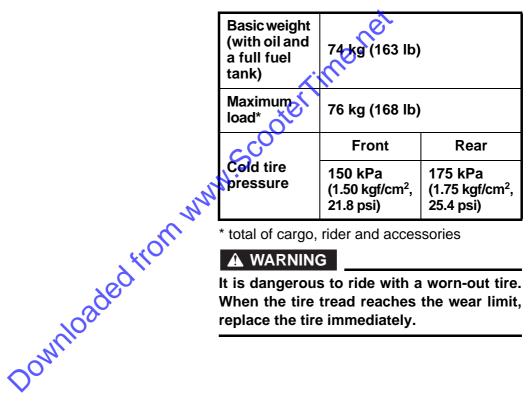
The following procedure applies to both of the tires.

- 1. Measure:
- tire pressure Out of specification \rightarrow Regulate.



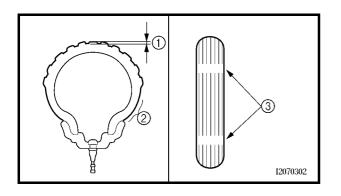
- The tire pressure should only be checked and regulated when the tire temperature equals the ambient air temperature.
- The tire pressure and the suspension must be adjusted according to the total weight (including cargo, rider and accessories) and the anticipated riding speed.
- Operation of an overloaded scooter could cause tire damage, an accident or an injury.

NEVER OVERLOAD THE SCOOTER.



* total of cargo, rider and accessories

It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When the tire tread reaches the wear limit, replace the tire immediately.



- 2. Check:
 - tire surfaces Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace the tire.



Minimum tire tread depth 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

(1) Tire tread depth

- 2 Side wall
- ③ Wear indicator



CHECKING THE TIRES

A WARNING

- Do not use a tubeless tire on a wheel designed only for tube tires to avoid tire failure and personal injury from sudden deflation.
- When using tube tires, be sure to install the correct tube.
- Always replace a new tube tire and a new tube as a set.
- To avoid pinching the tube, make sure the wheel rim band and tube are centered in the wheel groove.
- · Patching a punctured tube is not recommended. If it is absolutely necessary to do so, use great care and replace the tube as soon as possible with a good quality replacement.

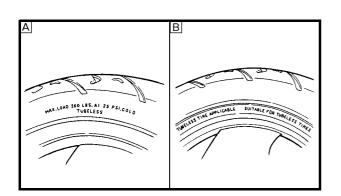
A Tire B Wheel

Tube wheel	Tube tire only
Tubeless wheel	Tube or tubeless tire

Downloaded from www. After extensive tests, the tires listed below have been approved by Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. for this model. The front and rear tires should always be by the same manufacturer and of the same design. No guarantee concerning handling characteristics can be given if a tire combination other than one approved by Yamaha is used on this scooter.

Front tire

Manufacturer	Model	Size
INOUE	MB38	80/90-10 (34J)
CHENG SHIN	C-922	80/90-10 (34J)





CHECKING THE TIRES/CHECKING THE WHEELS

Rear tire

Manufacturer	Model	Size
INOUE	MB38	80/90-10 (34J)
CHENG SHIN	C-922	80/90-10 (34J)

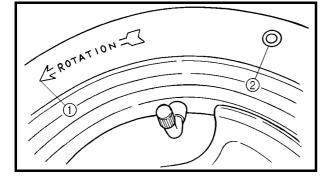
New tires have a relatively low grip on the road surface until they have been slightly worn. Therefore, approximately 100 km should be traveled at normal speed before any high-speed riding is done.

0



For tires with a direction of rotation mark ①:

- Install the tire with the mark pointing in the direction of wheel rotation.
- Align the mark ② with the valve installation poin



CHECKING THE WHEELS

Downloaded from www. The following procedure applies to both of the wheels.

- 1. Check:
- wheel
 - Damage/out-of-round \rightarrow Replace.

Never attempt to make any repairs to the wheel.

NOTE:

After a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced, always balance the wheel.



EAS00170 CHECKING AND LUBRICATING THE CABLES

The following procedure applies to all of the cable sheaths and cables.

A WARNING

Damaged cable sheaths may cause the cable to corrode and interfere with its movement. Replace damaged cable sheaths and cables as soon as possible.

- 1. Check:
- · cable sheath Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
 - cable operation Rough movement \rightarrow Lubricate.

Recommended lubricant Engine oil or a suitable cable lubricant

NOTE:

Hold the cable end upright and pour a few drops of lubricant into the cable sheath or use a suitable lubricating device.

EAS00171 LUBRICATING THE LEVERS

Lubricate the pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts of the levers.

Downloaded from www

Recommended lubricant Lithium soap base grease

EAS00173 LUBRICATING THE CENTERSTAND

Lubricate the pivoting point and metal-to-metal moving parts of the centerstand.

Recommended lubricant Lithium soap base grease



EAS00179 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM **CHECKING AND CHARGING THE** BATTERY

Batteries generate explosive hydrogen gas and contain electrolyte which is made of poisonous and highly caustic sulfuric acid. Therefore, always follow these preventive measures:

- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.
- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks or open flames (e.g., Welding equipment, lighted cigarettes).
- DO NOT SMOKE when charging or han-

- AND ELECTROLYT AND ELECTROLYT And OF CHILDREN. Joodily contact with electrolyte as in an cause severe burns or permanent eye injury. FIRST AID IN CASE OF BODILY CONTACT: EXTERNAL Skin Wash with water. Eyes Flush with water for " and get immediate mert" INTERNAL Drink lar" In"

CAUTION:

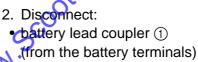
Charging time, charging amperage and charging voltage for an MF battery are different from those of conventional batteries. The MF battery should be charged as explained in the charging method illustrations. If the battery is overcharged, the electrolyte level will drop considerably. Therefore, take special care when charging the battery.



NOTE: .

Since MF batteries are sealed, it is not possible to check the charge state of the battery by measuring the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Therefore, the charge of the battery has to be checked by measuring the voltage at the battery terminals.

- 1. Remove:
 - center cover Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
- battery box Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" in chapter 5.



NOTE:

Push down on the tab (a), and then remove the battery lead coupler.

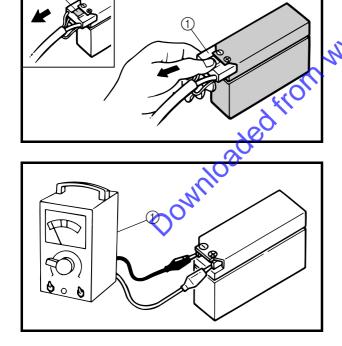
- 3. Remove:
- battery
- 4. Measure:
 - battery charge

a. Connect a battery tester ① to the battery terminals.

Tester positive probe \rightarrow battery positive terminal Tester negative probe \rightarrow battery negative terminal

NOTE: .

- The charge state of an MF battery can be checked by measuring its open-circuit voltage (i.e., the voltage when the positive terminal is disconnected).
- No charging is necessary when the open-circuit voltage equals or exceeds 12.8 V.





CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY

b. Check the charge of the battery, as shown in the charts and the following example.

Example

- c. Open-circuit voltage = 12.0 V
- d. Charging time = 6.5 hours
- e. Charge of the battery = $20 \sim 30\%$

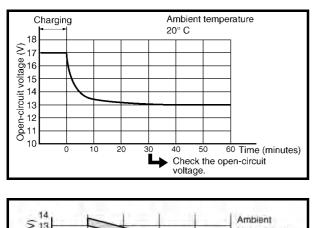


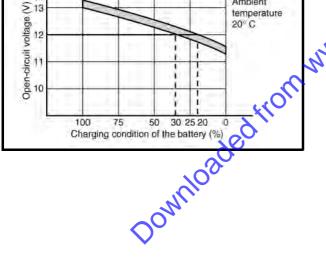
- 5. Charge:
- battery (refer to the appropriate charging method illustration)

A WARNING



- CAUTION;
- Never remove the MF battery sealing caps
- Do not use a high-rate battery charger since it forces a high-amperage current into the battery quickly and can cause battery overheating and battery plate damage.
- If it is impossible to regulate the charging current on the battery charger, be careful not to overcharge the battery.
- When charging a battery, be sure to remove it from the scooter. (If charging has to be done with the battery mounted on the scooter, disconnect the negative battery lead from the battery terminal.)
- To reduce the chance of sparks, do not plug in the battery charger until the battery charger leads are connected to the battery.
- Before removing the battery charger lead clips from the battery terminals, be sure to turn off the battery charger.
- Make sure the battery charger lead clips are in full contact with the battery terminal and that they are not shorted. A corroded battery charger lead clip may generate heat in the contact area and a weak clip spring may cause sparks.





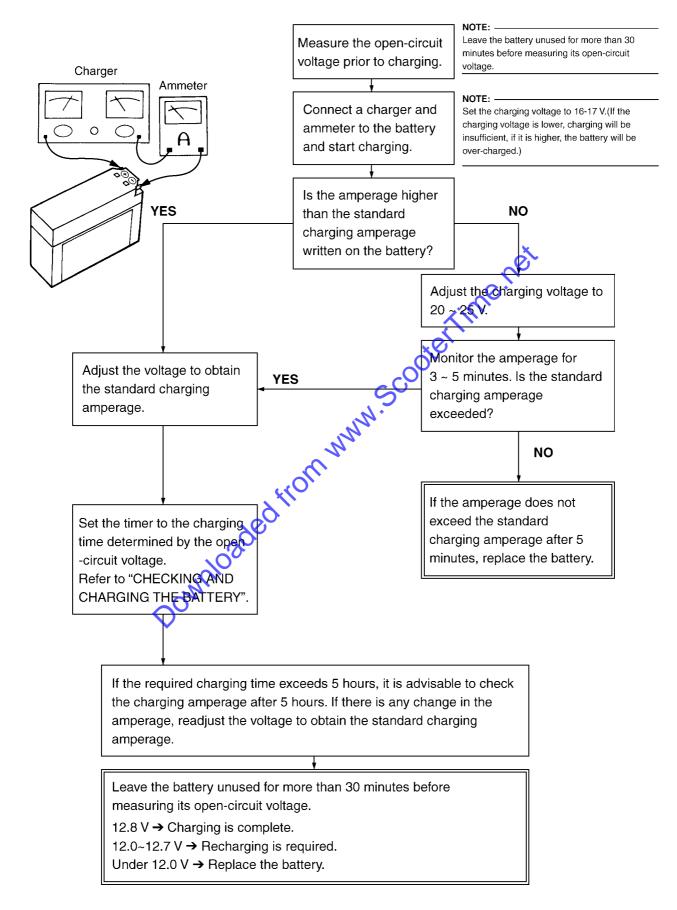


- If the battery becomes hot to the touch at any time during the charging process, disconnect the battery charger and let the battery cool before reconnecting it. Hot batteries can explode!
- As shown in the following illustration, the open-circuit voltage of an MF battery stabilizes about 30 minutes after charging has been completed. Therefore, wait 30 minutes after charging is completed before measuring the open-circuit voltage.

Downloaded from www.scoolertime.net



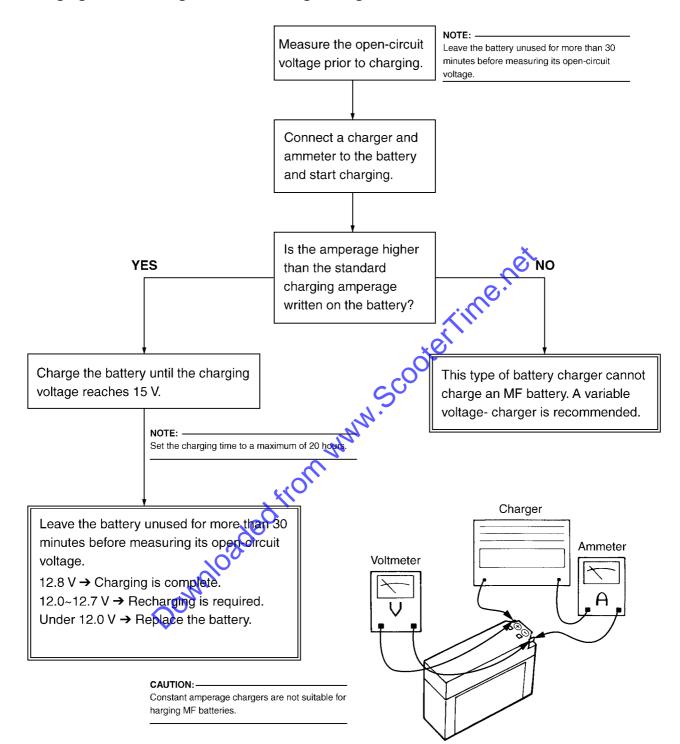
Charging method using a variable voltage charger







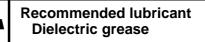
Charging method using a constant voltage charger





CHECKING AND CHARGING THE BATTERY

- 6. Install:
- battery
- 7. Connect:
- battery lead coupler (to the battery terminals)
- 8. Check:
- battery terminals Dirt \rightarrow Clean with a wire brush. Loose connection \rightarrow Connect properly.
- 9. Lubricate:
- battery terminal



10.Install:

 battery box Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" in chapter 5.

J J J J J J Serier (Refer to BOARD: BOARD: BOARD: BOARD: Downloaded from why series and a series of the series of t center cover Refer to SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST



CHECKING THE FUSE

CAUTIONS

To avoid a short circuit, always set the main switch to "OFF" when checking or replacing a fuse.

- 1. Remove:
- center cover Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".
 battery
 - Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" in chapter 5.
- 2. Check:
- continuity
- Connect the power too
- a. Connect the pocket tester to the fuse and check the continuity.

NOTE: Set the pocket tester selector to " $\Omega \times 1$ ".

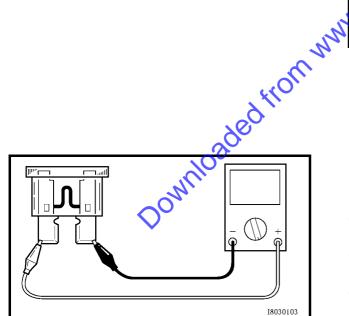
Pocket tester YU-03112

- b. If the pocket tester indicates " ∞ ", replace the fuse.
- 3. Replace:blown fuse
 - ··· · ··· ·

a. Set the main switch to "OFF".

- a. Set the main switch to OT :
- b. Install a new fuse of the correct amperage.
- c. Set on the switches to verify if the electrical circuit is operational.
- d. If the fuse immediately blows again, check the electrical circuit.

Items	Amperage rating	Q'ty
Main fuse	7.5 A	1





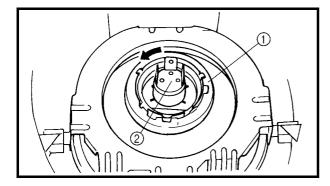
A WARNING

Never use a fuse with an amperage rating other than that specified. Improvising or using a fuse with the wrong amperage rating may cause extensive damage to the electrical system, cause the lighting and ignition systems to malfunction and could possibly cause a fire.

- 4. Install:
- battery
 - Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" in chapter 4.
- center cover Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOTREST BOARD".

REPLACING THE HEADLIGHT BULB

- 1. Remove:
- 🔥 Headlight cover
 - Refer to "FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD".
- Action we have a second of the second of the



- 2. Disconnect:
- headlight coupler ①
- 3. Remove:
- headlight bulb holder cover ②

- 4. Detach:
- headlight bulb holder ①
- 5. Remove:
 - headlight bulb ②

A WARNING

Since the headlight bulb gets extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb until it has cooled down.

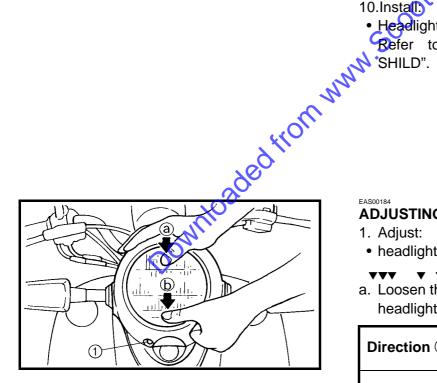


- 6. Install:
- headlight bulb New Secure the new headlight bulb with the headlight bulb holder.

CAUTION

Avoid touching the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb and the luminous flux will be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

- 7. Attach:
- headlight bulb holde
- 8. Install:
- headlight bulb holder cover
- 9. Connect:
 - headlight coupler
- 10.Install:
 - Headlight cover
 - Refer to "FRONT PANEL AND LEG



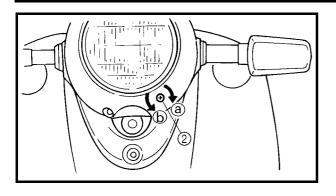
ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM

- 1. Adjust:
- headlight beam (vertically)
- a. Loosen the adjusting screw (1) and push the headlight lens unit in direction (a) or (b).

Direction ⓐ	Headlight beam is raised.
Direction (b)	Headlight beam is low- ered.



ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM



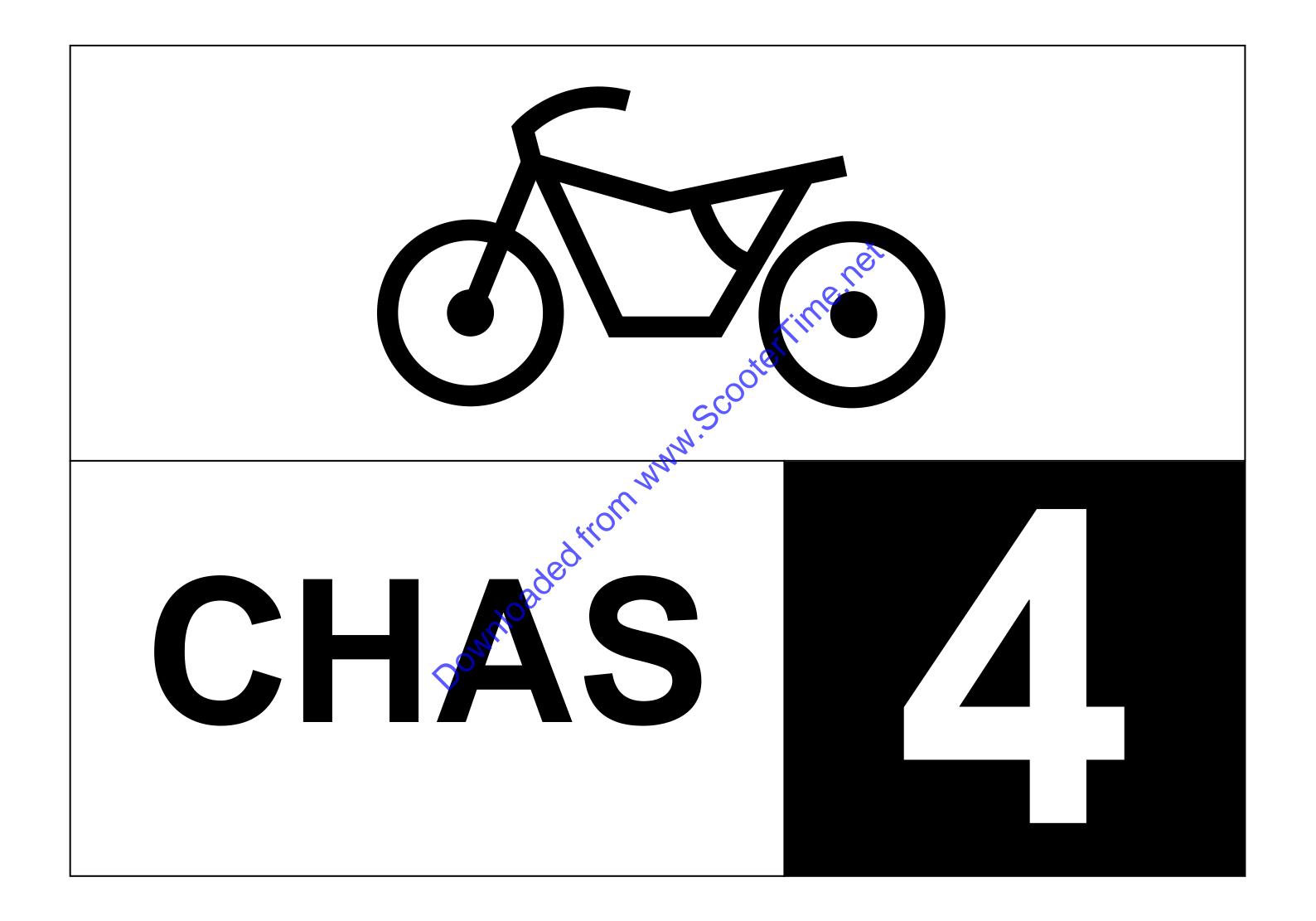
- 2. Adjust:
- headlight beam (horizontally)

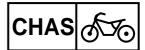
a. Turn the adjusting knob ② in direction ③ or ⑤.

Direction ⓐ	Headlight beam moves to the right.
Direction (b)	Headlight beam moves to the left.

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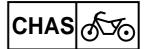
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CHAPTER 4 CHASSIS

FRONT WHEEL AND BRAKE	4-1
CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL	4-5
CHECKING THE SPEEDOMETER GEAR UNIT	4-6
CHECKING THE BRAKE	4-7
ASSEMBLING THE BRAKE SHOE PLATE	4-8
INSTALLING THE FRONT WHEEL	
	-
REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE	.10
	10
	.12
INSTALLING THE BRAKE SHOE PLATE	.13
INSTALLING THE BRAKE SHOES 4-	.14
INSTALLING THE REAR WHEEL	.14
CHECKING THE REAR WHEEL	
FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES	·15
CHECKING THE FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES	·16
INSTALLING THE RELAY ARM4-	·16
\mathcal{S}^{O}	
HANDLEBAR	·17
REMOVING THE HANDLEBAR	·19
CHECKING THE HANDLEBAR	·19
INSTALLING THE HANDLEBAR	·20
×1 ^{O1}	
STEERING HEAD	-22
REMOVING THE FORK	-24
CHECKING THE STEERING HEAD4-	-24
INSTALLING THE STEERING HEAD4-	
N	
REAR SHOCKABSORBER ASSEMBLY	-26
REMOVING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY	
CHECKING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY4-	·27
INSTALLING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY4-	·27



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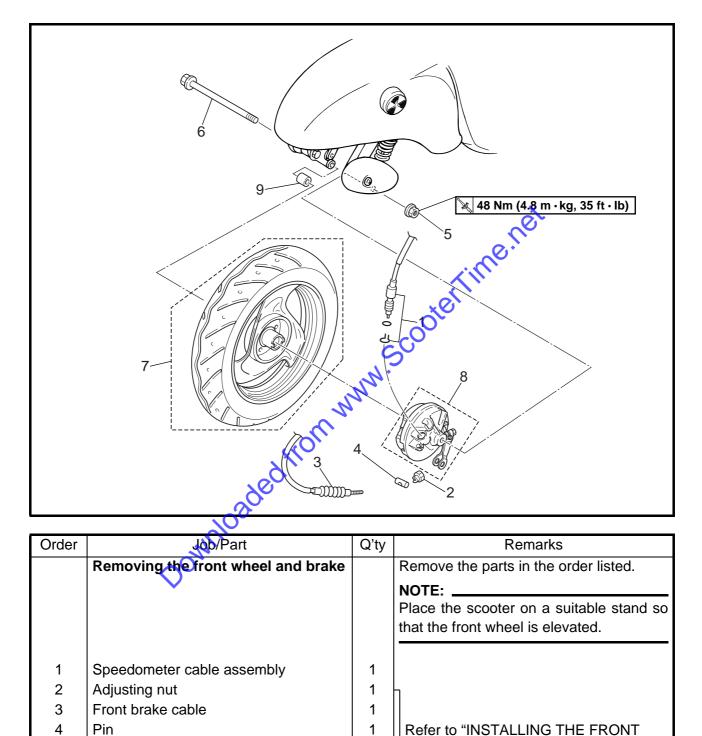
Axle nut

Wheel axle

Front wheel assembly

CHASSIS

FRONT WHEEL AND BRAKE



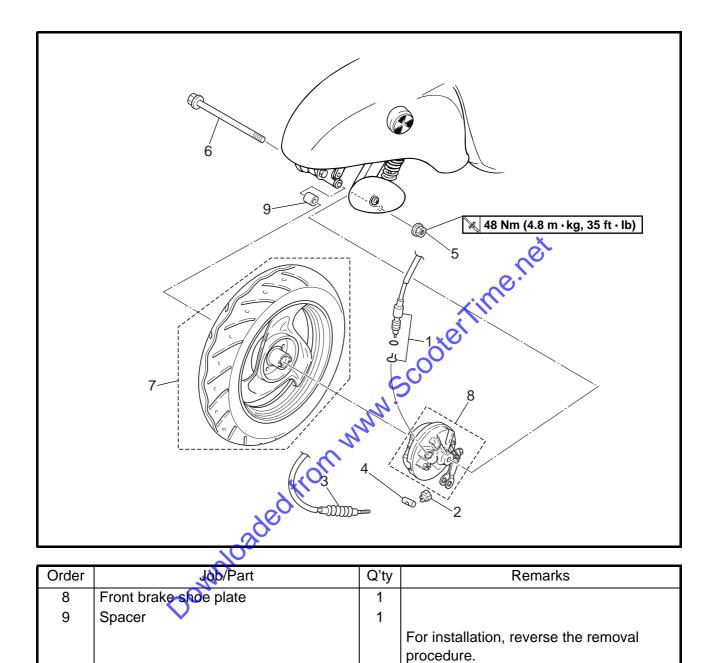
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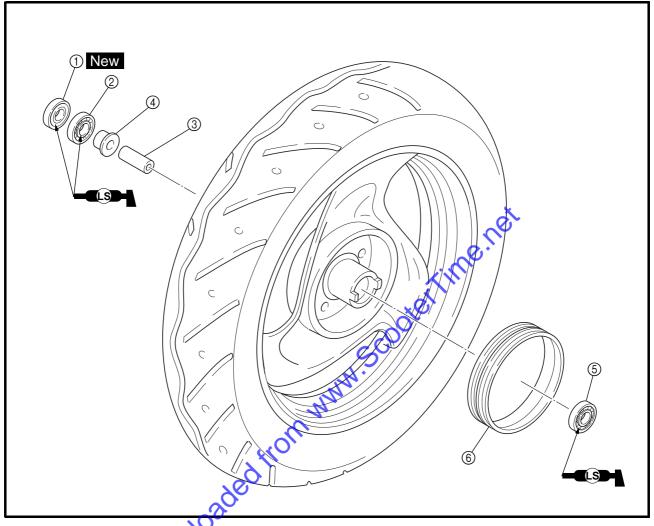
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WHEEL".

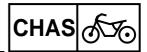


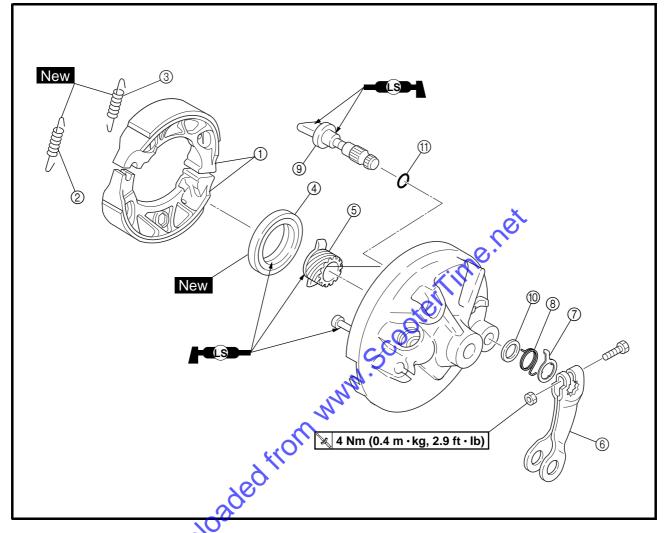




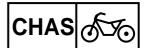


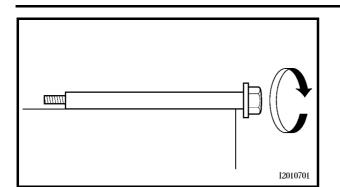
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the front wheel		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	Oil seal 💙	1	
2	Wheel bearing (right)	1	
3	Spacer	1	Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT
4	Collar	1	
5	Wheel bearing (left)	1	
6	Dust seal	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly
			procedure.

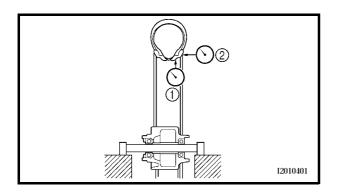




Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the front brake shoe		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	plate V	~	
1	Brake shoe	2	
2	Brake shoe spring (pin side)	1	
3	Brake shoe spring	1	
	(brake camshaft side)		
4	Bushing	1	
5	Speedometer drive gear	1	
6	Brake camshaft lever	1	
\overline{O}	Brake shoe wear indicator	1	
8	Spring	1	
9	Brake camshaft	1	
10	Oil seal	1	
(1)	O-ring	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly
			procedure.







CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL

1. Check:

FRONT WHEEL AND BRAKE

 wheel axle Roll the wheel axle on a flat surface.
 Bends → Replace.

A WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent wheel axle.

- 2. Check:
- tire
- front wheel Damage/wear → Replace. Refer to "CHECKING THE TIRES" and "CHECKING THE WHEELS" in chapter 3.
- 3. Measure:
- radial wheel runout ①
- lateral wheel runout ②
 Over the specified limits → Replace.

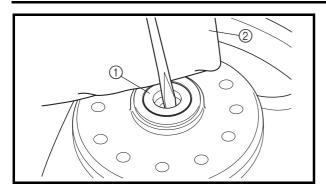
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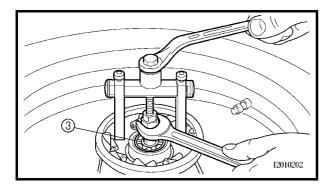
Radial wheel runout limit 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Lateral wheel runout limit 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

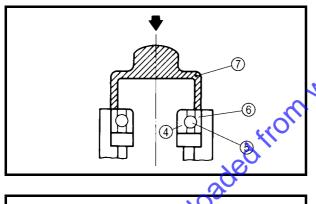
- - wheel bearings Front wheel turns roughly or is loose \rightarrow Replace the wheel bearings.
 - oil seal Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.

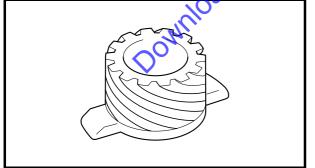
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- 5. Replace:
- oil seal New

wheel bearings New

- *** **• • • •**
- a. Clean the outside of the front wheel hub.
- b. Remove the oil seal (1) with a flat-head screwdriver.

NOTE:

To prevent damaging the wheel, place a rag (2) between the screwdriver and the wheel surface.

- c. Remove the wheel bearings (3) with a general bearing puller.
- d. Install the new whee bearings and oil seal in the reverse order of disassembly.

CAUTION:.

Do not contact the wheel bearing inner race ④ or balls ⑥. Contact should be made only with the outer race 6.



the wheel bearing outer set the wheel bearing outer race and oil seal.

EAS00535 CHECKING THE SPEEDOMETER GEAR UNIT

- 1. Check:
- speedometer drive gear Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.



EAS0053 **CHECKING THE BRAKE**

The following procedure applies to all of the brake shoes.

1. Check:

brake shoe lining

Glazed areas \rightarrow Repair.

Sand the glazed areas with course sandpaper.

NOTE: ____

After sanding the glazed areas, clean the brake shoe with a cloth.

- 2. Measure:
- brake shoe lining thickness (a) Out of specification \checkmark Replace.



Brake shoe lining thickness limit (minimum) 2 mm (0.08 in)

Donot allow oil or grease to contact the bråke shoes.

NOTE:

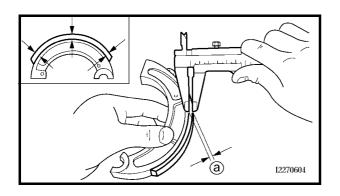
Replace the brake shoes as a set, if either is worn to the wear limit.

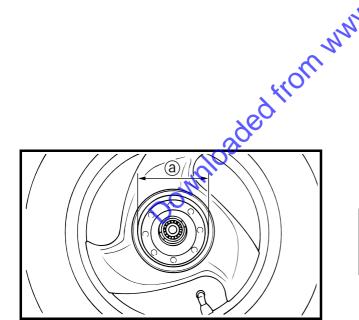
- 3. Measure:
- brake drum inside diameter (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the wheel.

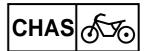


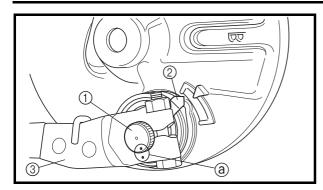
110.5 mm (4.35 in)

- 4. Check:
- brake drum inner surface Oil deposits \rightarrow Clean. Remove the oil with a rag soaked in lacquer thinner or solvent. Scratches \rightarrow Repair. Lightly and evenly polish the scratches with an emery cloth.
- 5. Check:
 - brake camshaft Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.









ASSEMBLING THE BRAKE SHOE PLATE

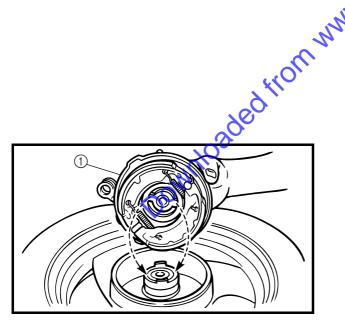
- 1. Install:
 - brake camshaft ①
- spring
- brake shoe wear indicator (2)
- brake camshaft lever ③

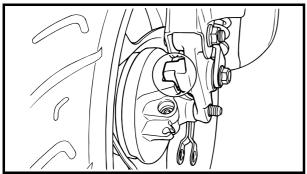
*** * *** * *** * ***

- a. Align the projection on the brake shoe wear indicator with the notch in the brake camshaft.
- b. Install the brake camshaft so its punch mark(a) is positioned as shown.
- c. Check that the brake shoes are properly positioned.
- 2. Install:
- speedometer drive gear
- bushing

INSTALLING THE FRONT WHEEL

- 1. Dibricate:
- wheel axle
- wheel bearings
- oil seal lips
- speedometer drive gear





- Recommended lubricant Lithium soap base grease
- 2. Install:

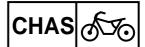
brake shoe plate ①
 Align the tabs on the wheel hub with the slit between the speedometer drive gear and the bushing.

- 3. Install:
- collar
- 4. Install:
- front wheel

NOTE:

Make sure the slot in the brake shoe plate fits over the stopper on the outer tube.

4 - 8



- 5. Tighten:
- wheel axle nut

🔌 48 Nm (4.8 m · kg, 35 ft · lb)

A WARNING

Make sure the brake cable is routed properly.

CAUTION:

Before tightening the wheel axle nut, push down hard on the handlebar several times and check if the front fork rebounds smoothly.

smoothly.



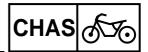
removal

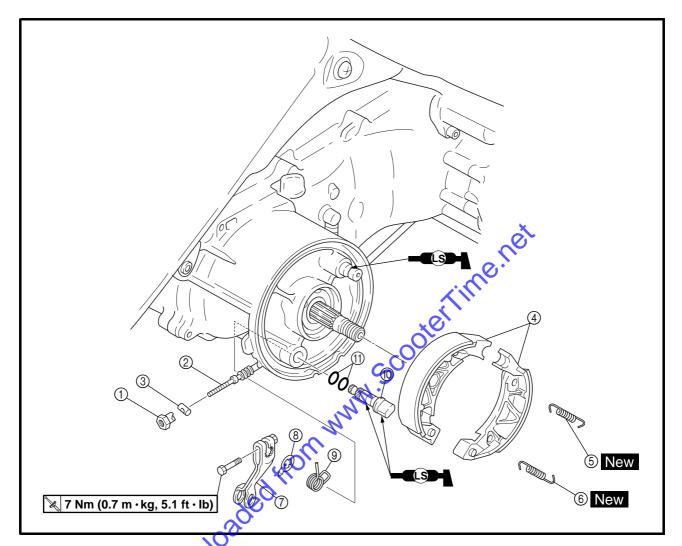
REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE

			n · kg, 9.4 ft · lb) 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	4 Caded from the		͡
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	[≫] 105 Nm (10.5 m · kg, 75 ft · lb) Remarks
Order		Q'ty	
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks Remove the parts in the order listed. NOTE:
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks Remove the parts in the order listed. NOTE: Place the scooter on a suitable stand so
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks Remove the parts in the order listed. NOTE:
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty 1	Remarks Remove the parts in the order listed. NOTE: Place the scooter on a suitable stand so

wumer		
Gasket	1	
Axle nut	1	
Rear wheel assembly	1	
Washer	1	
Dust seal	1	
		For installation, reverse the
		procedure.

REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE





Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the rear brake shoe plate		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	Adjusting nut	1	
2	Rear brake cable	1	
3	Pin	1	
4	Brake shoe	2	
5	Brake shoe spring (pin side)	1	
6	Brake shoe spring	1	
	(brake camshaft side)		
\overline{O}	Brake camshaft lever	1	
8	Brake shoe wear indicator	1	
9	Spring	1	
10	Brake camshaft	1	
1	O-ring	2	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.



CHECKING THE REAR WHEEL

- 1. Check:
- rear wheel Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL".
- 2. Check:
- tire
- rear wheel Damage/wear → Replace. Refer to "CHECKING THE TIRES" and

"CHECKING THE WHEELS" in chapter 3.

- 3. Measure:
- radial wheel runout
- lateral wheel runout
 - Refer to "CHECKING THE FRONT WHEEL".

CHECKING THE BRAKE

The following procedure applies to all of the brake shoes.

1. Check:

brake shoe lining

 $\label{eq:Glazed areas} \mathsf{Glazed areas} \to \mathsf{Repair}.$

Sand the glazed areas with course sandpaper.

NOTE:

After sanding the glazed areas, clean the brake shoe with a cloth.

- 2. Measure:
- brake shoe lining thickness ⓐ Out of specification → Replace.



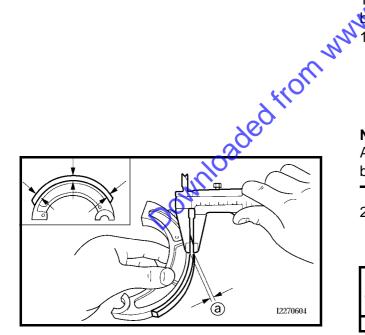
Brake shoe lining thickness limit (minimum) 2 mm (0.08 in)

A WARNING

Do not allow oil or grease to contact the brake shoes.

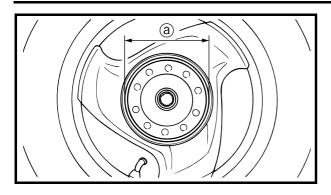
NOTE:

Replace the brake shoes as a set, if either is worn to the wear limit.





REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE



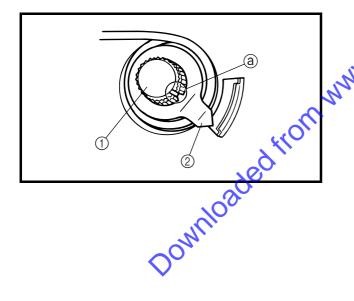
- 3. Measure:
- brake drum inside diameter ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the wheel.



Brake drum inside diameter limit (maximum) 110.5 mm (4.35 in)

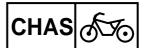
- 4. Check:
- brake drum inner surface

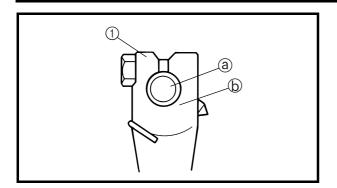
 Oil deposits → Clean.
 Remove the oil with a rag soaked in lacquer thinner or solvent.
 Scratches → Repair.
 Lightly and evenly polish the scratches with an emery cloth.
- 5. Check:
- brake camshaft \bigcirc Damage/weak \rightarrow Replace.



INSTALLING THE BRAKE SHOE PLATE 1. Install:

- brake camshaft ①
- spring
- brake shoe wear indicator (2)
- a. Align the projection (a) on the brake shoe wear indicator with the notch in the brake shoe camshaft.
- b. Install the brake camshaft so its punch mark is positioned as shown.
- c. Check that the brake shoes are properly positioned.





EAS00573 **INSTALLING THE BRAKE SHOES**

- 1. Install:
- brake camshaft lever (1)

NOTE:

- Align the punch mark (a) in the brake camshaft with the mark (b) on the brake camshaft lever.
- Lubricate the brake camshaft and pin with lithium soap base grease.

After installing the rear brake camshaft, remove any excess grease.

- 2. Install:
 - brake shoes

NOTE: Do not to damage the springs during installa-

n. .on. .on. .on. .on. .on. .on. .on. **INSTALLING THE REAR WHEEL**

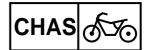
- 1. Tighten:
 - wheel axle nut

🔌 105 Nm (10.5 m · kg, 75 ft · lb)

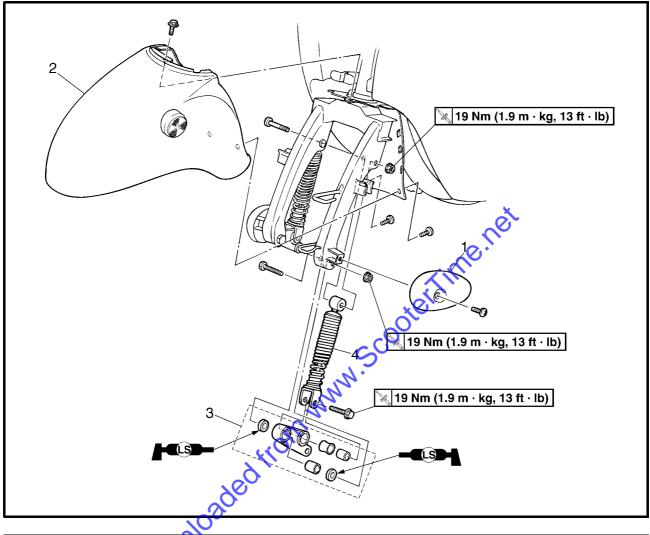
CAUTION:

Do not loosen the wheel axle nut after tightening it to the specified torque.

- 2. Install:
- rear brake cable
- adjuster
- 3. Adjust:
- brake lever free play Refer to "ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE" in chapter 3.



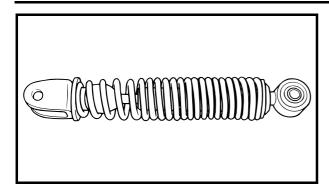
FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the front shock absorber		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	assemblies		
			The following procedure applies to both of the front shock absorbers.
	Front panel		Refer to "FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD" in chapter 3.
	Front wheel		Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND BRAKE".
1	Relay arm cover	2	
2	Front fender	1	
3	Relay arm assembly	2	
4	Front shock absorber assembly (left/right)	2	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.

FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES

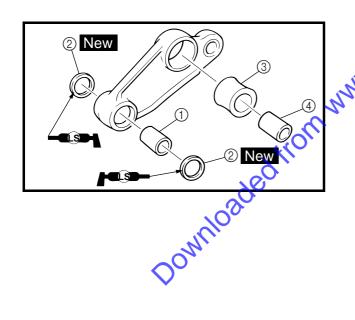




CHECKING THE FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES

The following procedure applies to both front shock absorber assemblies.

- 1. Check:
- front shock absorber rod Bends/damage → Replace the front shock absorber assembly.
- front shock absorber
 Oil leaks → Replace the front shock absorber assembly.
- spring
 Damage/wear → Replace the front shock
- absorber assembly.
 bolt Bends/damage/wear → Replace.



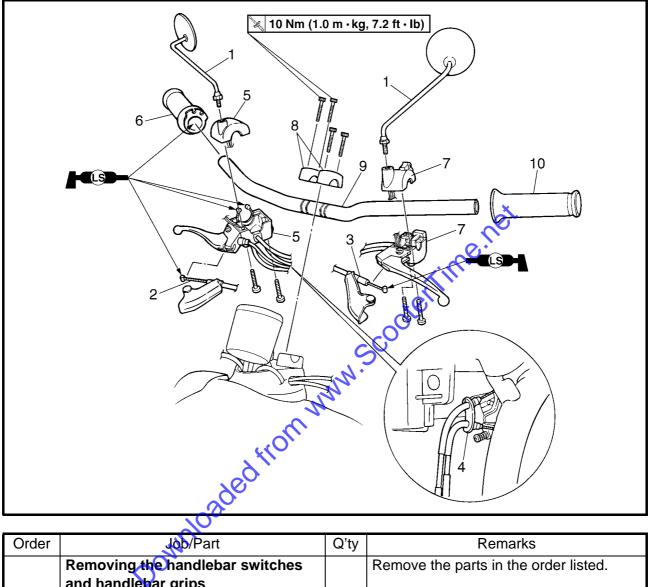
INSTALLING THE RELAY ARM

- 1. dnstall:
- metal spacer ①
- oil seal ② New
- bushing ③
- spacer ④

HANDLEBAR



HANDLEBAR



Order	Jop/Pail	Qty	Remarks
	Removing the handlebar switches and handlebar grips		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Center cover		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT- REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
1	Rear view mirror (left/right)	2	
2	Front brake cable	1	
3	Rear brake cable	1	
4	Throttle cable holder	1	Loosen.
5	Right handlebar switch	1	
6	Throttle grip	1	

HANDLEBAR CHAS

	10 Nm (1.0 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
7	Left handlebar switch	1	Refer to "INSTALLING THE HANDLE-
8	Upper handlebar holder	2	BAR".
9	Handlebar	1	₽ [
10	Handlebar grip	1	Refer to "REMOVING THE HANDLE- BAR". For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.

CHAS a

REMOVING THE HANDLEBAR

1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

A WARNING

Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
- handlebar grip ①

NOTE:

Blow compressed air between the handlebar and the handlebar grip, and gradually push the grip off the handlebar

CHECKING THE HANDLEBAR

1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Check:
 - handlebar ①
 Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.

A WARNING

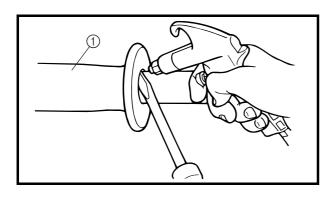
Do not attempt to straighten a bent handlebar as this may dangerously weaken it.

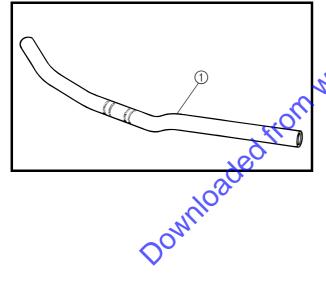
- 3. Install:
- handlebar grip

a. Apply a thin coat of rubber adhesive onto the left end of the handlebar.

- b. Slide the handlebar grip over the left end of the handlebar.
- c. Wipe off any excess rubber adhesive with a clean rag.

Do not touch the handlebar grip until the rubber adhesive has fully dried.





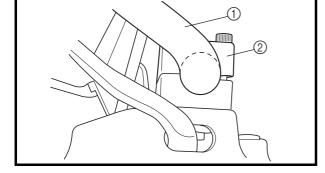
CHAS

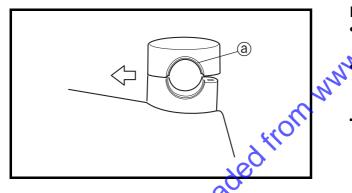
EAS00671 **INSTALLING THE HANDLEBAR**

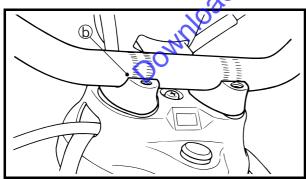
1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

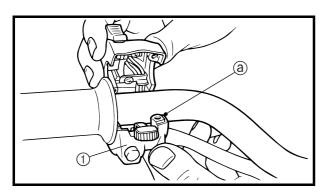
Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Install:
- handlebar ①
- upper handlebar holders (2)









- - 🔌 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)
- CAUTION:
- First, tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder, and then on the rear side.

0

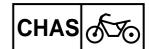
- NOTE
- Install the upper handlebar holders with the
- grooves (a) facing inward. Align the match marks (b) on the handlebar with the upper surface of the lower handlebar holder.

- 3. Install:
- left handlebar switch ①

NOTE: .

Align the mating surfaces of the left handlebar switch with the punch mark (a) on the handlebar.

HANDLEBAR



- 4. Install:
- throttle grip
- throttle cable

NOTE: _

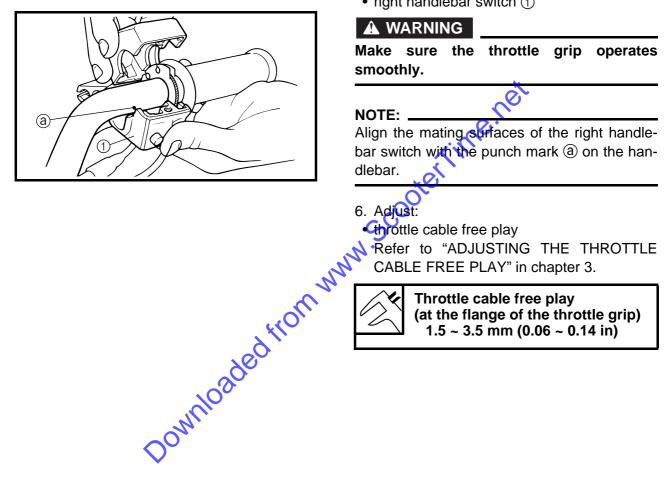
Lubricate the inside of the throttle grip with a thin coat of lithium soap base grease and install it onto the handlebar.

- 5. Install:
- right handlebar switch ①

Make sure the throttle grip operates smoothly.

NOTE:

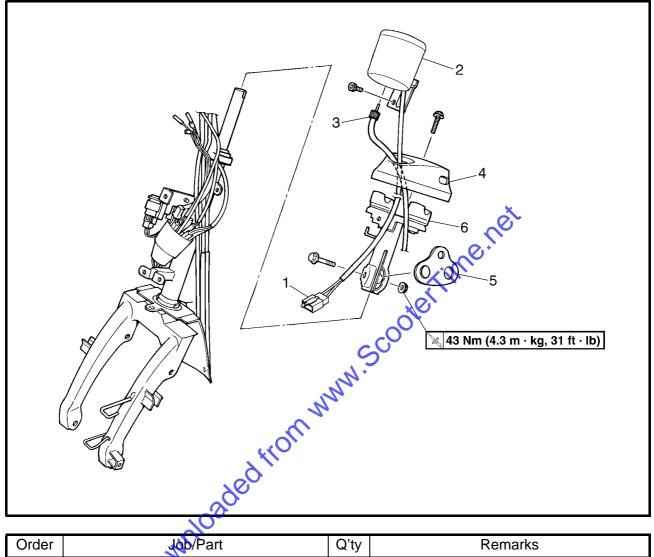




STEERING HEAD



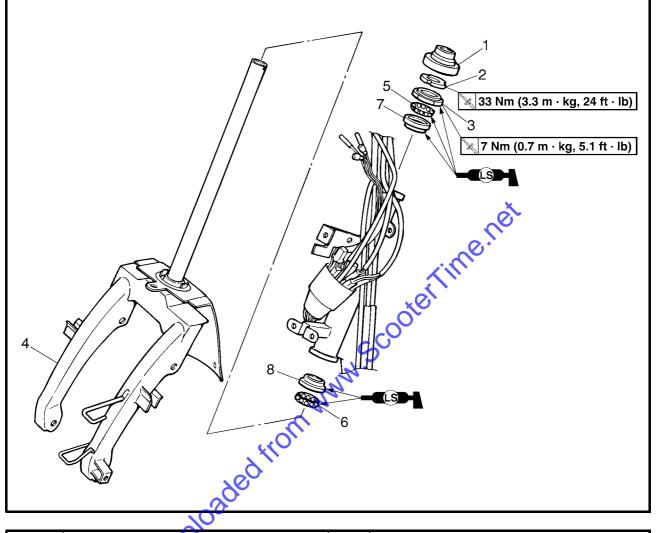
STEERING HEAD



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the lower handlebar holder		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Footrest board		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT- REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
	Front panel/leg shield		Refer to "FRONT PANEL AND LEG SHIELD" in chapter 3.
	Front shock absorber assemblies		Refer to "FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLIES".
	Handlebar		Refer to "HANDLEBAR".
1	Meter light lead coupler	1	Disconnect.
2	Speedometer assembly	1	
3	Speedometer cable	1	
4	Lower handlebar holder cover	1	
5	Rubber cover	1	
6	Lower handlebar holder bracket	1	For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

STEERING HEAD





Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the fork		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	Cover 💙	1	
2	Upper steering stem ring nut	1	
3	Upper race	1	
4	Fork	1	
5	Upper bearing	1	
6	Lower bearing	1	
7	Upper bearing outer race	1	
8	Lower bearing outer race	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

STEERING HEAD



EAS00680 **REMOVING THE FORK**

1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
- upper steering stem ring nut ①
- upper race ②

NOTE: .

Hold the upper race with the steering nut wrench (45 mm), and then remove the upper steering stem ring hut with the steering nut wrench.



Steering nut wrench YU-33975 Steering nut wrench (45 mm) YU-01444

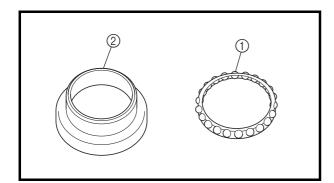
A WARNING

Securely support the lower bracket so that there is no danger of it falling.

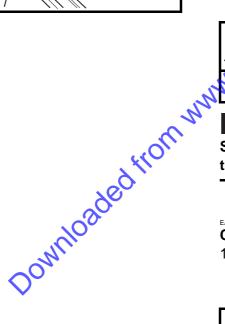
EAS00681 **CHECKING THE STEERING HEAD**

- 1. Wash:
- bearings
- bearing races

Recommended cleaning solvent Kerosene



- 2. Check:
- bearings ①
- bearing races ② Damage/pitting \rightarrow Replace.

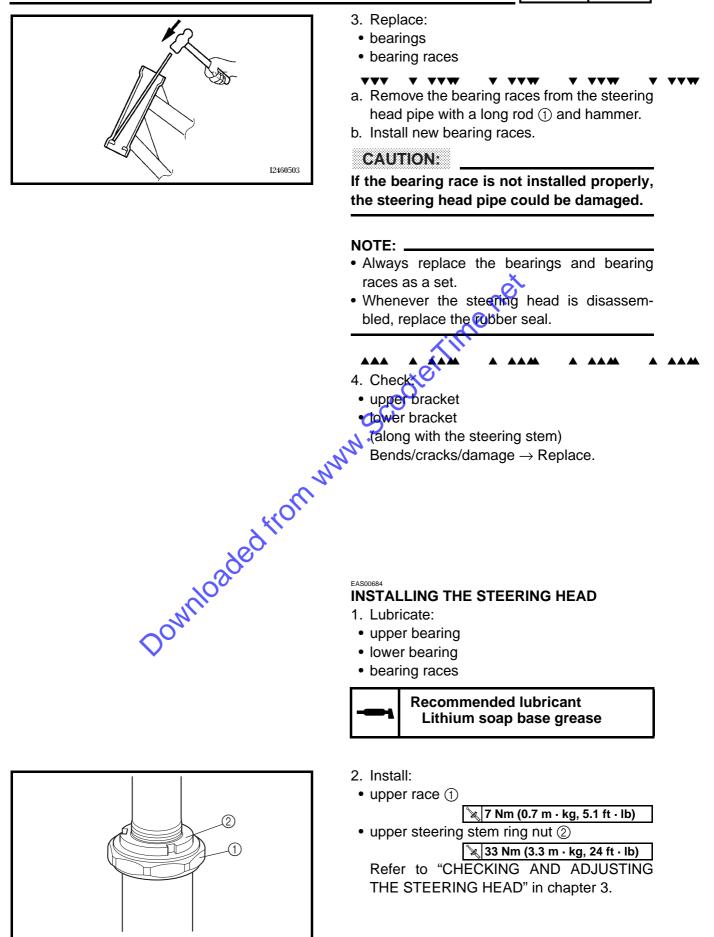


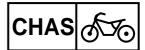


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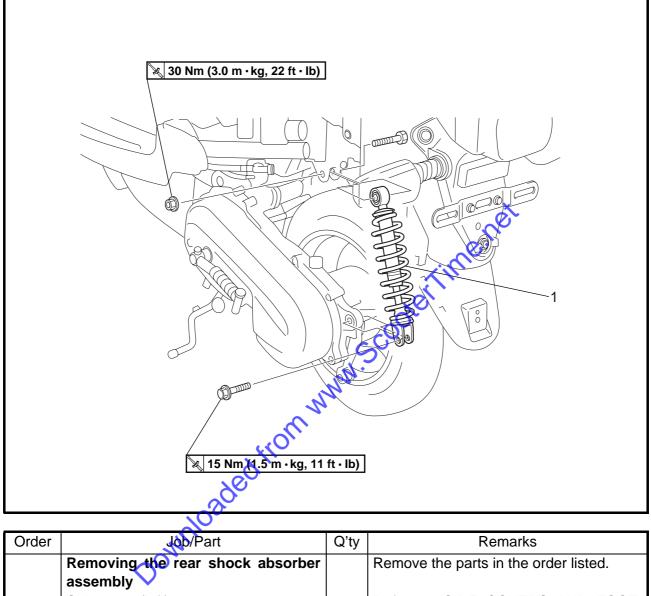
CHAS 55

STEERING HEAD





REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY



	assembly		
	Side cover (left)		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT-
			REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
1	Rear shock absorber assembly	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.



REMOVING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY

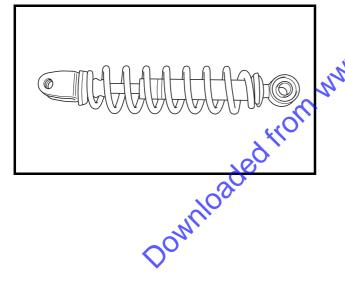
1. Stand the scooter on a level surface.

Securely support the scooter so that there is no danger of it falling over.

NOTE: _

Place the scooter on a suitable stand so that the rear wheel is elevated.

- 2. Remove:
- rear shock absorber assembly



CHECKING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

- 🔥 Check:
 - rear shock absorber rod Bends/damage → Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
 - rear shock absorber Oil leaks \rightarrow Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
- spring Damage/wear → Replace the rear shock absorber assembly.
- bolts

Bends/damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.

INSTALLING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install:
 - rear shock absorber assembly
- rear shock absorber assembly upper nut

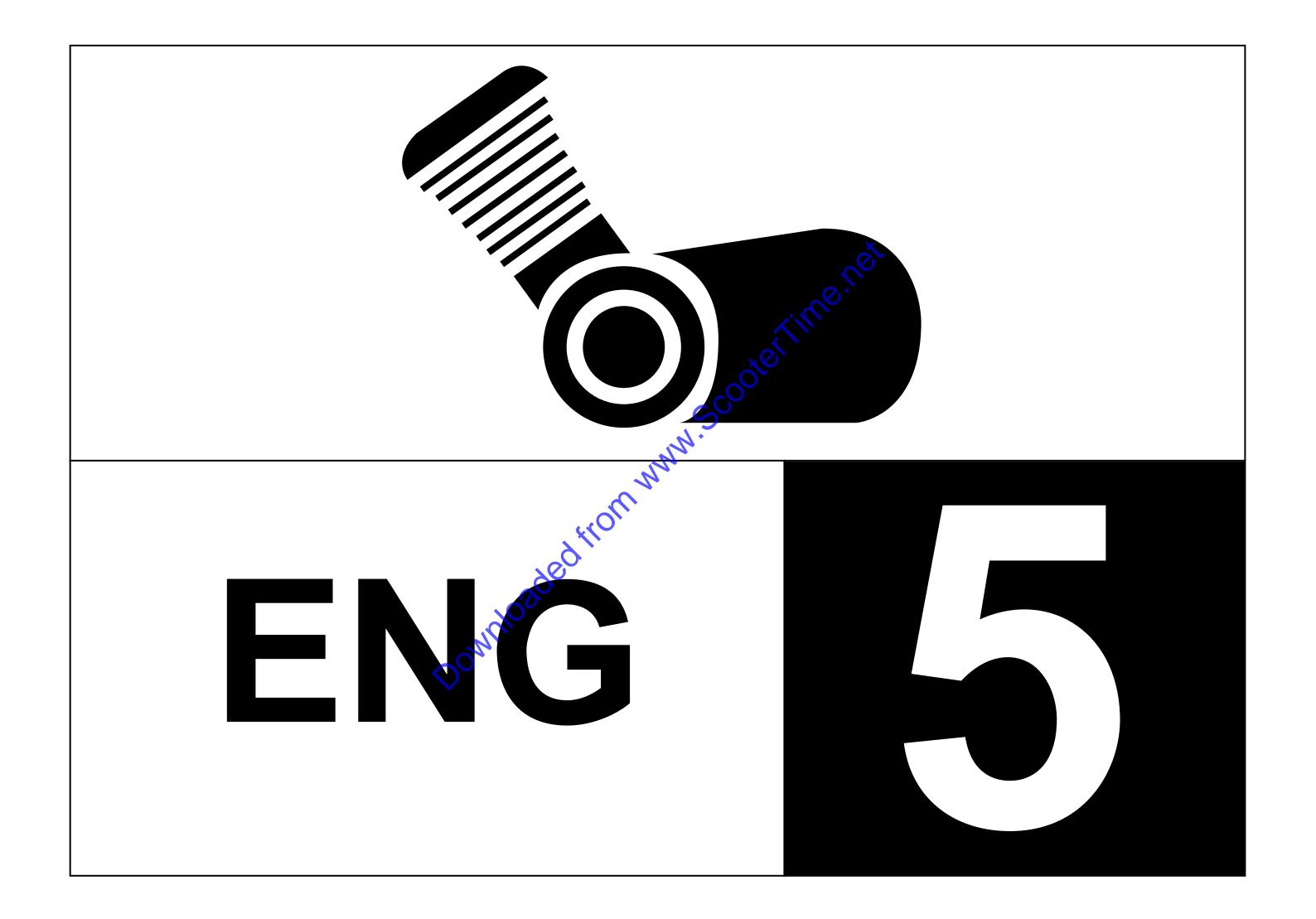
🔌 30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

rear shock absorber assembly lower bolt
 15 Nm (1.5 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)

NOTE:

When installing the rear shock absorber assembly, lift up the crankcase.

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CHAPTER 5 ENGINE

ENGINE REMOVAL	5-1
INSTALLING THE ENGINE	5-3
CYLINDER HEAD, CYLINDER AND PISTON	5-4
REMOVING THE CYLINDER AND PISTON	
CHECKING THE CYLINDER HEAD	5-6
CHECKING THE CYLINDER AND PISTON	5-7
CHECKING THE PISTON RINGS	5-8
CHECKING THE PISTON PIN	5-9
INSTALLING THE PISTON AND CYLINDER	5-11
KICKSTARTER SHEAVES COVER CHECKING THE KICKSTARTER INSTALLING THE KICKSTARTER INSTALLING THE KICKSTARTER BELT DRIVE DEMOVING THE SECONDARY PLULES AND VIRGUT	
KICKSTARTER	5-13
SHEAVES COVER	5-13
	5-15
	5-15
BELT DRIVE	5-16
REMOVING THE SECONDART FULLET AND V-DELT	:)-19
REMOVING THE PRIMARY SHEAVE	5-20
DISASSEMBLING THE SECONDARY PULLEY	5-20
CHECKING THE CLUTCH SHOES	5-20
CHECKING THE SECONDAR PULLEY	
CHECKING THE PRIMARY PULLEY WEIGHTS	
ASSEMBLING THE SECONDARY PULLEY	
INSTALLING THE RBIMARY PULLEY	5-24
	5-25
STARTER CLUTCH AND STARTER MOTOR	5-27
CHECKING THE STARTER CLUTCH	5-28
INSTALLING THE STARTER CLUTCH	5-28
TRANSMISSION	5-30
CHECKING THE TRANSMISSION	
GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP	5-33
STATOR COIL ASSEMBLY	
AUTOLUBE PUMP	
REMOVING THE GENERATOR	
CHECKING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP	
INSTALLING THE AUTOLUBE PUMP	
INSTALLING THE GENERATOR	



CRANKCASE DISASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE CHECKING THE CRANKCASE CHECKING THE BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS CHECKING THE REED VALVE ASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE	5-39 5-39 5-40 5-40
CRANKSHAFT	5-42
REMOVING THE CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY	5-43
CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT	5-43
INSTALLING THE CRANKSHAFT	5-44

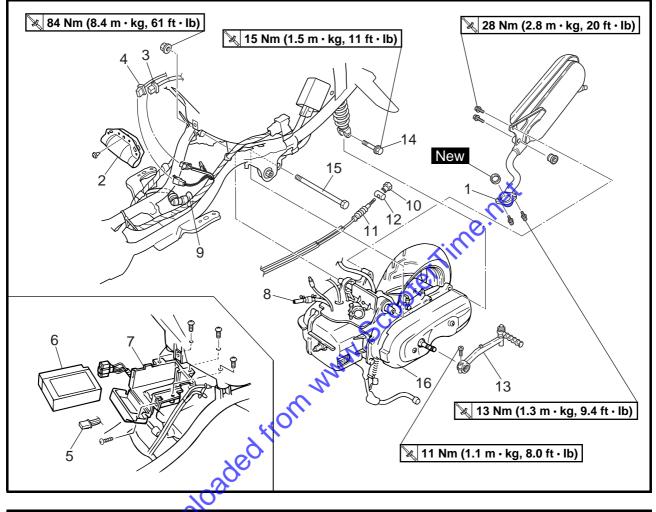
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ENGINE

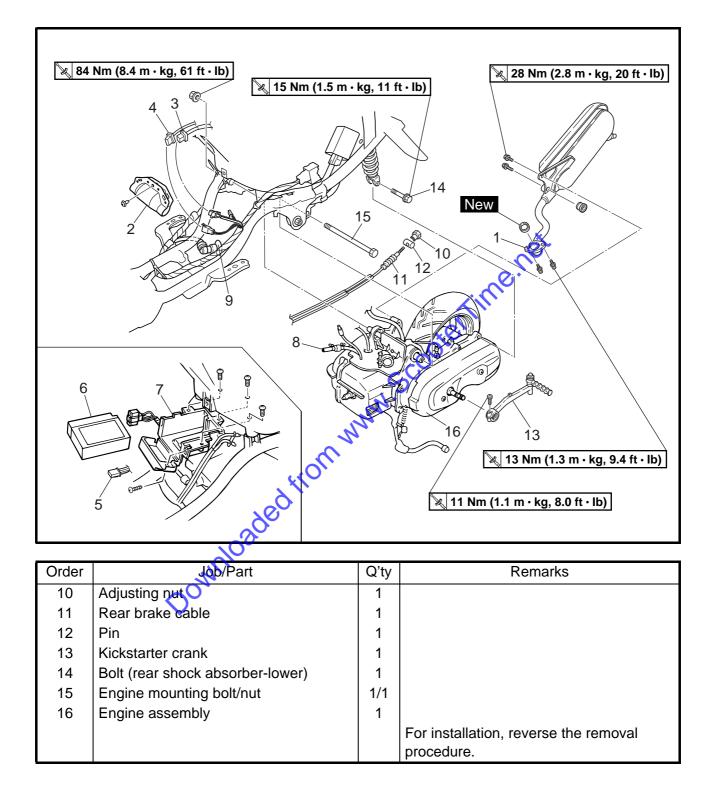
ENGINE REMOVAL



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the engine		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Center cover, side cover (left/right) and		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT-
	footrest board		REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
	Carburetor		Refer to "CARBURETOR" in chapter 6.
1	Muffler	1	
2	Coupler cover	1	
3	Stator coil coupler	1	Disconnect.
4	Starter motor coupler	1	Disconnect.
5	Starter relay coupler	1	Disconnect.
6	Battery	1	
7	Battery box	1	
8	Oil hose	1	
9	Spark plug cap	1	

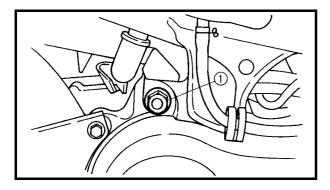
ENGINE REMOVAL

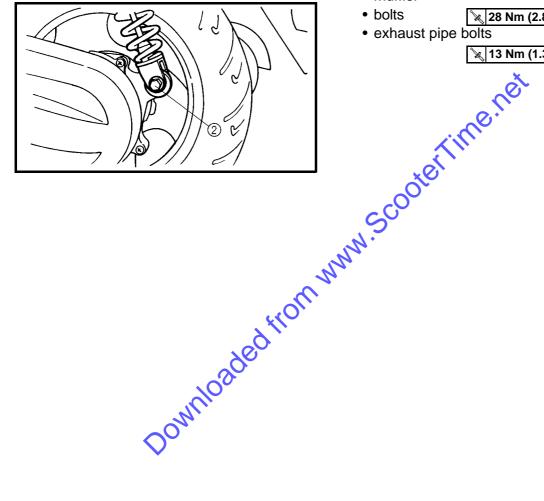






ENGINE REMOVAL



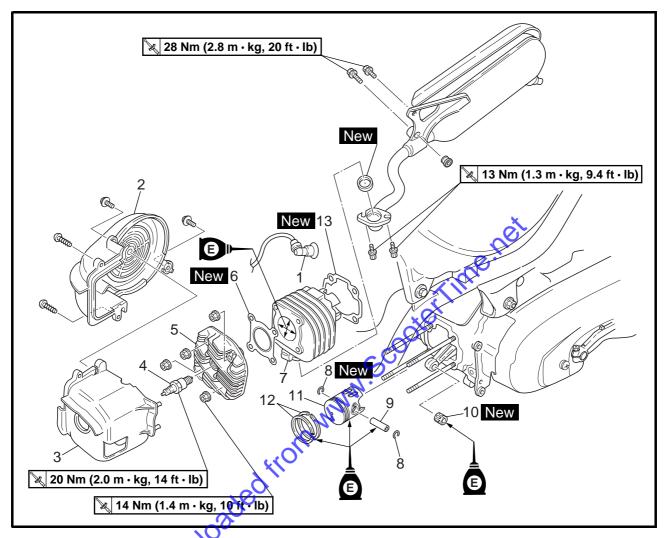


EAS00192 **INSTALLING THE ENGINE**

- 1. Install:
- engine mounting bolt/nut (1)
 - 🔌 84 Nm (8.4 m · kg, 61 ft · lb)
- bolt (rear shock absorber-lower) ② 🔌 15 Nm (1.5 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)
- 2. Install:
- kickstarter crank
 - 🔌 11 Nm (1.1 m · kg, 8.0 ft · lb)
- muffler
- bolts
 - 🔌 28 Nm (2.8 m · kg, 20 ft · lb)
- exhaust pipe bolts
 - 🔌 13 Nm (1.3 m · kg, 9.4 ft · lb)

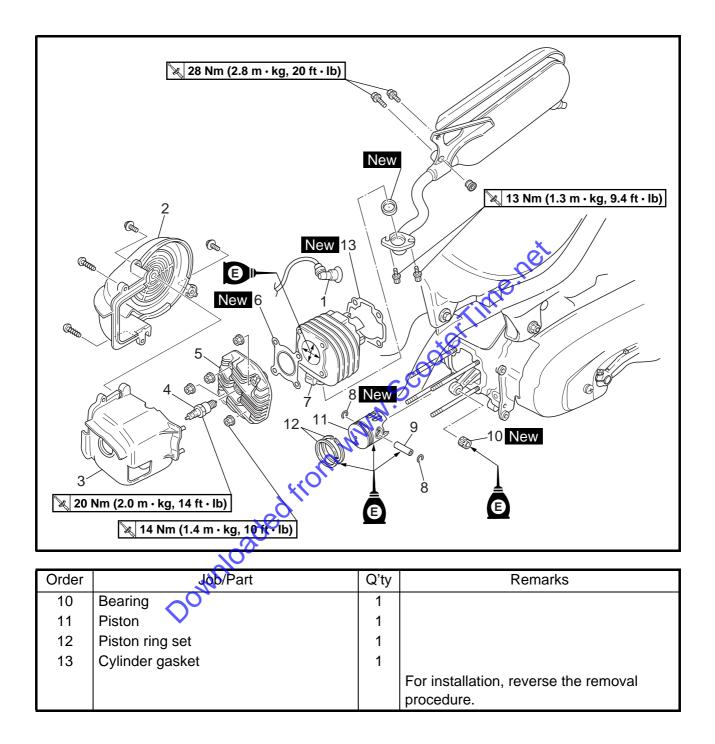


CYLINDER HEAD, CYLINDER AND PISTON

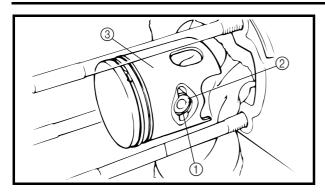


Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the cylinder head, cylin- der and piston		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Center cover, side cover (left/right) and footrest board		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT- REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
1	Muffler/gasket Spark plug cap	1	Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL".
2	Air shroud	2	
3	Cylinder head cover	1	
4	Spark plug	1	
5	Cylinder head	1	
6	Cylinder head gasket	1	
7	Cylinder	1	
8	Piston pin clip	2	
9	Piston pin	1	









REMOVING THE CYLINDER AND PISTON

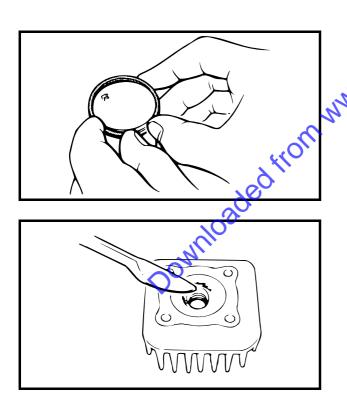
- 1. Remove:
- piston pin clip ①
- piston pin ②
- piston ③

(@/A\Uµr(@)NP#

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

NOTE:

Before removing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase opening with a clean rag to prevent the piston pin clip from falling into the crank-case.



2. Remove: • piston ring NOTE: _____

When removing a piston ring, open the end gap with your fingers and lift the other side of the ring over the piston crown.

EAS00227 CHECKING THE CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Eliminate:
 - combustion chamber carbon deposits (with a rounded scraper)

NOTE:

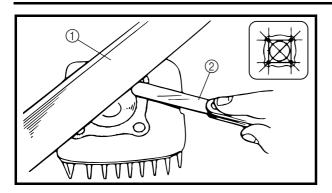
Do not use a sharp instrument to avoid damaging or scratching:

- spark plug bore threads
- 2. Check:
- cylinder head
 Damage/scratches → Replace.
- 3. Measure:
- cylinder head warpage Out of specification → Resurface the cylinder head.



Maximum cylinder head warpage 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

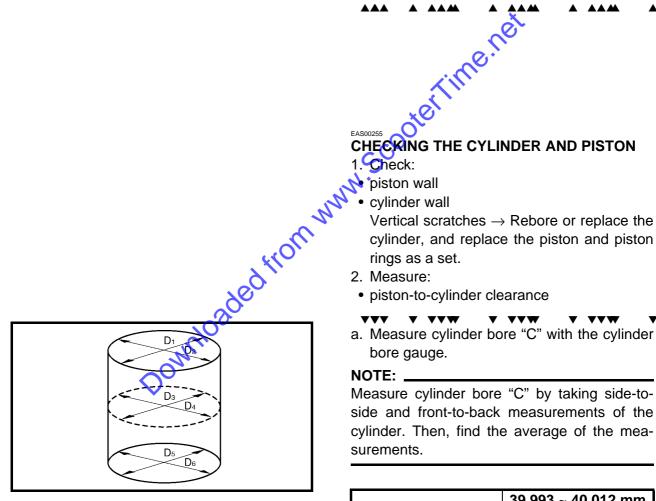




- a. Place a straightedge ① and a thickness gauge ② across the cylinder head.
- b. Measure the warpage.
- c. If the limit is exceeded, resurface the cylinder head as follows.
- d. Place a 400 ~ 600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate and resurface the cylinder head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

NOTE: .

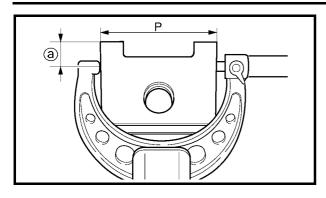
To ensure an even surface, rotate the cylinder head several times.



Cylinder bore "C"	39.993 ~ 40.012 mm			
	(1.5745 ~ 1.5753 in)			
Max. taper "T"	0.05 mm (0.002 in)			
Out-of-round "R"	0.05 mm (0.002 in)			
"C" = maximum of D1 ~ D6				
"T" = maximum of D1 or D2 – maximum of				
D5 or D6				
"P" - maximum of D1 D2 or D5 - mini-				

"R" = maximum of D1, D3 or D5 – minimum of D2, D4 or D6



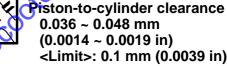


- b. If out of specification, rebore or replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as a set.
- c. Measure piston skirt diameter "P" with the micrometer.
- (a) 5 mm (0.20 in) from the bottom edge of the piston

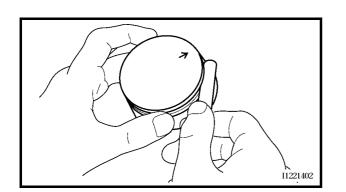
	Piston size "P"
Standard	39.952 ~ 39.969 mm (1.5729 ~ 1.5736 in)

- d. If out of specification, replace the piston and piston rings as a set.
- e. Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance with the following formula.

Piston-to-cylinder clearance = Cylinder bore "C" -Piston skirt diameter "P"



- (0.0014 ~ 0.0019 in) <Limit>: 0.1 mm (0.0039 in)
- Downloaded from www. If out of specification, rebore or replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as a set.



EAS00263 **CHECKING THE PISTON RINGS**

- 1. Measure:
- piston ring side clearance
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston and piston rings as a set.

NOTE: .

Before measuring the piston ring side clearance, eliminate any carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves and piston rings.





2. Install:



NOTE:

Level the piston ring in the cylinder with the piston crown.

<Limit>: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

- (a) 10 mm (0.39 in)
- 3. Measure:
- piston ring end gap Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston ring.

NOTE:

Downloaded from why the oil ring expander spacer's end gap cannot be measured. If the oil ring rail's gap is excessive, replace all three piston rings.

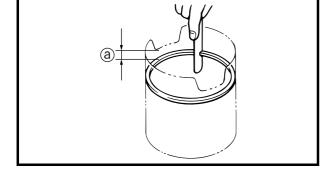
0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in) <Limit>: 0.70 mm (0.028 in)

0.15 ~ 0.35 mm (0.006 ~ 0.014 in) <Limit>: 0.70 mm (0.028 in)

Piston ring end gap

Top ring

2nd ring

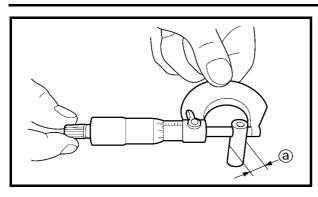


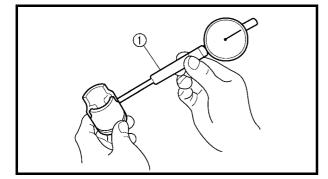
EAS00265 **CHECKING THE PISTON PIN**

- 1. Check:
- piston pin

Blue discoloration/grooves \rightarrow Replace the piston pin and then check the lubrication system.





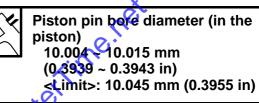


- 2. Measure:
- piston pin outside diameter ⓐ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston pin.



Piston pin outside diameter 9.996 ~ 10.000 mm (0.3935 ~ 0.3937 in) <Limit>: 9.976 mm (0.3928 in)

- 3. Measure:
- piston pin bore diameter (in the piston) ① Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston pin.

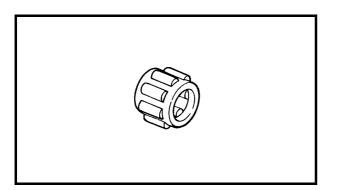


4. Calculate:

Downloaded from www. •piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clearance Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston pin and piston as a set.

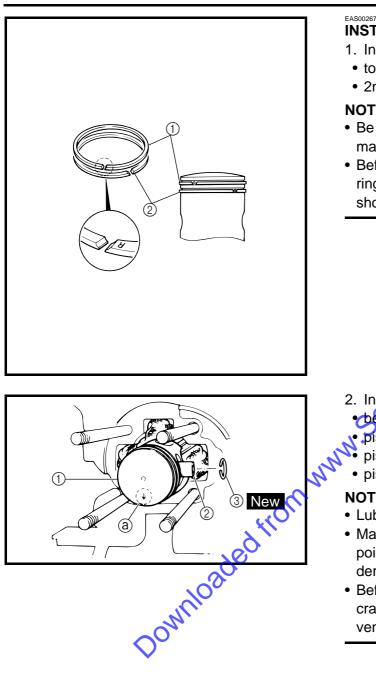
Piston-pin-to-piston-pin-bore clearance = Piston pin bore diameter -Piston pin outside diameter ⓐ

> Piston-pin-to-piston clearance 0.004 ~ 0.019 mm (0.00016 ~ 0.00075 in) <Limit>: 0.069 mm (0.0027 in)



- 5. Check:
 - bearing Damage/pitting \rightarrow Replace.





INSTALLING THE PISTON AND CYLINDER

- 1. Install:
- top ring (1)
- 2nd ring (2)

NOTE: .

- Be sure to install the piston rings so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers face up.
- Before installing the cylinder, align the piston ring end gaps to the respective knock pins as shown.

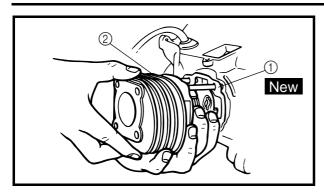


• piston pin clip ③ New

NOTE:

- Lubricate the piston pin with engine oil.
- Make sure the arrow mark (a) on the piston points towards the exhaust side of the cylinder.
- Before installing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase opening with a clean rag to prevent the clip from falling into the crankcase.





- 3. Install:
- cylinder gasket ① New
- 4. Lubricate:
- piston
- piston rings
- cylinder (with the recommended lubricant)

Recommended lubricant

Yamalube 2-cycle oil or 2-stroke engine oil

5. Install:

• cylinder 2

NOTE:

While compressing the piston rings with one hand, install the cylinder with the other hand.

- cylinder head gasket
- cylinder head

Cylinder nut 14 Nm (1.4 m -

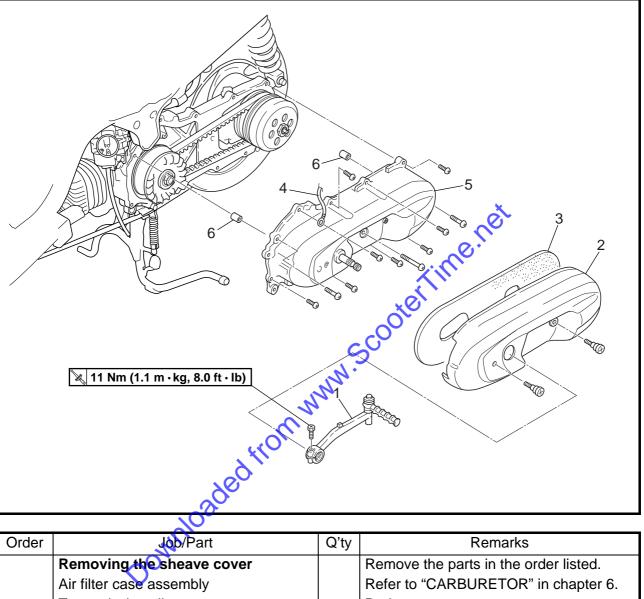
14 Nm (1.4 m · kg, 10 ft · lb)

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KICKSTARTER



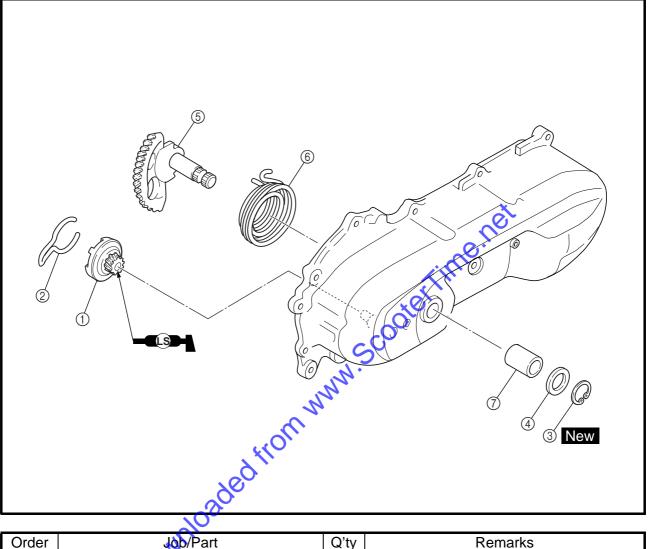




Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the sheave cover		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Air filter case assembly		Refer to "CARBURETOR" in chapter 6.
	Transmission oil		Drain.
1	Kickstarter crank	1	
2	Cover	1	
3	Damper	1	
4	Ground lead	1	
5	Sheave cover	1	
6	Dowel pin	2	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.

KICKSTARTER





Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the kickstarter shaft		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	Kickstarter pinion gear	1	
2	Kickstarter pinion gear clip	1	
3	Circlip	1	
4	Washer	1	
5	Kickstarter shaft	1	
6	Kickstarter spring	1	
\overline{O}	Spacer	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly
			procedure.

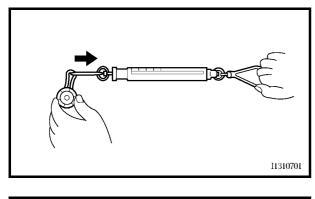


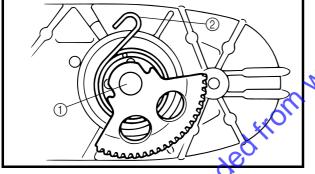


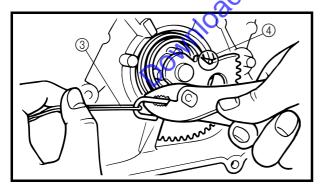
CHECKING THE KICKSTARTER

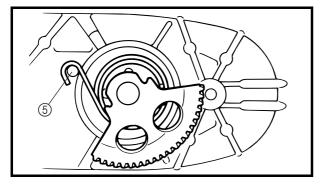
- 1. Check:
- kickstarter shaft
 kickstarter pinion gear Damage/wear → Replace.
- 2. Check:
- kickstarter spring
 Damage/wear → Replace.
- 3. Measure:
- kickstarter pinion gear clip force (with the spring gauge)
 Out of specification → Replace the kickstarter pinion gear clip

Kickstarter pinion gear clip force 0.15 - 0.25 kg (0.34 ~ 0.56 lb)









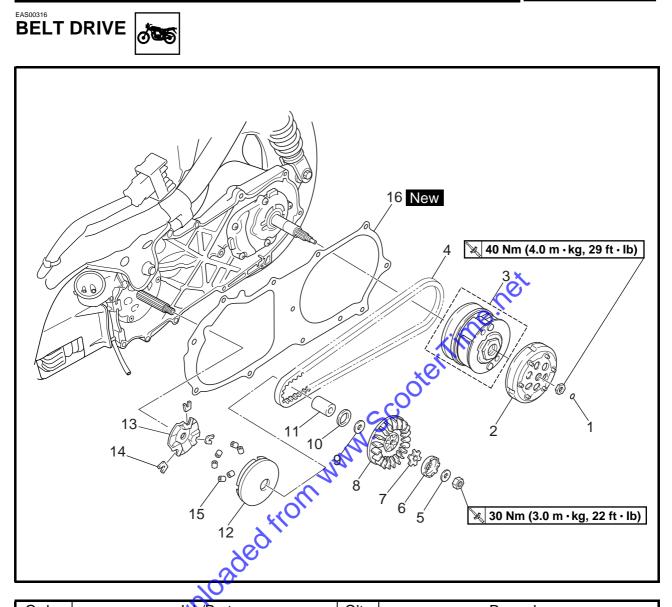
INSTALLING THE KICKSTARTER

- 1. Install:
- *kickstarter shaft ①
- kickstarter spring ②
- spacer
- washer
- circlip

NOTE:

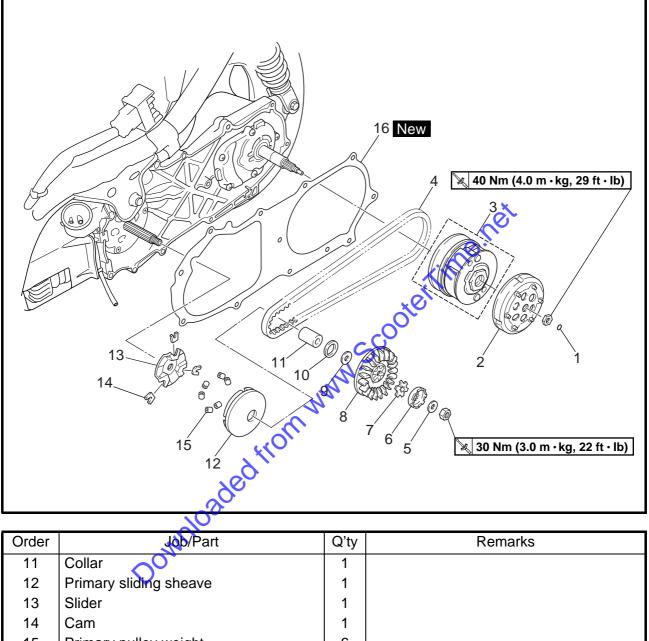
- Install the wire (3) onto the kickstarter spring.
- Install the kickstarter spring straight end on the kickstarter shaft notch ④ and hook the spring hooked end on the projection ⑤ as shown.





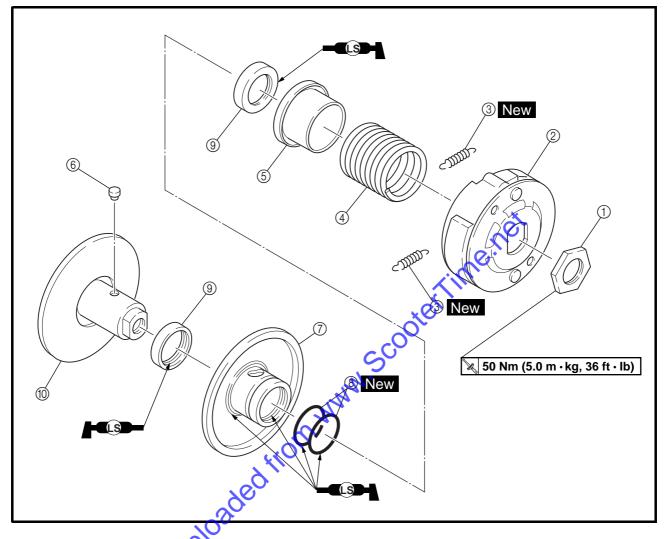
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
Order	Removing the V-belt, primary and	QU	
			Remove the parts in the order listed.
	secondary pulley		
	Sheaves cover		Refer to "KICK STARTER".
	Air shroud/fan		Refer to "GENERATOR AND AUTOL-
			UBE PUMP".
1	O-ring	1	
2	Clutch housing	1	
3	Secondary pulley	1	
4	V-belt	1	
5	Conical spring washer	1	
6	Kickstarter one-way clutch	1	
7	Claw washer	1	
8	Primary fixed sheave	1	
9	Washer	1	
10	Spacer	1	



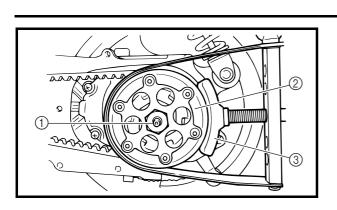


14	Cam		
15	Primary pulley weight	6	
16	Gasket	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.





Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassempling the secondary pulley		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	Clutch carrier nut	1	
2	Clutch carrier	1	
3	Clutch spring	2	
4	Spring	1	
5	Spring seat	1	
6	Pin	2	
\overline{O}	Secondary sliding sheave	1	
8	O-ring	2	
9	Oil seal	1	
10	Secondary fixed sheave	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly
			procedure.





REMOVING THE SECONDARY PULLEY AND V-BELT

- 1. Remove:
- air shroud
- fan

Refer to "GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP".

- 2. Remove:
- clutch housing nut ①
- clutch housing ②

NOTE:

While holding the clutch housing with the sheave holder ③, loosen the clutch housing nut.

Sheave holder YU-01701

3. Remove: • secondary pulley ① • V-belt ②

NOTE:

Pull the secondary sliding sheave out as shown, remove the V-belt from the primary pulley, and then remove the secondary pulley (1) along with the V-belt (2).

- 4. Loosen:
- \bullet clutch carrier nut (1)

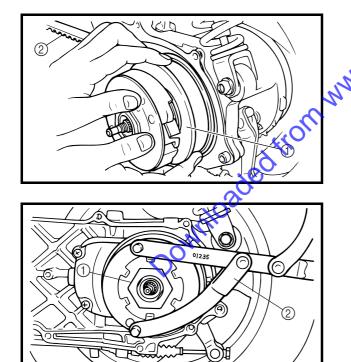
CAUTION:

Do not remove the clutch carrier nut at this stage.

NOTE: _____

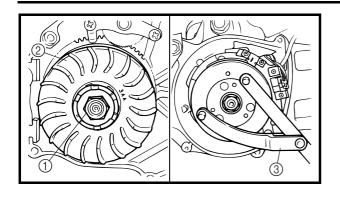
While holding the clutch carrier with the rotor holding tool ②, loosen the clutch carrier nut one full turn with the locknut wrench.

Rotor holding tool YU-01235 Locknut wrench 90890-01348







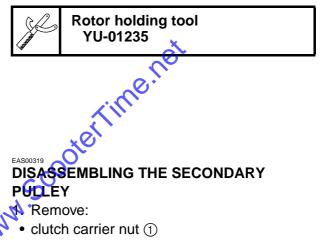


REMOVING THE PRIMARY SHEAVE

- 1. Remove:
 - primary sheave nut ①
- conical spring washer
- kickstarter one-way clutch
- claw washer
- primary fixed sheave ②

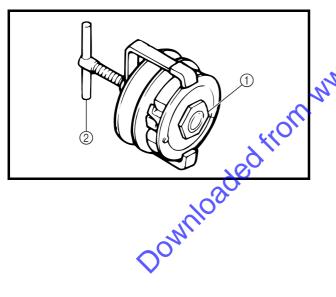
NOTE:

While holding the generator rotor with the rotor holding tool ③, loosen the primary sheave nut.



NOTE:

Install the clutch spring holder ② onto the secondary pulley as shown. Then, compress the spring, and remove the clutch carrier nut ①.



YS-28891

Clutch spring holder

CHECKING THE CLUTCH SHOES

The following procedure applies to all of the clutch shoes.

- 1. Check:
 - clutch shoe

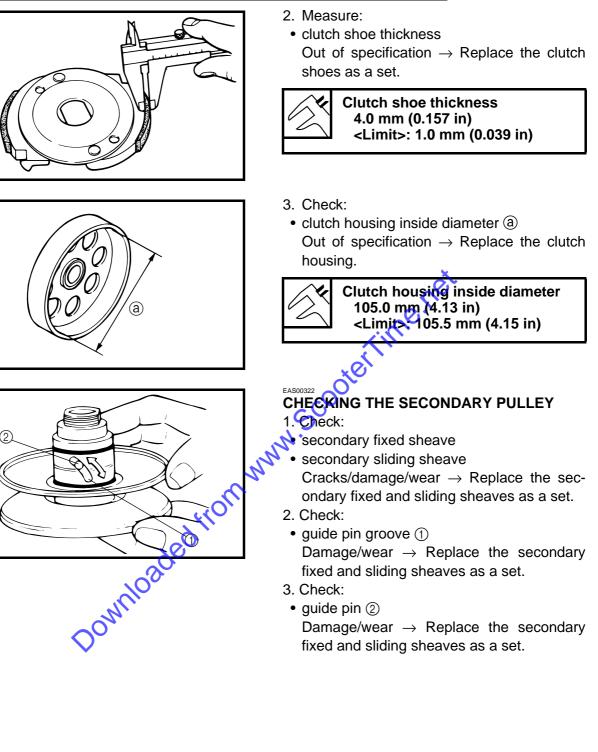
 $\label{eq:def-Damage} \mbox{Damage/wear} \rightarrow \mbox{Replace the clutch shoes} \\ \mbox{as a set}.$

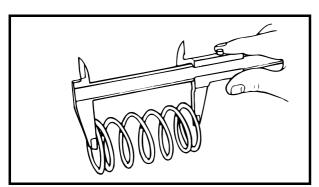
Glazed areas \rightarrow Sand with course sandpaper.

NOTE:

After sanding the glazed areas, clean the clutch with a cloth.





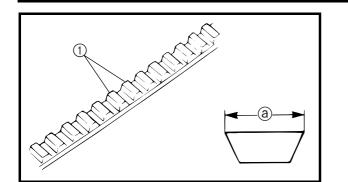


- 4. Check:
- spring free length
 Out of specification → Replace the spring



Spring free length 95.4 mm (3.76 in) <Limit>: 90.7 mm (3.57 in)





CHECKING THE V-BELT

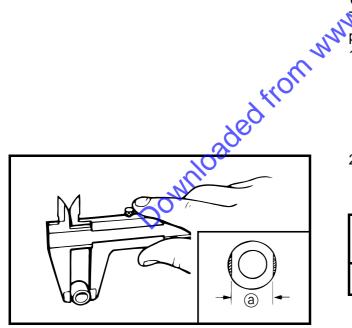
- 1. Check:
- V-belt ① Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.
 Grease/oil → Check the primary and secondary pulleys.
- 2. Measure:
- V-belt width ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.

V-belt width 16.6 mm (0.65 in) <Limit>: 15.0 mm (0.59 in)

EA500321 CHECKING THE PRIMARY PULLEY WEIGHTS

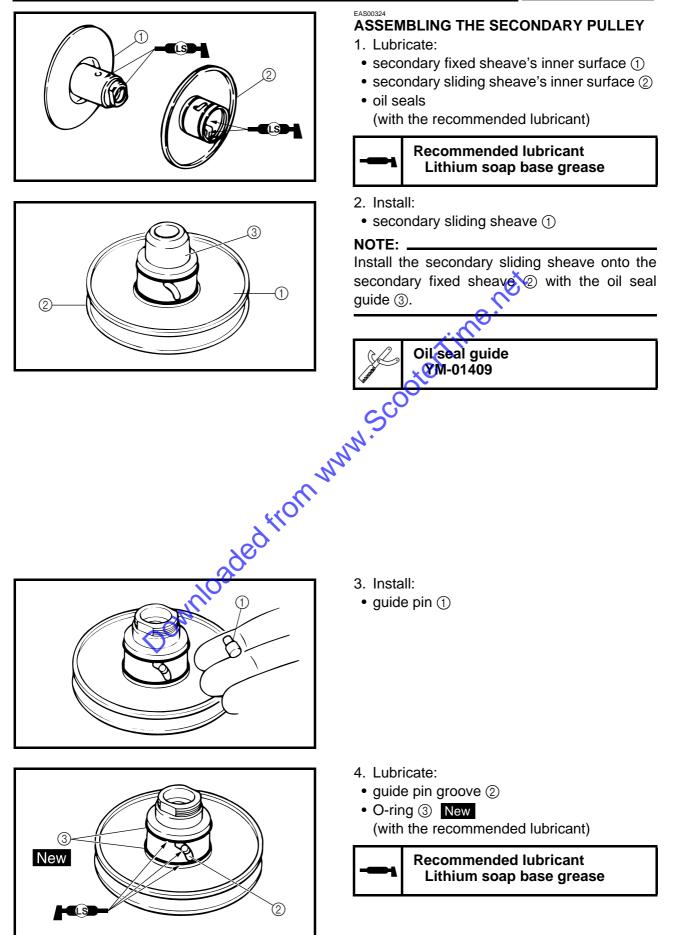
the following procedure applies to all of the primary pulley weights.

- 1. Check:
 - primary pulley weight Cracks/damage/wear → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - primary pulley weight outside diameter ⓐ Out of specification → Replace.

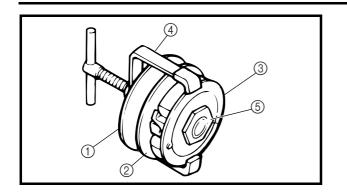


Primary pulley weight outside diameter 15.0 mm (0.59 in) <Limit>: 14.5 mm (0.57 in)









5. Install:

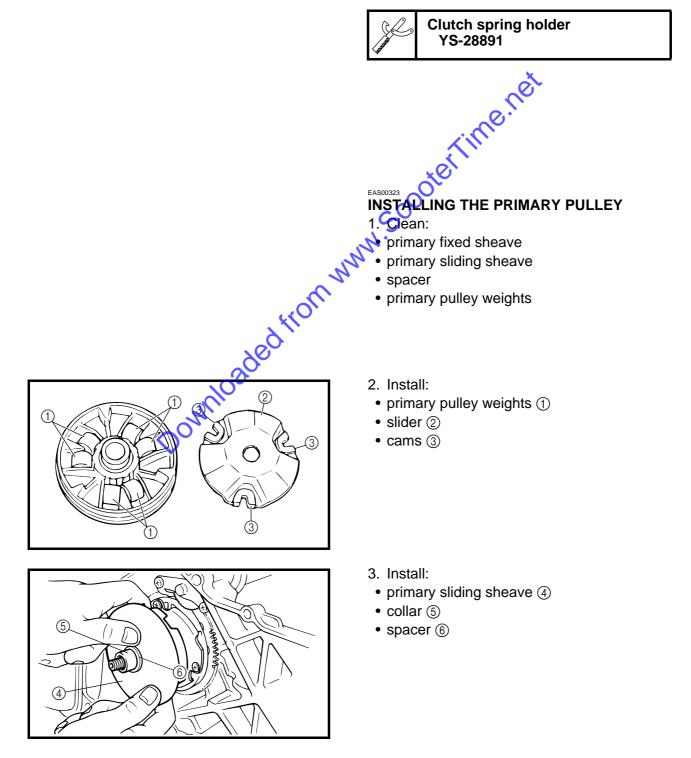
• secondary fixed sheave ①

BELT DRIVE

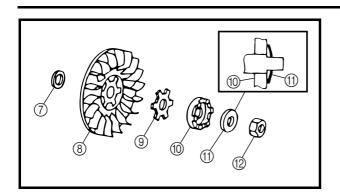
- secondary sliding sheave ②
- spring
- clutch carrier ③

NOTE: .

Attach the clutch spring holder ④ onto the secondary pulley as shown. Then, compress the spring, and tighten the clutch carrier nut ⑤.







4. Install:

- washer ⑦
- primary fixed sheave (8)

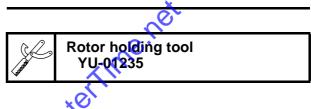
BELT DRIVE

- claw washer (9)
- kickstarter one-way clutch 10
- conical spring washer (1)
- primary sheave nut 12

🔌 30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- Install the conical spring washer (1) as shown in the illustration.
- While holding the generator rotor with the rotor holding tool, tighten the primary sheave nut.





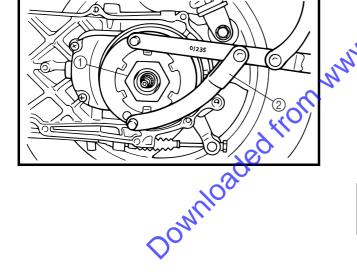
1. Install:

clutch carrier nut ①

🔌 50 Nm (5.0 m · kg, 36 ft · lb)

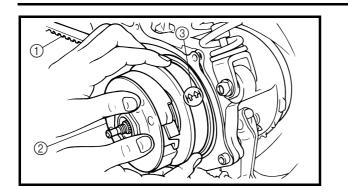
NOTE: _____

While holding the clutch carrier with the rotor holding tool ②, tighten the clutch carrier nut with the locknut wrench.



Rotor holding tool YU-01235





2. Install:

- V-belt ①
- secondary pulley (2)

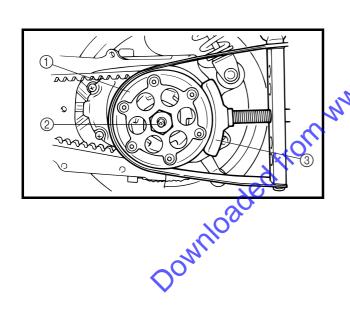
BELT DRIVE

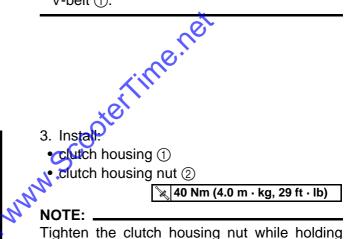
CAUTION:

Do not allow grease to contact the V-belt, secondary pulley or clutch assembly.

NOTE:

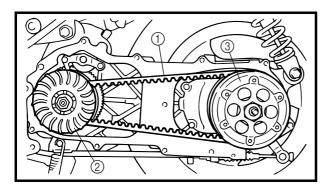
- The V-belt must be installed, with the arrow ③ forward.
- Install the V-belt on the primary pulley, then install the secondary pulley ② along with the V-belt ①.





Tighten the clutch housing nut while holding the clutch housing with the sheave holder ③.

Sheave holder YU-01701



- 4. Position:
- V-belt ①

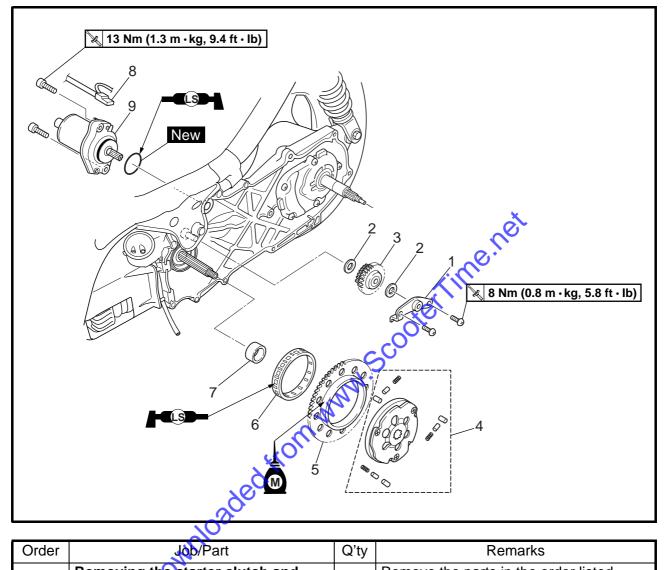
NOTE:

Position the V-belt on the primary pulley ② (when the pulley is at its widest position) and on the secondary pulley ③ (when the pulley is at its narrowest position), and make sure the V-belt is tight.



STARTER CLUTCH AND STARTER MOTOR

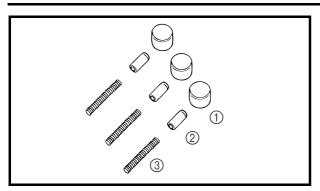


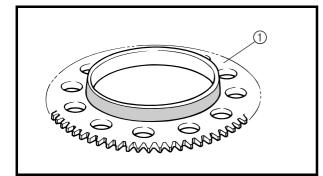


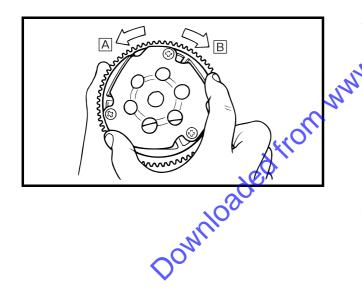
<u> </u>			D
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the starter clutch and		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	starter motor		
	Sheaves cover		Refer to "KICKSTARTER".
	Primary sliding sheave		Refer to "BELT DRIVE"
1	Idle gear plate	1	
2	Washer	2	
3	Idle gear	1	
4	Starter clutch assembly	1	
5	Starter wheel gear	1	
6	Bearing	1	
7	Spacer	1	
8	Starter motor coupler	1	Disconnect.
9	Starter motor	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.





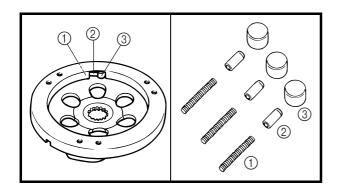






CHECKING THE STARTER CLUTCH

- 1. Check:
- starter clutch rollers (1)
- starter clutch spring caps ②
- starter clutch springs ③
 Damage/wear → Replace.
- 2. Check:
- starter wheel gear ①
 Burrs/chips/roughness/wear → Replace the defective part(s).
- 3. Check:
- starter wheel gear contacting surface Damage/pitting/wear → Replace the starter wheel gear.
- 4. Check
- •starter clutch operation
- a. Install the starter wheel gear onto the starter clutch and hold the starter clutch.
- b. When turning the starter wheel gear clockwise A, the starter clutch and the starter wheel gear should engage, otherwise the starter clutch is faulty and must be replaced.
- c. When turning the starter wheel gear counterclockwise B, it should turn freely, otherwise the starter clutch is faulty and must be replaced.



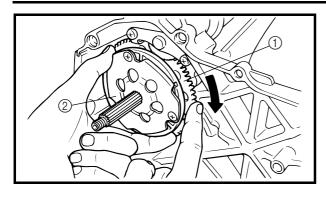
INSTALLING THE STARTER CLUTCH

1. Install:

- starter clutch springs ①
- starter clutch spring caps ②
- starter clutch rollers ③

STARTER CLUTCH AND STARTER MOTOR





- 2. Install:
- starter wheel gear ①
- starter clutch assembly ②

NOTE: .

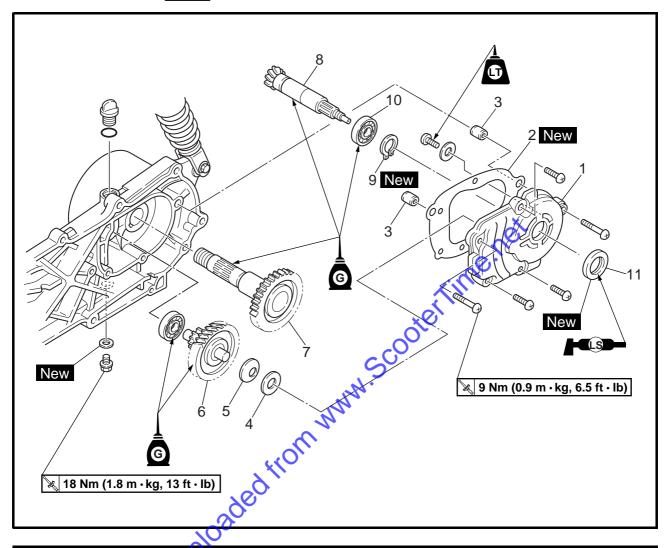
Install the starter clutch assembly ① while turning the starter wheel gear ② clockwise.

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TRANSMISSION



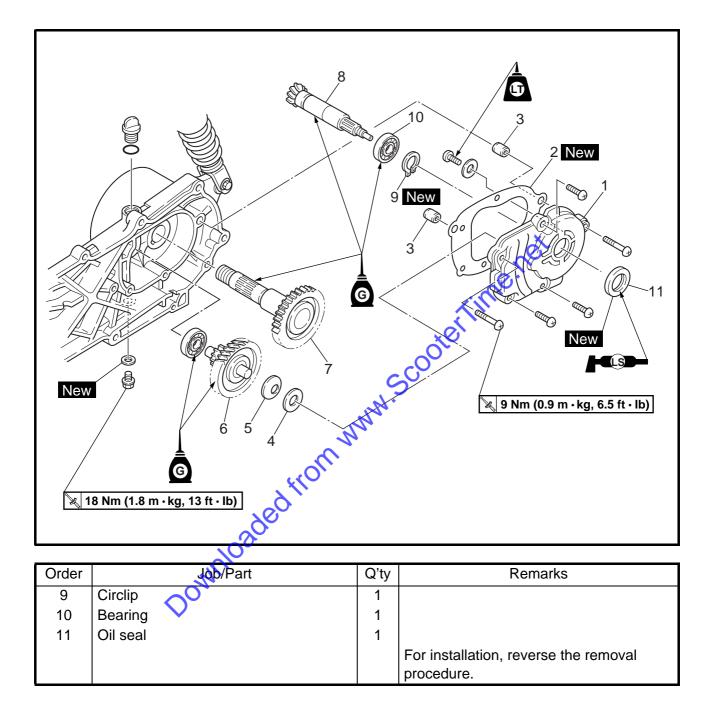




Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the transmission		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Transmission oil		Drain.
	Rear wheel		Refer to "REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE" in
			chapter 4.
	Secondary pulley		Refer to "BELT DRIVE".
1	Transmission cover	1	
2	Gasket	1	
3	Dowel pin	2	
4	Washer	1	
5	Conical spring washer	1	
6	Main axle	1	
7	Drive axle	1	
8	Secondary drive gear	1	

TRANSMISSION





TRANSMISSION



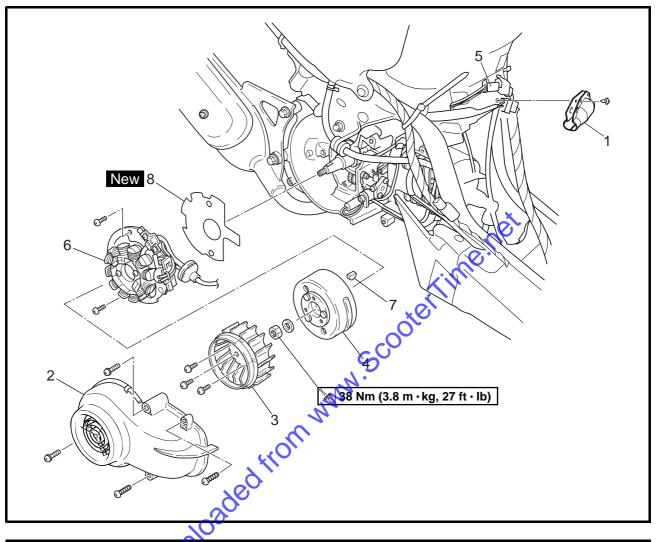
EAS00425 **CHECKING THE TRANSMISSION**

- 1. Check:
- drive axle
- main axle
- secondary drive gear Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
- Rough movement \rightarrow Replace the defective

GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP



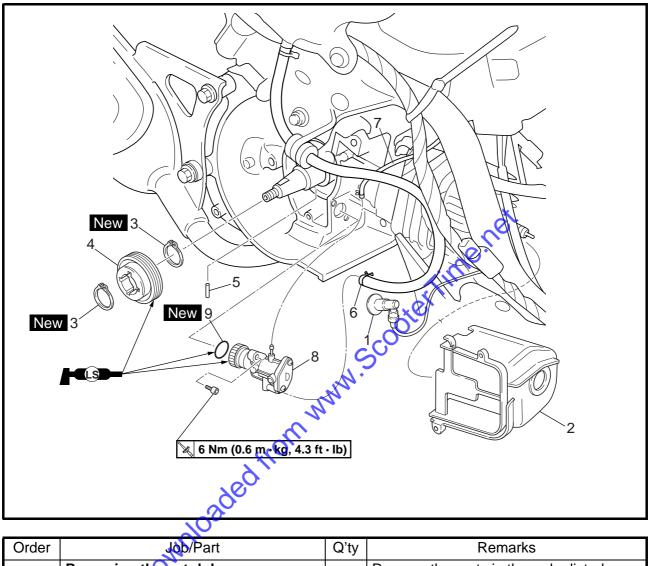
GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP STATOR COIL ASSEMBLY



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the stator coil assembly		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Center cover, side cover (right) and		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT-
	footrest board		REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
1	Coupler cover	1	
2	Air shroud	1	
3	Fan	1	
4	Generator rotor	1	
5	Stator coil assembly coupler	1	Disconnect.
6	Stator coil assembly	1	
7	Woodruff key	1	
8	Gasket	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal procedure.



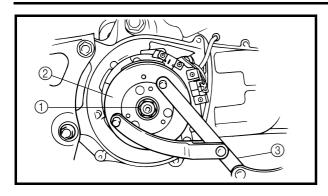
AUTOLUBE PUMP



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the autolube pump		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Stator coil assembly		Refer to "GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE
			PUMP".
1	Spark plug cap	1	
2	Cylinder head cover	1	
3	Circlip	2	
4	Pump drive gear	1	
5	Pin	1	
6	Oil hose	1	
7	Oil delivery hose	1	
8	Autolube pump	1	
9	O-ring	1	
			For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.



GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP

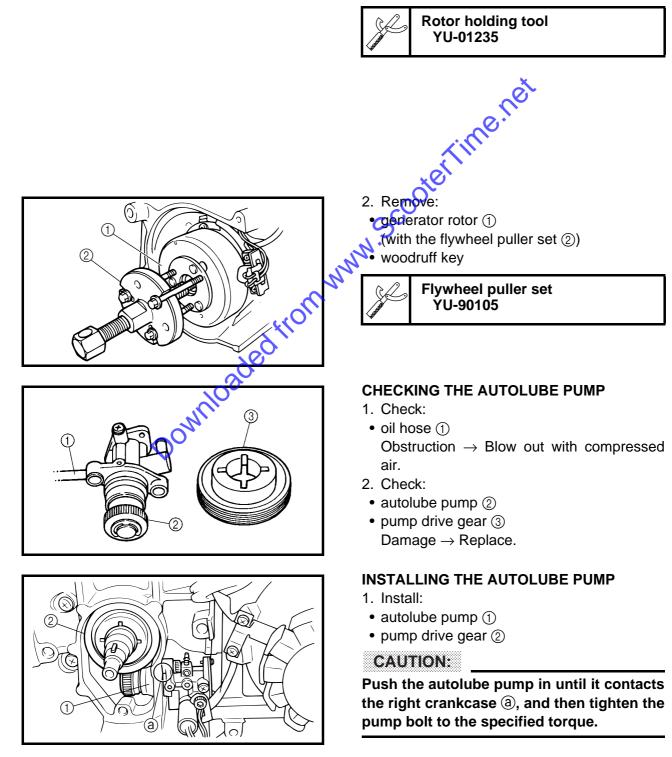


REMOVING THE GENERATOR

- 1. Remove:
- \bullet generator rotor nut (1)
- washer

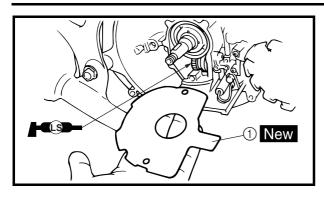
NOTE:

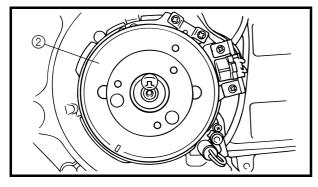
While holding the generator rotor (2) with the rotor holding tool (3), loosen the generator rotor nut.

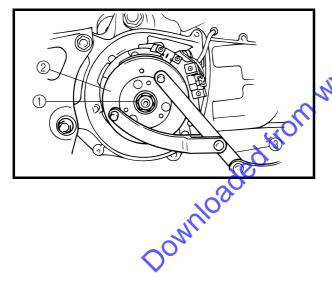




GENERATOR AND AUTOLUBE PUMP







EAS00354 INSTALLING THE GENERATOR

- 1. Install:
 - gasket ① New
 - woodruff key
- generator rotor 2
- washer
- generator rotor nut

NOTE:

- Clean the tapered portion of the crankshaft and the generator rotor hub.
- When installing the generator rotor, make sure the woodruff key is properly seated in the keyway of the crankshaft.
- Do not allow the rotor holding tool to touch the projection on the generator rotor.

2. Tighten:

• generator rotor nut (1)

🔌 38 Nm (3.8 m · kg, 27 ft · lb)

- NOTE:
 - While holding the generator rotor ② with the rotor holding tool ③, tighten the generator rotor nut ①.
- Do not allow the rotor holding tool to touch the projection on the generator rotor.

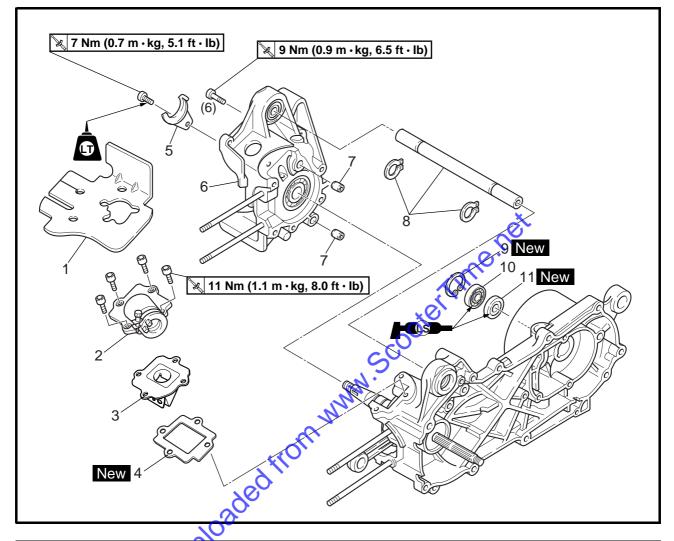


Rotor holding tool YU-01235

CRANKCASE



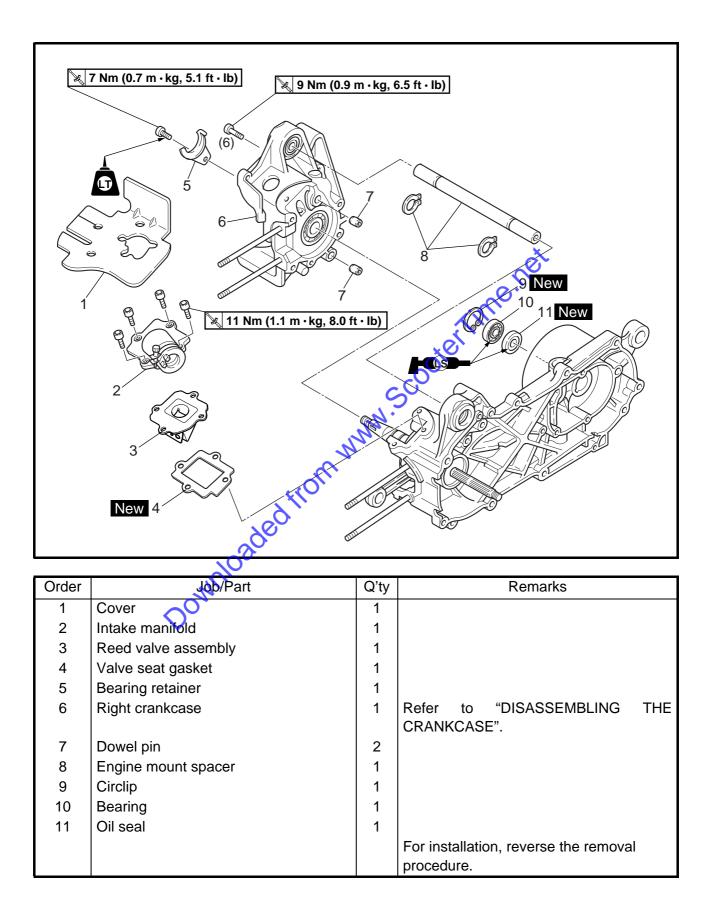
CRANKCASE



Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Separating the crankcase		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Rear wheel assembly		Refer to "REAR WHEEL AND BRAKE" in
			chapter 4.
	Engine assembly		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL".
	Cylinder head, cylinder and piston		Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD, CYLINDER
			AND PISTON".
	Sheaves cover		Refer to "KICKSTARTER".
	V-belt and secondary pulley		Refer to "BELT DRIVE".
	Starter clutch assembly and starter		Refer to "STARTER CLUCH AND
	motor		STARTER MOTOR".
	Generator rotor		Refer to "GENERATOR AND AUTOL-
			UBE PUMP".
	Autolube pump		Refer to "AUTOLUBE PUMP".
	Rear wheel		Refer to "REAR WEEL AND BRAKE" in
			chapter 4.
	Transmission		Refer to "TRANSMISSION".

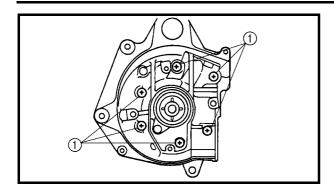
CRANKCASE

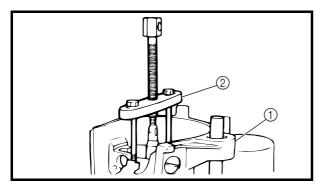




CRANKCASE







EAS00385 **DISASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE**

- 1. Remove:
- crankcase screws (1)

NOTE:

Loosen each screw 1/4 of a turn at a time, in stages and in a crisscross pattern. After all of the screws are fully loosened, remove them.

- 2. Remove:
- right crankcase ①

CAUTION:

Tap on one side of the crankcase with a soft-face hammer. Tap only on reinforced portions of the crankcase, not on the crankcase mating surfaces. Work slowly and carefully and make sure the crankcase halves separate evenly.

NOTE:

Remove the crankcase separating tool 2.

YU-01135

Crankcase separating tool

EAS00399 CHECKING THE CRANKCASE

- 1. Thoroughly wash the crankcase halves in a mild solvent.
- Downloaded from white 2. Thoroughly clean all the gasket surfaces and crankcase mating surfaces.
 - 3. Check:
 - crankcase

Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.

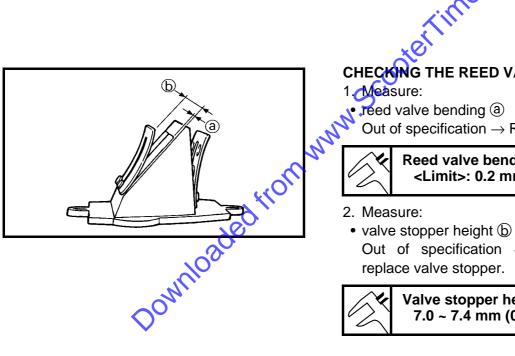
 oil delivery passages Obstruction \rightarrow Blow out with compressed air.



EAS00401 CHECKING THE BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

- 1. Check:
- bearings Clean and lubricate the bearings, then rotate the inner race with your finger. Rough movement \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
- oil seals

```
Damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.
```



tertime.net CHECKING THE REED VALVE

- Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



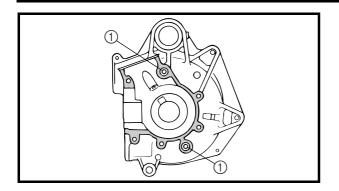
Reed valve bending <Limit>: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

- Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust stopper/



Valve stopper height 7.0 ~ 7.4 mm (0.28 ~ 0.29 in)

ENG



ASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE

CRANKCASE

1. Apply:

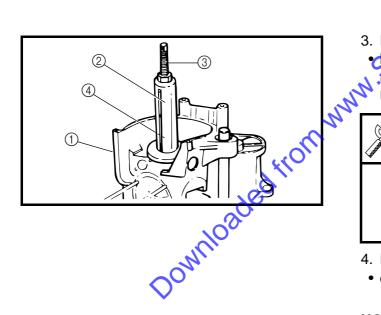
 sealant (onto the crankcase mating surfaces)

> Quick Gasket[®] ACC-1100-15-01

NOTE:

Do not allow any sealant to come into contact with the oil gallery.

- 2. Install:
- dowel pins 1



- 3. Instal:
 deft crankcase ①
 tonto the right crankcase)
 Use the crankshaft installing tool.
 - Crankshaft installer pot ② YU-90058 Crankshaft installer bolt ③ YU-90060 Crankshaft installer adapter (M10) ④ YU-90062
- 4. Install:
- crankcase screws

🔌 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Tighten each bolt 1/4 of a turn at a time, in stages and in a crisscross pattern.

- 5. Apply:
- engine oil

(onto the crankshaft pins bearings and oil delivery holes)

- 6. Check:
- crankshaft and transmission operation Rough movement \rightarrow Repair.



CRANKSHAFT

CRANKSHAFT

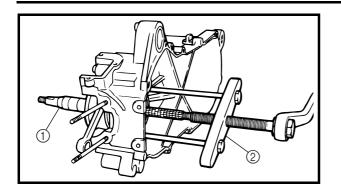
4

Crankcase 1

	The second secon		Ter 3
	<u> </u>		
Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
Order	Job/Part Removing the crankshaft	Q'ty	Remove the parts in the order listed.
Order	Job/Part Removing the crankshaft Engine assembly	Q'ty	Remove the parts in the order listed. Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL".
Order	Job/Part Removing the crankshaft	Q'ty	Remove the parts in the order listed. Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL". Separate.
	Job/Part Removing the crankshaft Engine assembly Crankcase		Remove the parts in the order listed. Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL".
1	Job/Part Removing the crankshaft Engine assembly Crankcase Crankshaft	1	Remove the parts in the order listed. Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL". Separate.
	Job/Part Removing the crankshaft Engine assembly Crankcase		Remove the parts in the order listed. Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL". Separate.

1 1 For installation, reverse the removal procedure.



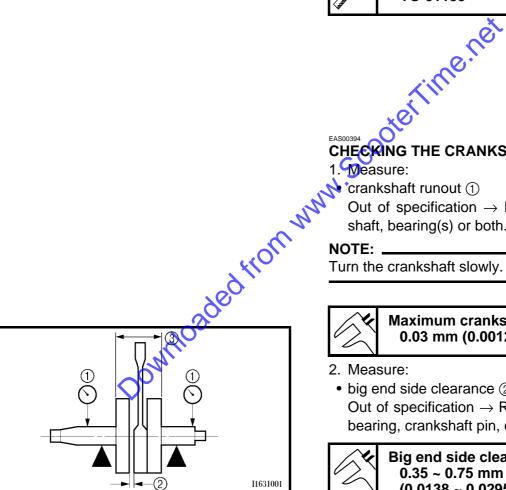


EAS0038 **REMOVING THE CRANKSHAFT** ASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
- crankshaft assembly (1)

NOTE: .

- Remove the crankshaft assembly with the crankcase separating tool 2.
- Make sure the crankcase separating tool is centered over the crankshaft assembly.

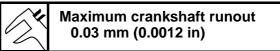


Crankcase separating tool YU-01135

CHECKING THE CRANKSHAFT

- 🔶 *crankshaft runout 🕦
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the crankshaft, bearing(s) or both.

Turn the crankshaft slowly.

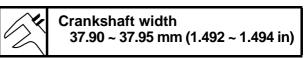


• big end side clearance (2) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the big end bearing, crankshaft pin, or connecting rod.



Big end side clearance 0.35 ~ 0.75 mm (0.0138 ~ 0.0295 in) <Limit>: 1 mm (0.0394 in)

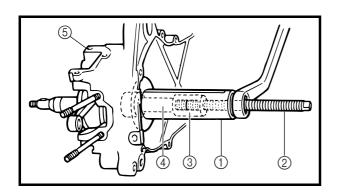
- 3. Measure:
- crankshaft width ③ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the crankshaft.



CRANKSHAFT

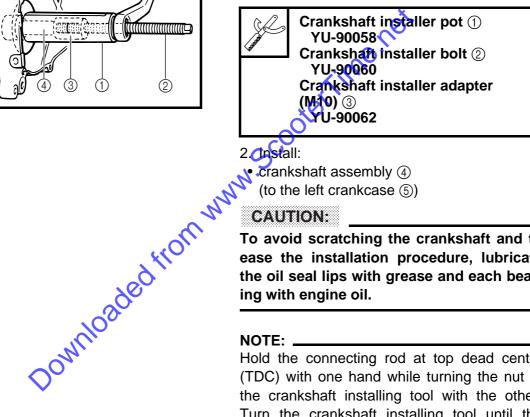


- 4. Check:
- bearing Cracks/damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.



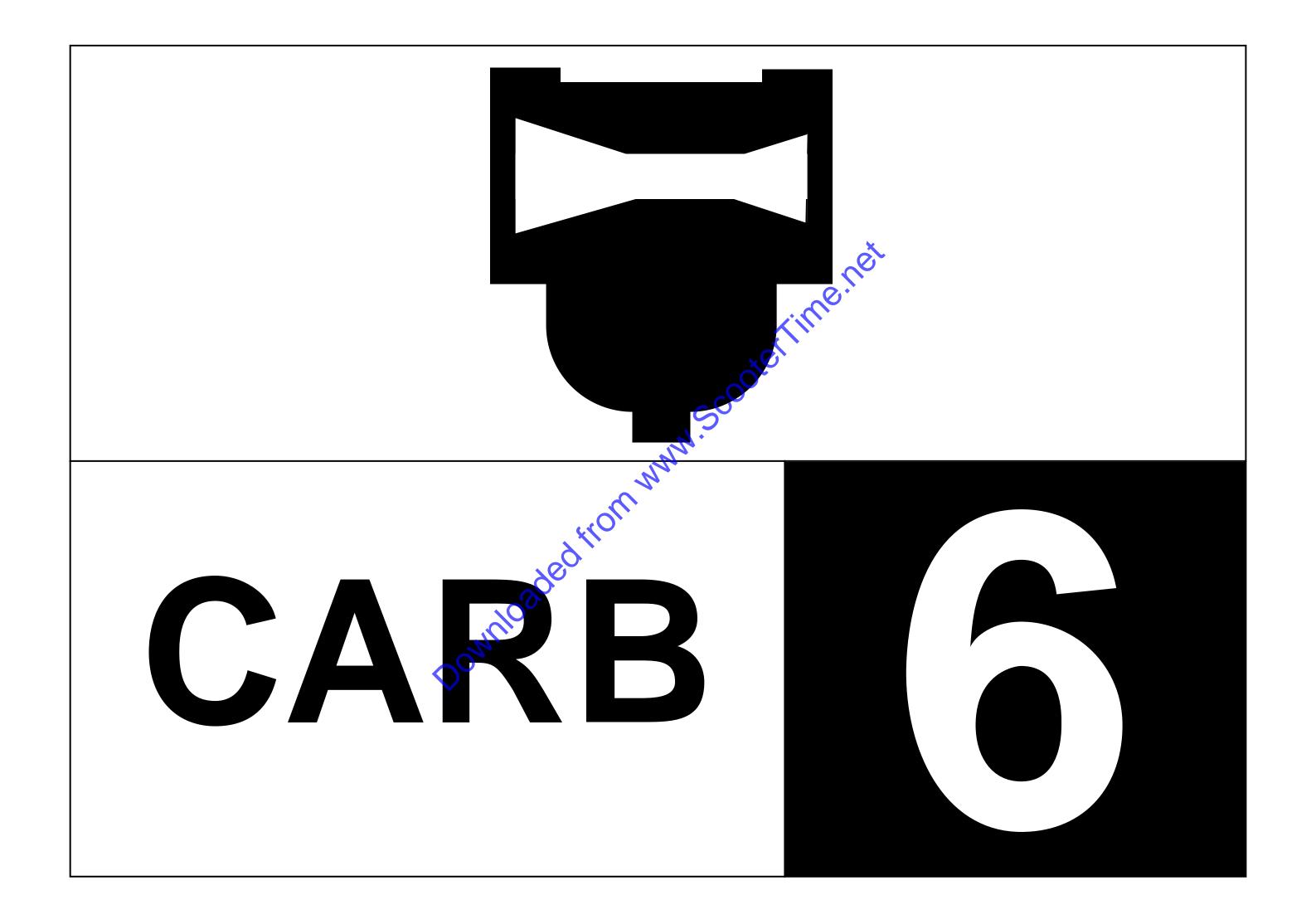
EAS0040 **INSTALLING THE CRANKSHAFT**

- 1. Install:
- crankshaft installing tool



To avoid scratching the crankshaft and to ease the installation procedure, lubricate the oil seal lips with grease and each bear-

Hold the connecting rod at top dead center (TDC) with one hand while turning the nut of the crankshaft installing tool with the other. Turn the crankshaft installing tool until the crankshaft assembly bottoms against the bearing.





CHAPTER 6 CARBURETION

CARBURETOR	6-1
CHECKING THE CARBURETOR	6-4
ASSEMBLING THE CARBURETOR	6-5
INSTALLING THE CARBURETOR	6-6
MEASURING AND ADJUSTING THE FLOAT HEIGHT	6-7
CHECKING THE AUTOCHOKE ASSEMBLY	6-7
CHECKING THE FUEL COCK OPERATION	6-8

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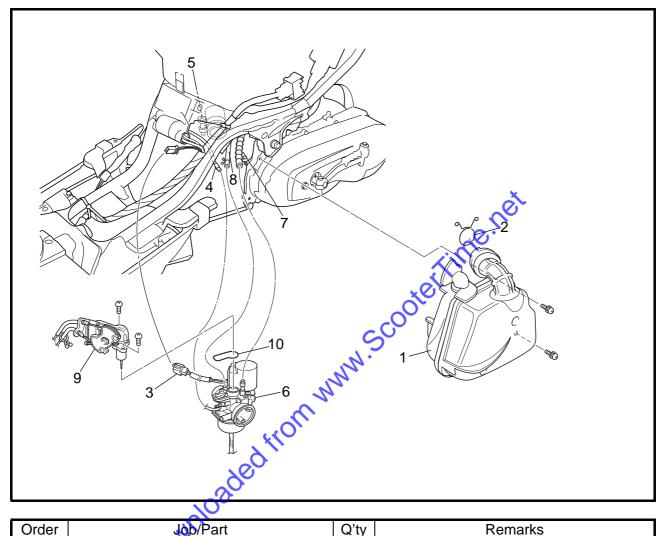


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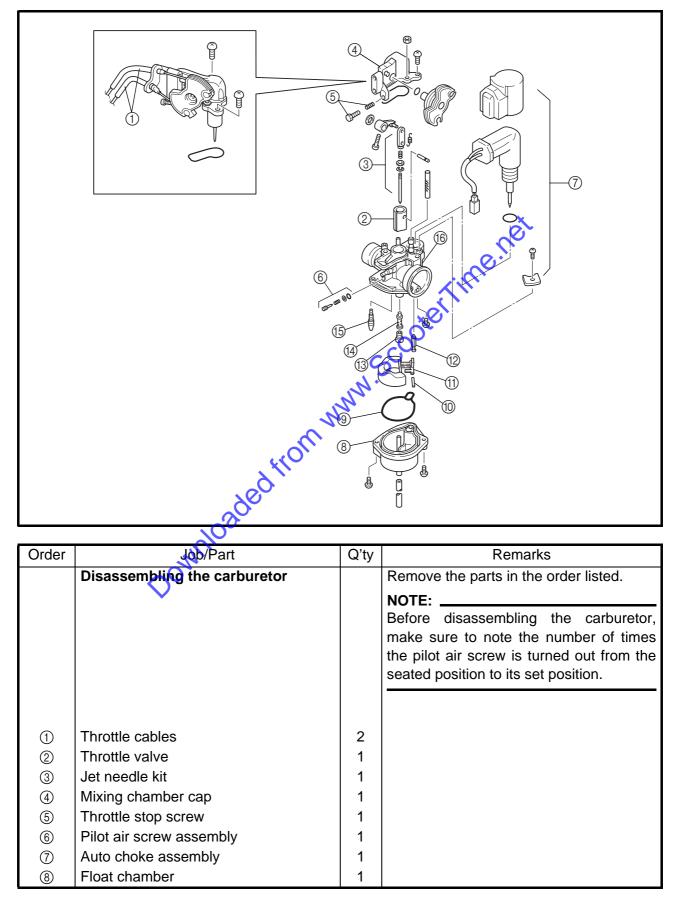


CARBURETION

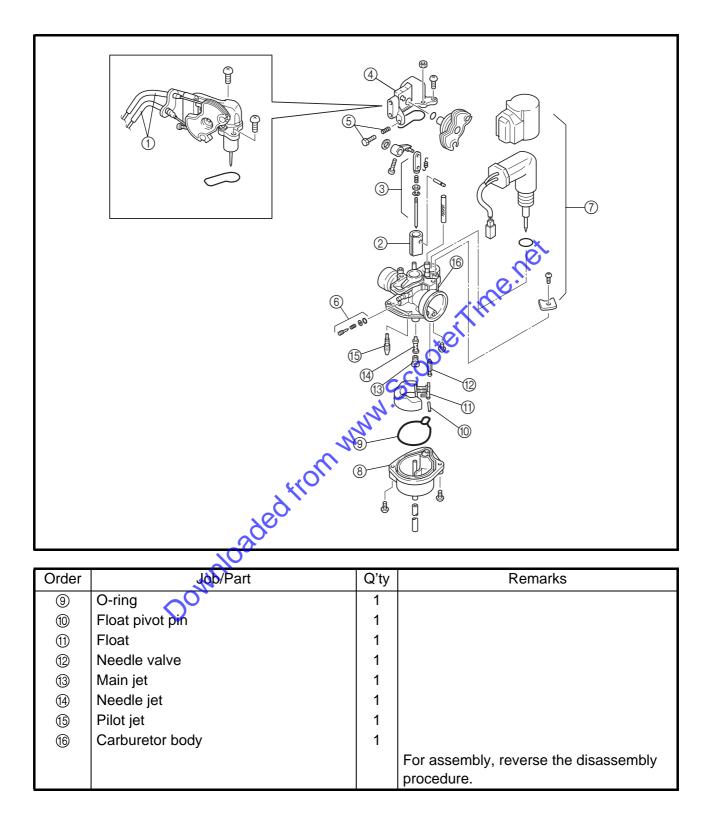


Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removing the carburetor		Remove the parts in the order listed.
	Center cover, side cover (left) and foot-		Refer to "SIDE COVERS AND FOOT-
	rest board		REST BOARD" in chapter 3.
1	Air filter case assembly	1	
2	Clip	1	
3	Auto choke coupler	1	Disconnect.
4	Oil delivery hose	1	
5	Clamp screw (intake manifold)	1	Loosen.
6	Carburetor assembly	1	
7	Fuel hose	1	
8	Vacuum hose	1	
9	Throttle assembly	1	
10	O-ring	1	
	_		For installation, reverse the removal
			procedure.









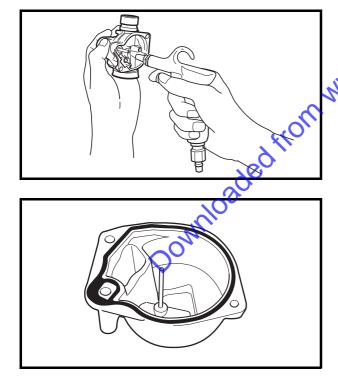


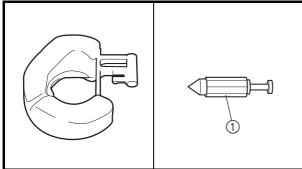
CHECKING THE CARBURETOR

NOTE: .

Before disassembling the carburetor, make sure to note the number of times the pilot air screw is turned out from the seated position to its set position.

- 1. Check:
- carburetor body
- float chamber
- jet housing Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.



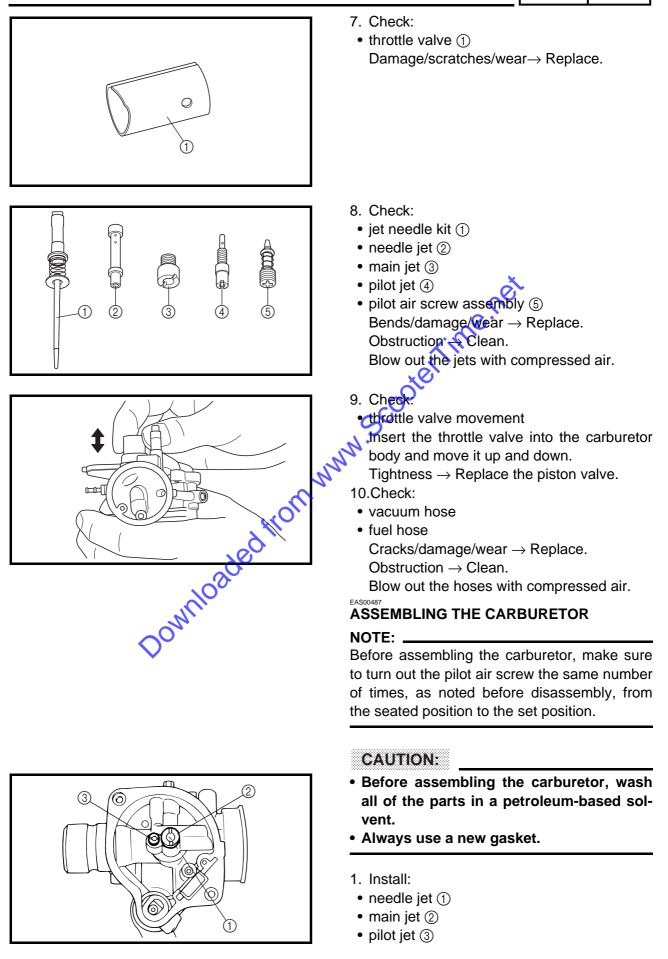


- 2. Check. • fuel passages Obstruction → Clean.
- a. Wash the carburetor in a petroleum-based solvent. Do not use any caustic carburetor cleaning solution.
- b. Blow out all of the passages and jets with compressed air.

***** * *** * *** * *****

- 3. Check:
 - float chamber body Dirt \rightarrow Clean.
- 4. Check:
- float chamber rubber gasket Cracks/damage/wear \rightarrow Replace.
- 5. Check:
- float
 - Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 6. Check:
- needle valve ①
 Damage/obstruction/wear → Replace the needle valve.

6 - 4

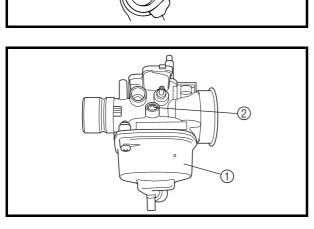


CARB





- 2. Install:
 - needle valve ①
 - float 2
- float pivot pin ③
- screw ④
- 3. Install:
- float chamber ①
- pilot air screw assembly ②



A

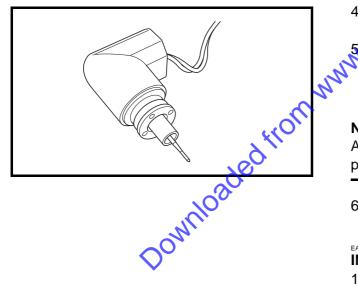
6

(2)

(1)

(4)

3



- 4. Instalt: • starter plunger kit 5. Install:
- throttle valve
- jet needle holder
- jet needle kit

NOTE:

Align the groove of the throttle valve with the projection of the carburetor body.

- 6. Install:
 - throttle cable

EAS00492 INSTALLING THE CARBURETOR

- 1. Adjust:
 - engine idling speed

Engine idling speed 1,800 r/min

Refer to "ADJUSTING THE ENGINE IDLING SPEED" in chapter 3.

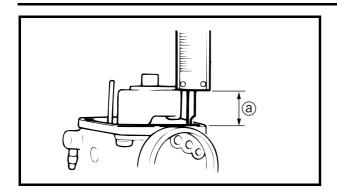
- 2. Adjust:
- throttle cable free play

Throttle cable free play (at the flange of the throttle grip) 1.5 ~ 3.5 mm (0.06 ~ 0.14 in)

1.5 ~ 3.5 mm (0.06 ~ 0.14 in) Refer to "ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE

CABLE FREE PLAY" in chapter 3.





EAS00499 **MEASURING AND ADJUSTING THE FLOAT** HEIGHT

- 1. Measure:
- float height (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the needle valve.

Float height 15 ~ 17 mm (0.59 ~ 0.67 in)

~~~

- a. Remove the carburetor.
- b. Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.
- c. Measure the distance from the mating surface of the float chamber to the top of the float.
- d. If the float height is not within specification, check the needle valve.
- e. If either worn, replace them as a set.
- f. Instante carburetor.

EAS00503 CHECKING THE AUTOCHOKE ASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Downloaded from www. When checking the autochoke assembly, the ambient temperature must be lower than 45 °C (113 °F).

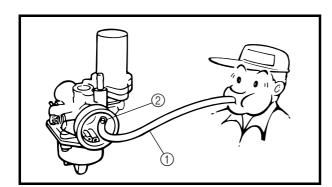
- 1. Remove:
- carburetor
- 2. Check:
- autochoke assembly

*** **•** • • • • **VVW**

a. Connect a 3.3-mm hose (1) to the starter air passage 2 and blow into the hose.

NOTE: _

When the starter plunger is open, air should come out of the other side of the starter air passage.



CARBURETOR



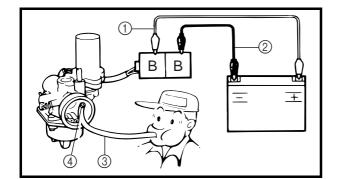
Starter plunger opens.	Perform step (3).
Starter plunger	Replace the auto-
closes.	choke assembly.

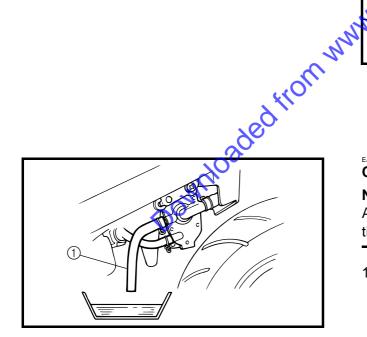
- 3. Check:
- autochoke assembly
- a. Connect the autochoke assembly leads to a
 - 12.0-V battery for five minutes.

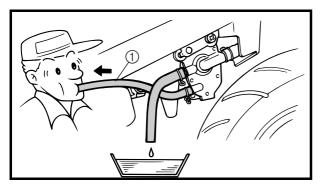
Positive battery lead $(1) \rightarrow black$ Negative battery lead $(2) \rightarrow black$

b. Connect a 3.3-mm hose ③ to the starter air passage ④ and blow into the hose.

Replace the auto- choke assembly.
Autochoke is OK.
-







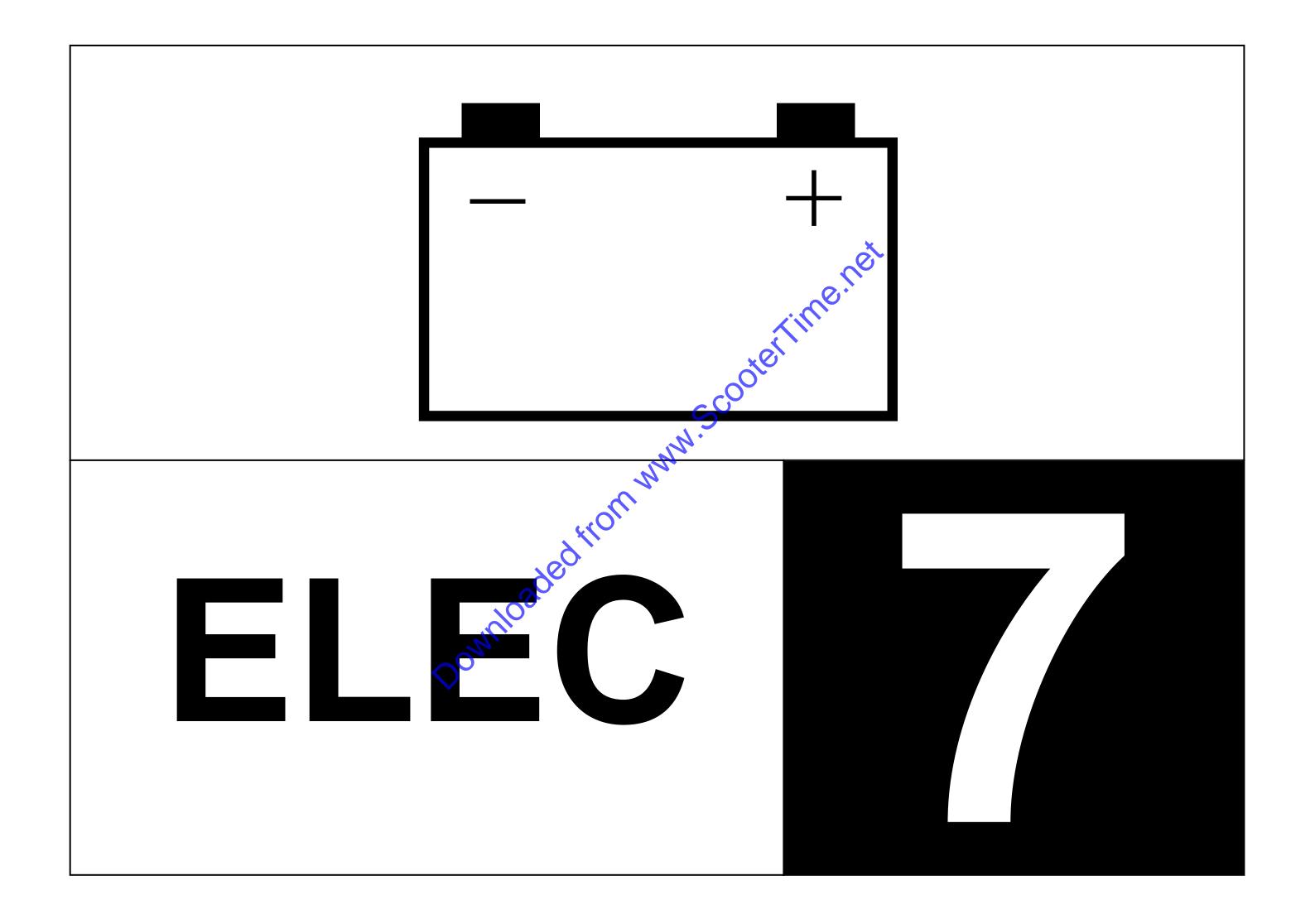
CHECKING THE FUEL COCK OPERATION

After installing the fuel cock, check its operation.

- 1. Place a container under the end of the fuel hose ①.
- 2. Check:
- fuel cock operation

a. Suck on the end of the vacuum hose ①.

Fuel flows.	Fuel cock is OK.
Fuel does not flow.	Replace the fuel cock.





CHAPTER 7 ELECTRICAL

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	7-1
SWITCHES CHECKING SWITCH CONTINUITY	7-2
CHECKING THE SWITCHES	
CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS	
TYPES OF BULBS CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULBS CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULB SOCKETS	7-5
CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULBS	7-6
CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULB SOCKETS	
IGNITION SYSTEM	7-8
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	7 0
TROUBLESHOOTING	7-9
ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM	
FLECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM	7-13
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	7-13
	7-14
STARTER MOTOR	7-17
CHECKING THE STARTER MOTOR	7-19
ASSEMBLING THE STARTER MOTOR	
	7-21
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	7-21
TROUBLESHOOTING	7-22
	7-24
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	
TROUBLESHOOTING	
CHECKING THE LIGHTING SYSTEM	7-26
TROUBLESHOOTING CHECKING THE SIGNALING SYSTEM	
	<i>1-</i> 32
AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM	7-39
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	
TROUBLESHOOTING	7-40



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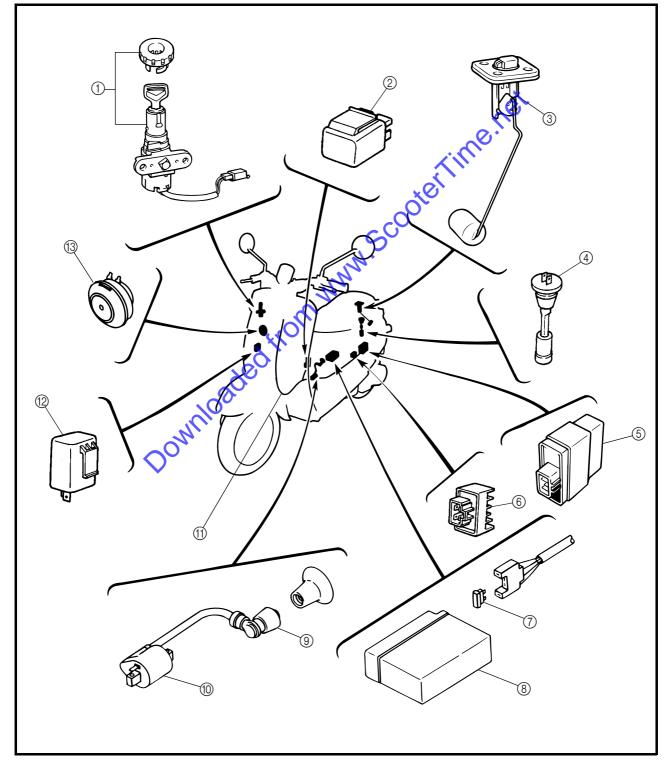
EAS00729

ELECTRICAL

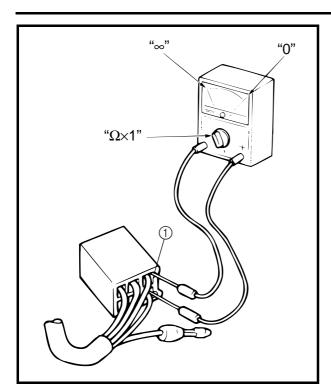
ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

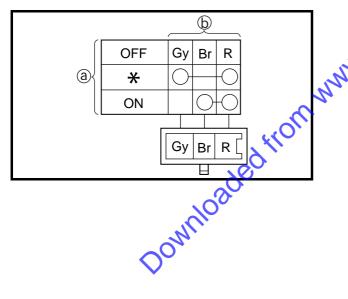
- ① Main switch
- ② Starter relay
- ③ Fuel sender
- 4 Oil level switch
- 5 CDI unit
- 6 Rectifier/regulator
- ⑦ Main fuse

- ⑧ Battery
- (9) Spark plug cap
- 1 Ignition coil
- (1) Wire harness
- 12 Turn signal relay
- 13 Horn









SWITCHES

CHECKING SWITCH CONTINUITY

Check each switch for continuity with the pocket tester. If the continuity reading is incorrect, check the wiring connections and if necessary, replace the switch.

CAUTION

Never insert the tester probes into the coupler terminal slots ①. Always insert the probes from the opposite end of the coupler, taking care not to loosen or damage the leads.



NOTE:

• Before checking for continuity, set the pocket tester to "0" and to the " $\Omega \times 1$ " range.

• When checking for continuity, switch back and forth between the switch positions a few times.

The terminal connections for switches (e.g., main switch, engine stop switch) are shown in an illustration similar to the one on the left.

The switch positions (a) are shown in the far left column and the switch lead colors (b) are shown in the top row in the switch illustration.

NOTE:

"O____O" indicates a continuity of electricity between switch terminals (i.e., a closed circuit at the respective switch position).

The example illustration on the left shows that:

There is continuity between red and brown when the switch is set to "ON".



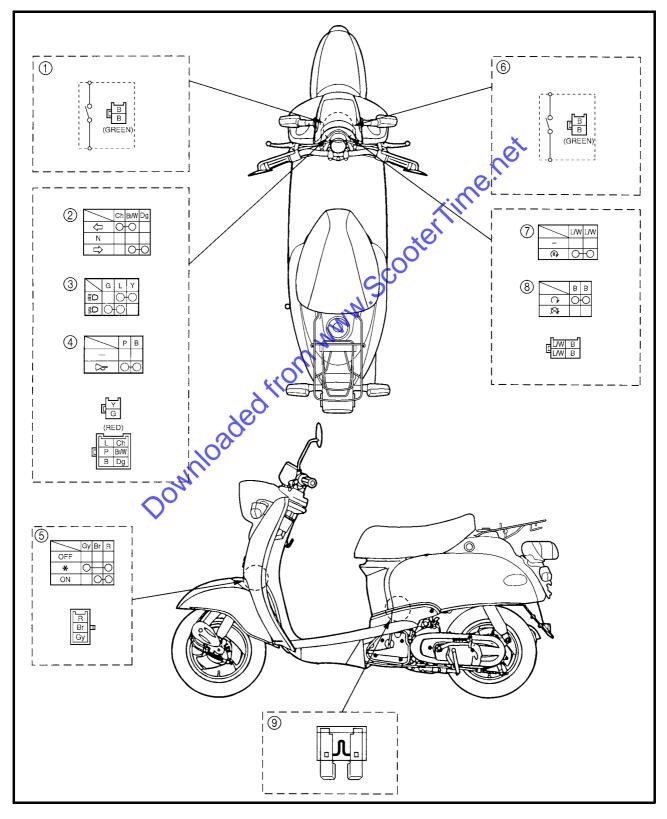
CHECKING THE SWITCHES

Check each switch for damage or wear, proper connections, and also for continuity between the terminals. Refer to "CHECKING SWITCH CONTINUITY".

Damage/wear \rightarrow Repair or replace.

Improperly connected \rightarrow Properly connect.

Incorrect continuity reading \rightarrow Replace the switch.





-) Front brake light switch
- ② Turn signal switch
- ③ Dimmer switch
- 4 Horn switch
- (5) Main switch
- 6 Rear brake light switch
- ⑦ Start switch
- (8) Engine stop switch
- (9) Main fuse

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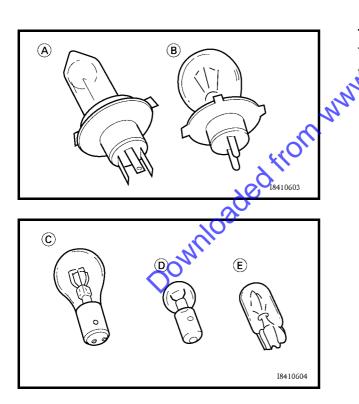


CHECKING THE BULBS AND BULB SOCKETS

Check each bulb and bulb socket for damage or wear, proper connections, and also for continuity between the terminals.

Damage/wear \rightarrow Repair or replace the bulb, bulb socket or both.

Improperly connected \rightarrow Properly connect. No continuity \rightarrow Repair or replace the bulb, bulb socket or both.





TYPES OF BULBS

The bulbs used on this scooter are shown in the illustration on the left.

- Bulbs (A) and (B) are used for the headlights and usually use a bulb holder that must be detached before removing the bulb. The majority of these types of bulbs can be removed from their respective socket by turning them counterclockwise.
- Bulbs © are used for turn signal and tail/ brake lights and can be removed from the socket by pushing and turning the bulb counterclockwise.
- Bulbs D and E are used for meter and indicator lights and can be removed from their respective socket by carefully pulling them out.



CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULBS

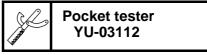
The following procedure applies to all of the bulbs.

- 1. Remove:
- bulb

Since the headlight bulb gets extremely hot, keep flammable products and your hands away from the bulb until it has cooled down.

CAUTION

- Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulk Never pull the lead, otherwise it may be pulled out of the terminal in the coupler.
- Avoid touching the glass part of the headlight boild to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the life of the bulb, and the luminous flux will Downloaded from www be adversely affected. If the headlight bulb gets soiled, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.
 - 2. Check:
 - bulb (for continuity) (with the pocket tester) No continuity \rightarrow Replace.

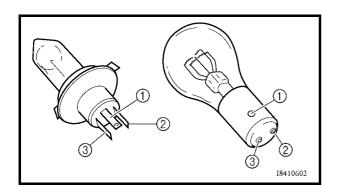


NOTE:

Before checking for continuity, set the pocket tester to "0" and to the " $\Omega \times 1$ " range.

• • • • *** **• • • •**

- a. Connect the positive tester probe to terminal (1) and the negative tester probe to terminal (2), and check the continuity.
- b. Connect the positive tester probe to terminal (1) and the negative tester probe to terminal ③, and check the continuity.
- c. If either of the readings indicate no continuity, replace the bulb.



7 - 6



CHECKING THE CONDITION OF THE BULB SOCKETS

The following procedure applies to all of the bulb sockets.

- 1. Check:
- bulb socket (for continuity) (with the pocket tester) No continuity \rightarrow Replace.

Pocket tester YU-03112

NOTE: _

Check each bulb socket for continuity in the same manner as described in the bulb section; however, note the following.

*** *** a. Install a good bulb into the bulb socket.

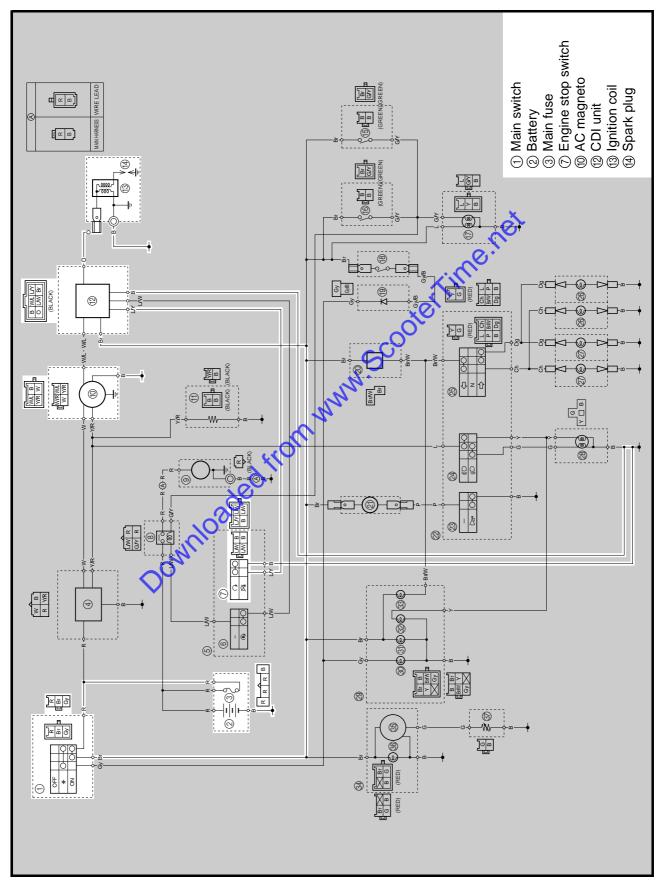
0

b. Connect the pocket tester probes to the respective leads of the bulb socket.

Downloaded from white the sector of the pocket of the pocket of the readings indic the readings indic replace the bulb socket. c. Check the bulb socket for continuity. If any of the readings indicate no continuity,



IGNITION SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



EAS00736 TROUBLESHOOTING

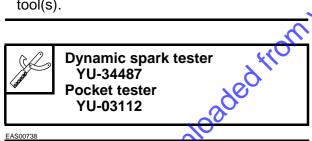
The ignition system fails to operate (no spark or intermittent spark).

Check:

- 1. main fuse
- 2. battery
- 3. spark plug
- 4. ignition spark gap
- 5. spark plug cap resistance
- 6. ignition coil resistance
- 7. pickup coil resistance
- 8. main switch
- 9. engine stop switch
- 10.wiring (of the entire ignition system)

NOTE:

- Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s):
- 1) center cover
- 2) side cover (left)
- 3) side cover (right)
- 4) leg shield
- Troubleshoot with the following special tool(s).



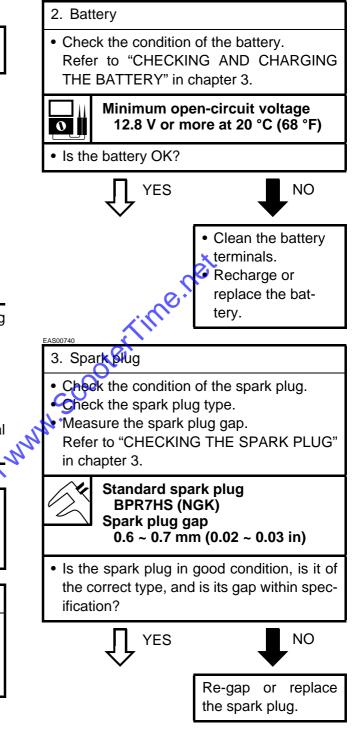
1. Main fuse

- Check the main fuse for continuity. Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSE" in chapter 3.
- Is the main fuse OK?

YES Replace the main fuse.

IGNITION SYSTEM



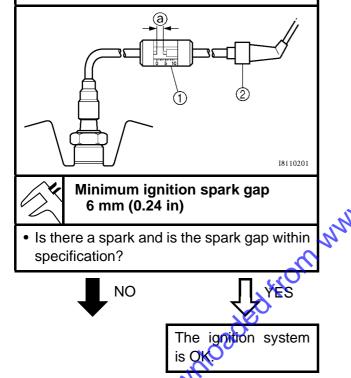




4. Ignition spark gap

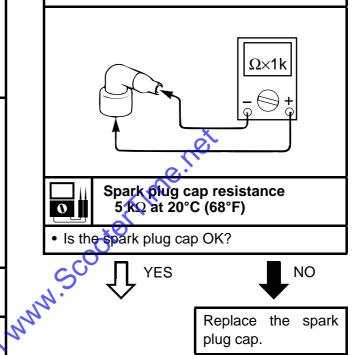
AS00742

- Disconnect the spark plug cap from the spark plug.
- Connect the ignition checker/dynamic spark tester (1) as shown.
- ② Spark plug cap
- Set the main switch to "ON".
- Measure the ignition spark gap (a).
- Crank the engine by pushing the starter switch and gradually increase the spark gap until a misfire occurs.



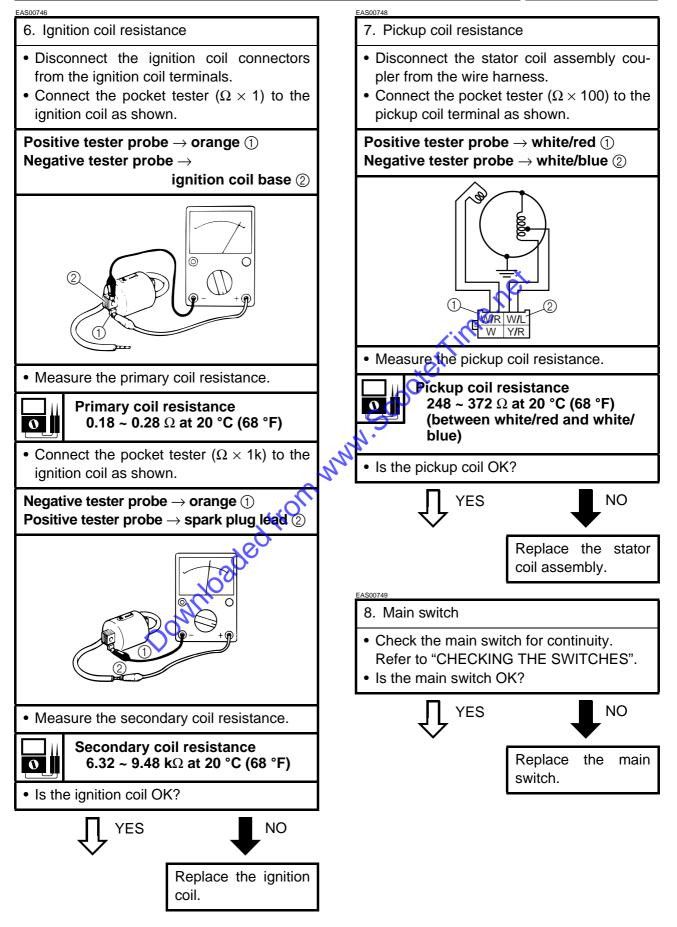
5. Spark plug cap resistance

- Remove the spark plug cap from the spark plug lead.
- Connect the pocket tester (" $\Omega \times 1k$ " range) to the spark plug cap as shown.
- Measure the spark plug cap resistance.

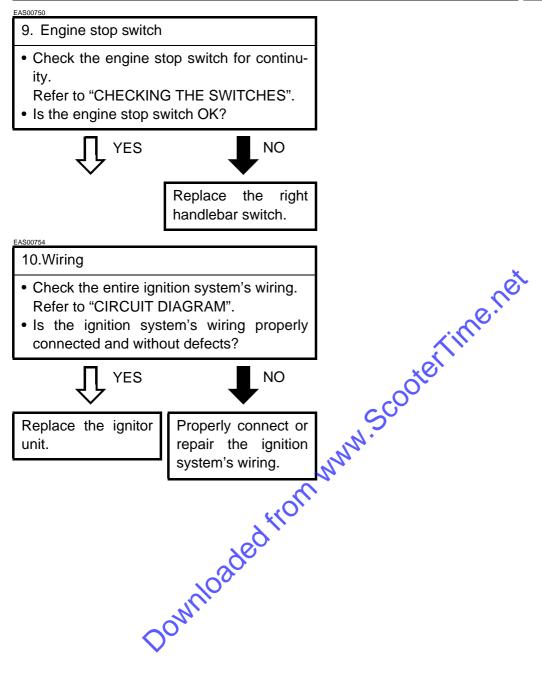


plug cap.



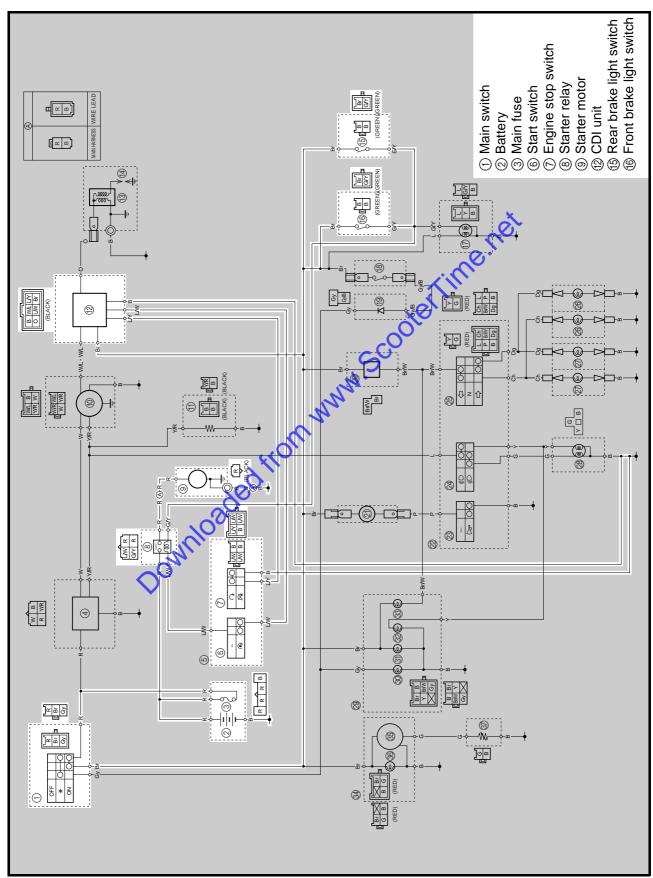


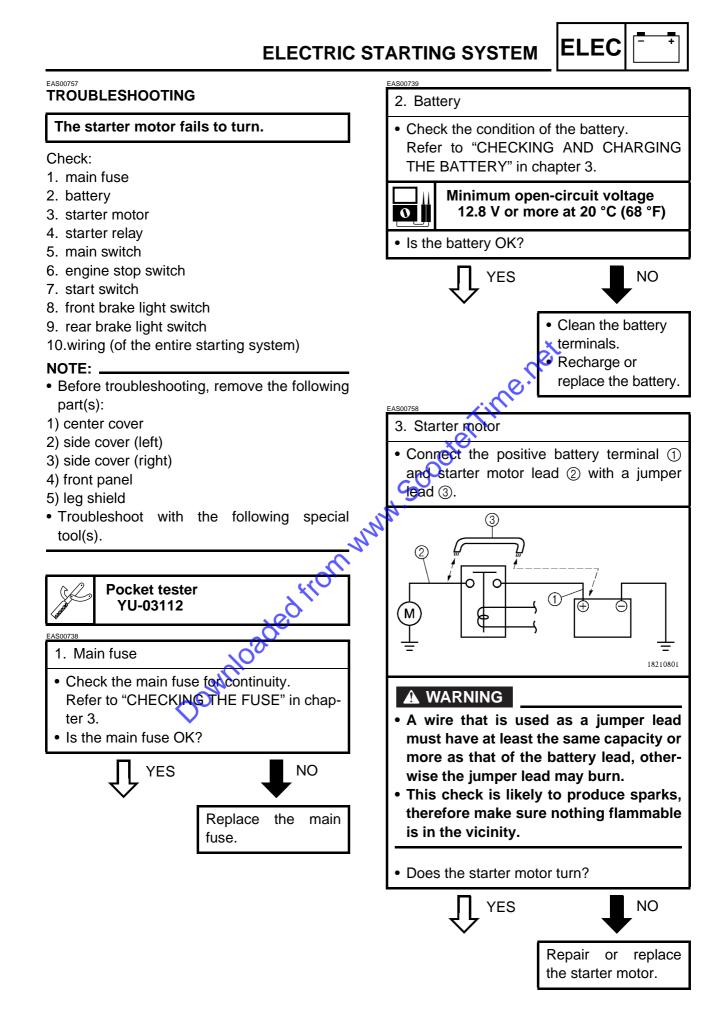






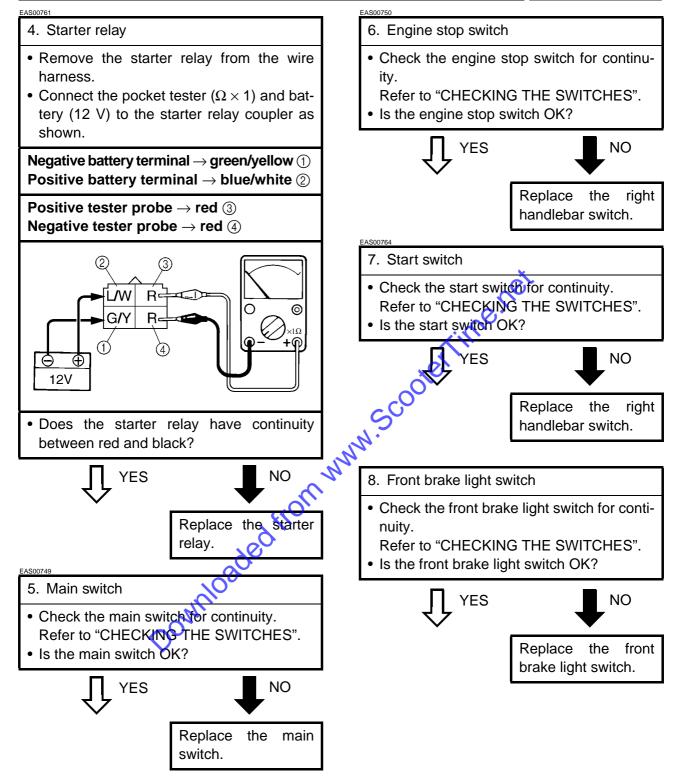
ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





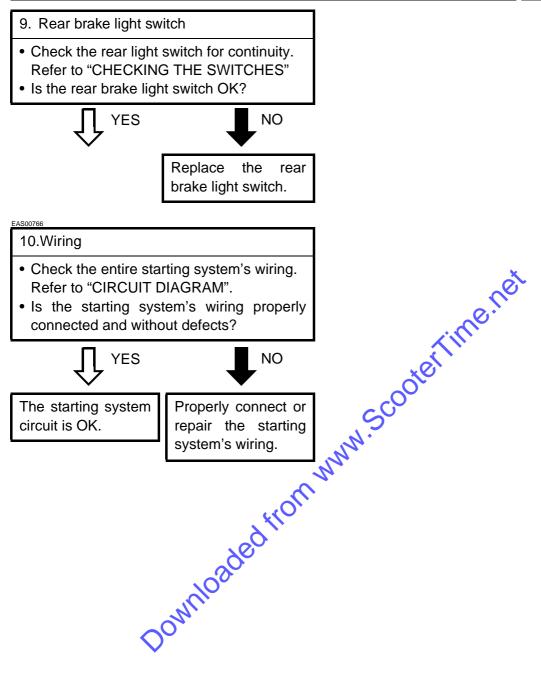
ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM





ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM

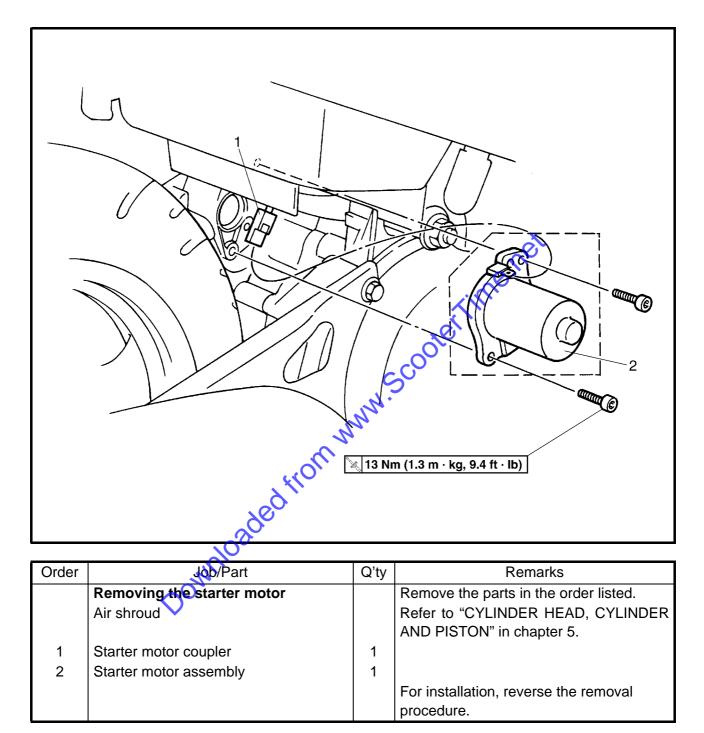








STARTER MOTOR

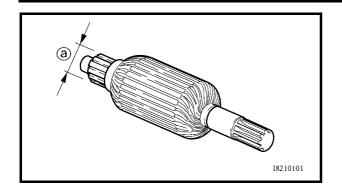




STARTER MOTOR

EAS00768

Order	Job/Part	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembling the starter motor		Remove the parts in the order listed.
1	O-ring 💙	1	
2	Starter motor yoke	1	
3	Armature assembly	1	
(4)	Gasket	2	
5	Brush holder	1	
6	Starter motor cover	1	
			For assembly, reverse the disassembly
			procedure.



CHECKING THE STARTER MOTOR

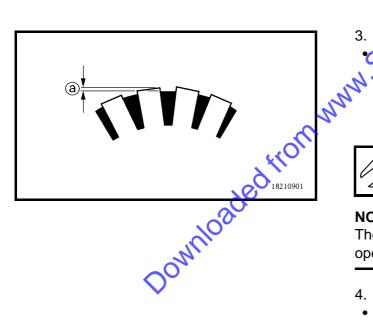
1. Check:

STARTER MOTOR

- commutator
 - $\mbox{Dirt} \rightarrow \mbox{Clean}$ with 600-grit sandpaper.
- 2. Measure:
 - commutator diameter ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace the starter motor.

1 Cu

Commutator wear limit 14.8 mm (0.58 in)



- 3. Measure:
- •mica undercut (a)

Out of specification \rightarrow Scrape the mica to the proper measurement with a hacksaw blade that has been grounded to fit the commutator.

Mica undercut 1.15 mm (0.05 in)

NOTE: .

The mica must be undercut to ensure proper operation of the commutator.

- 4. Measure:
- armature assembly resistances (commutator and insulation)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the starter motor.

*** * *** * *** * ***

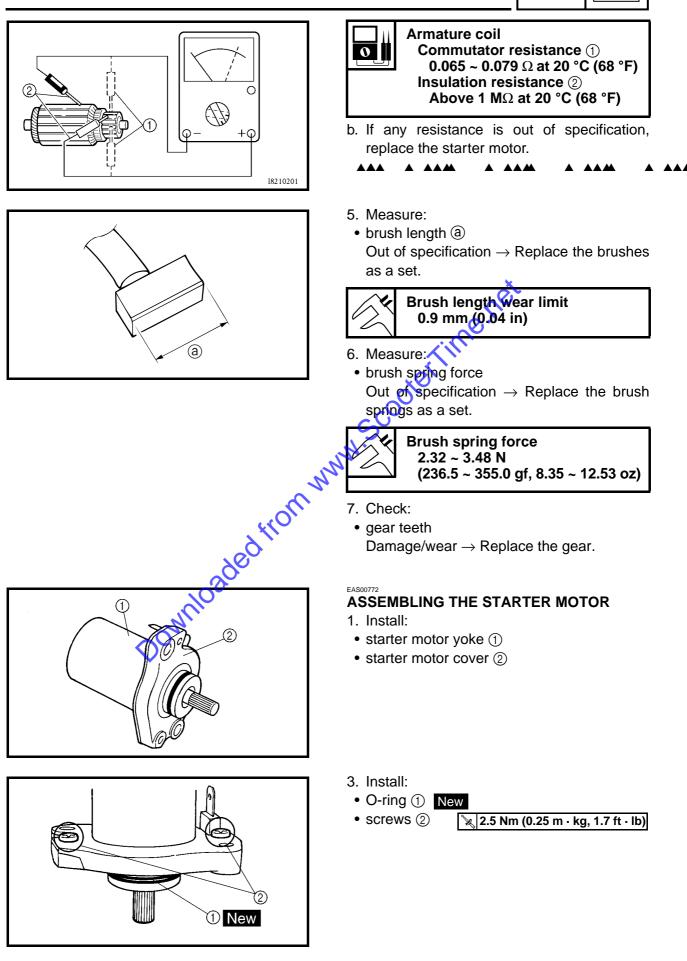
a. Measure the armature assembly resistances with the pocket tester.



Pocket tester YU-03112



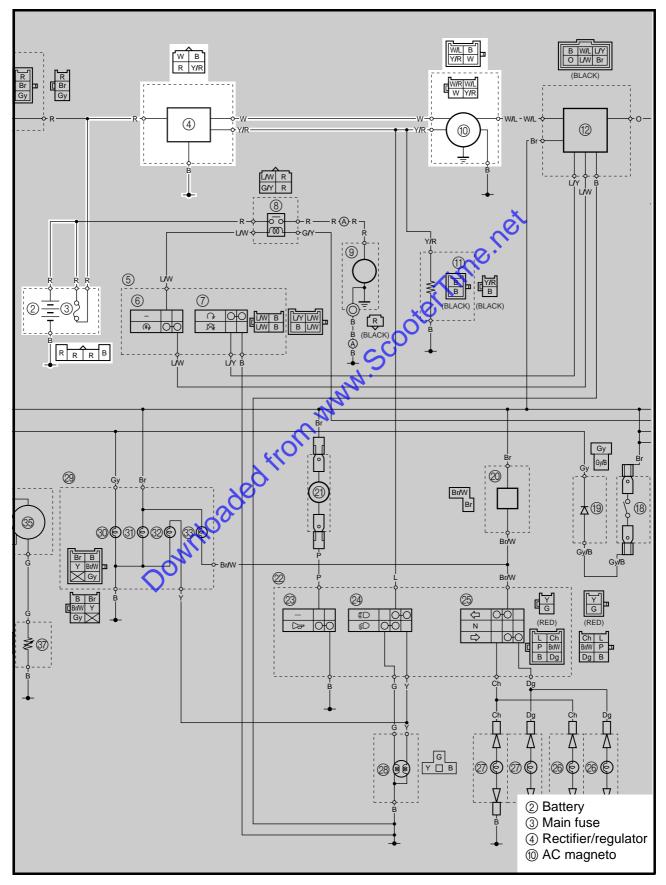
STARTER MOTOR



CHARGING SYSTEM



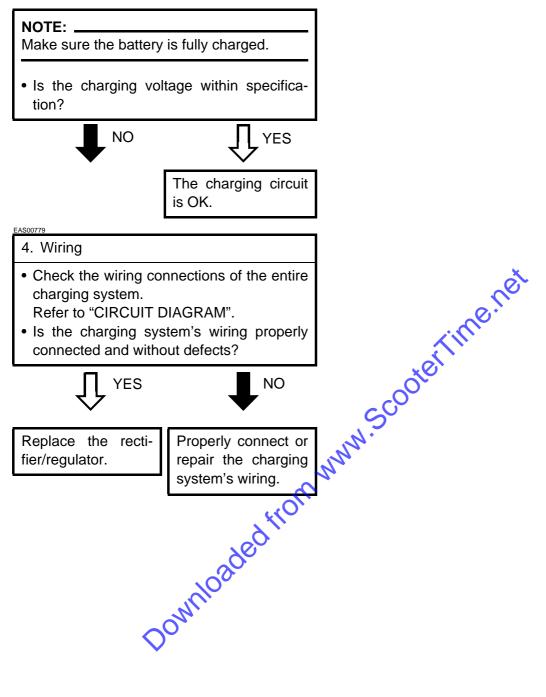
CHARGING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ELEC CHARGING SYSTEM EAS00774 TROUBLESHOOTING 2. Battery The battery is not being charged. • Check the condition of the battery. Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING Check: THE BATTERY" in chapter 3. 1. main fuse 2. battery Minimum open-circuit voltage 12.8 V or more at 20°C (68°F) 3. charging voltage 0 4. wiring (of the entire charging system) • Is the battery OK? NOTE: • Before troubleshooting, remove the following YES NO part(s): 1) center cover Clean the battery 2) side cover (left) terminals. 3) side cover (right) Recharge or • Troubleshoot with the following special replace the battery. tool(s). 3. Charging voltage Inductive tachometer • Connect the inductive tachometer to the YU-8036-A Pocket tester spark plug lead. YU-03112 Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the *battery as shown. AS00738 'N' 1. Main fuse Positive tester probe \rightarrow positive battery terminal (1) • Check the main fuse for continuity. Refer to "CHECKING THE FUSE" in chap Negative tester probe \rightarrow negative battery terminal (2) ter 3. Is the main fuse OK? YES NO Replace the main fuse. · Start the engine and let it run at approximately 5,000 r/min. Measure the charging voltage. **Charging voltage** 14 V at 5,000 r/min 0

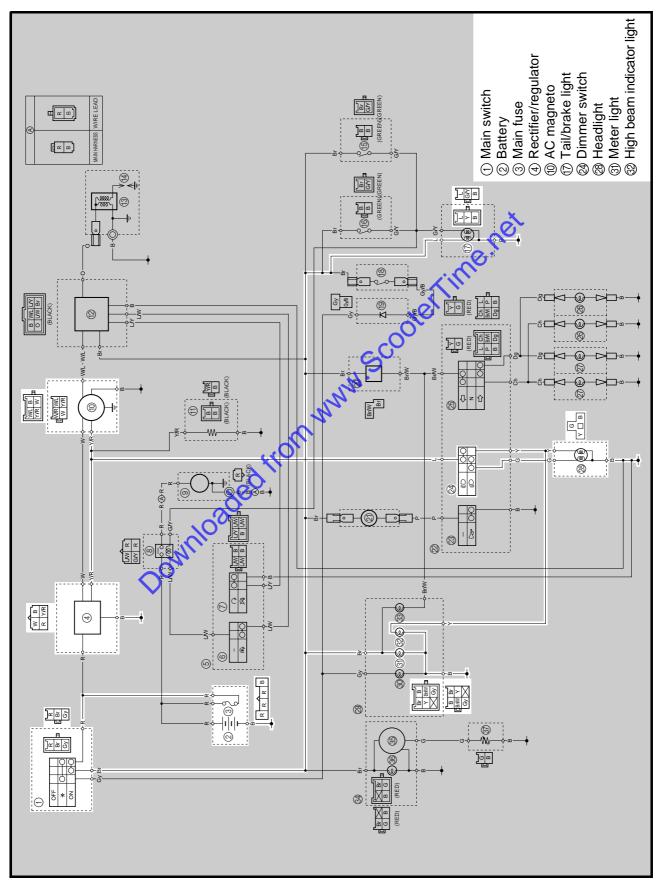
CHARGING SYSTEM







LIGHTING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



EAS00782 TROUBLESHOOTING

Any of the following fail to light: Headlight, high beam indicator light, taillight, auxiliary light, and meter light.

Check:

- 1. main fuse
- 2. battery
- 3. main switch
- 4. dimmer switch
- 5. wiring (of the entire charging system)

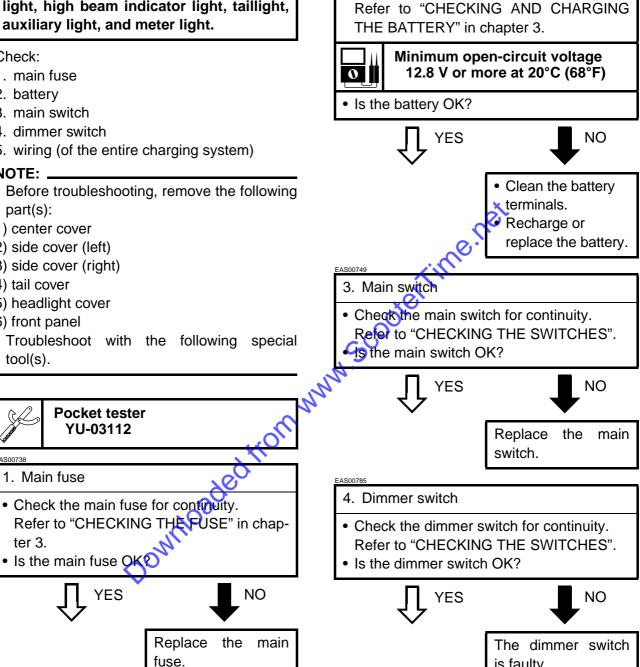
NOTE:

- Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s):
- 1) center cover
- 2) side cover (left)
- 3) side cover (right)
- 4) tail cover
- 5) headlight cover
- 6) front panel

1. Main fuse

ter 3.

 Troubleshoot with the following special tool(s).



LIGHTING SYSTEM

• Check the condition of the battery.

2. Battery

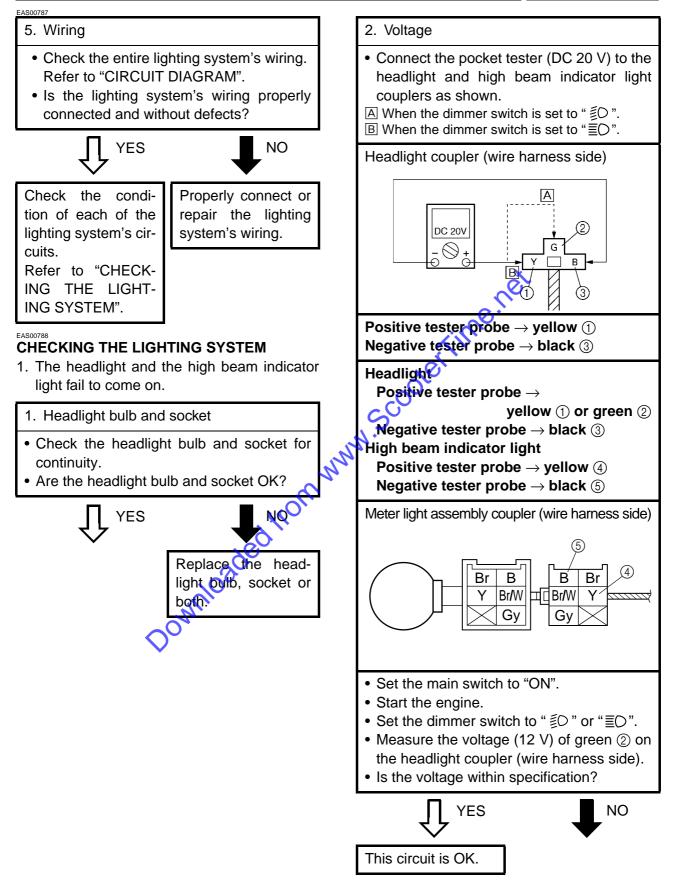
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is faulty.

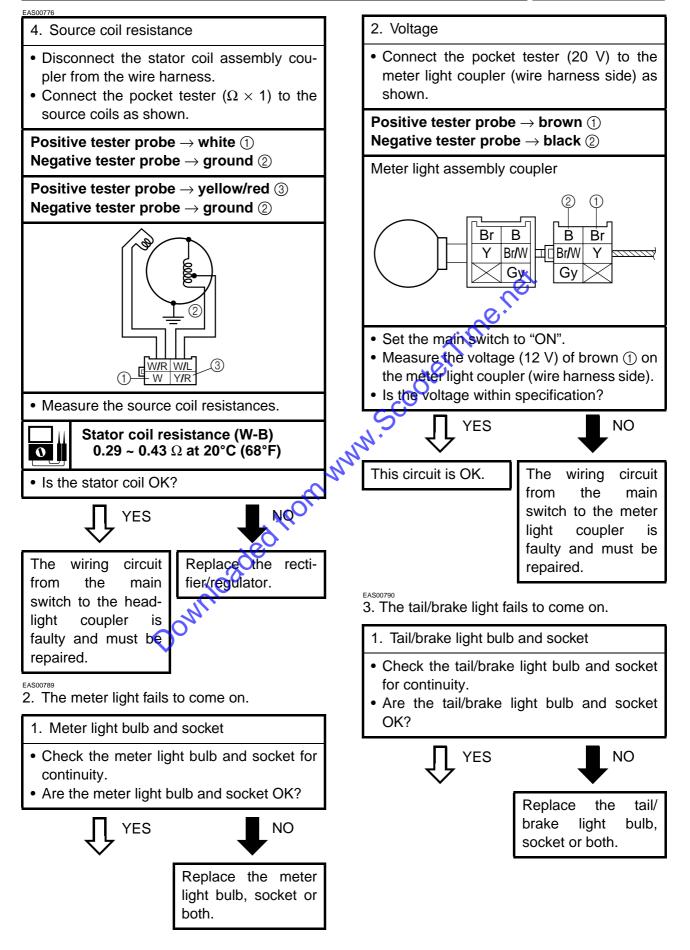
Replace the left han-

dlebar switch.







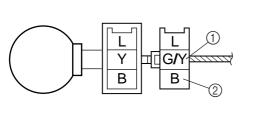




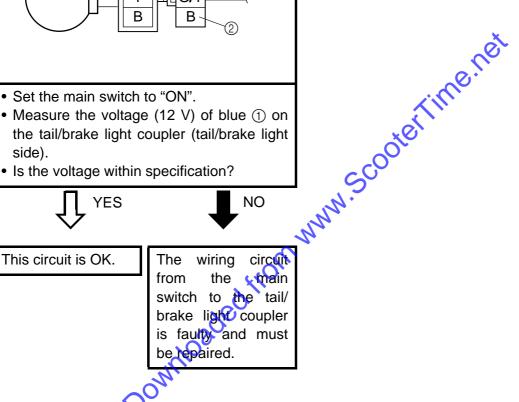


• Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the tail/brake light coupler (wire harness side) as shown.

Positive tester probe \rightarrow blue (1) Negative tester probe \rightarrow black (2)



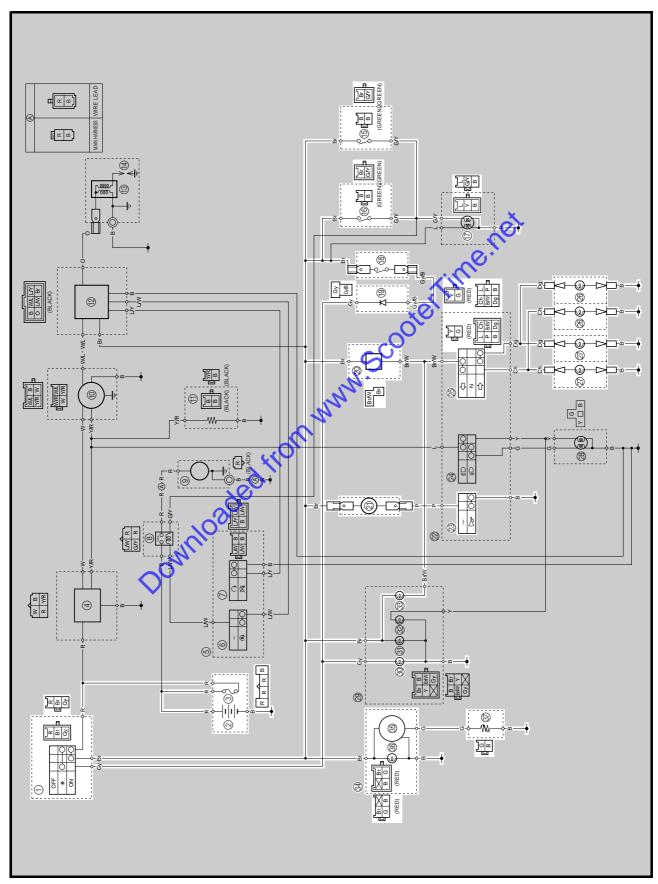
- Set the main switch to "ON".
- Measure the voltage (12 V) of blue ① on the tail/brake light coupler (tail/brake light side).
- Is the voltage within specification?



SIGNALING SYSTEM



SIGNALING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



SIGNALING SYSTEM



- ① Main switch
- ② Battery
- ③ Main fuse
- (5) Rear brake light switch
- (6) Front brake light switch
- ⑦ Tail/brake light
- (18) Oil level gauge
- 19 Diode
- ② Turn signal relay
- 2) Horn
- ② Horn switch
- 25 Turn signal switch
- 26 Rear turn signal light
- 7 Front turn signal light
- 3 Oil level warning light
- Downloaded from www.scoolertime.net 3 Turn signal indicator light
- 3 Fuel gauge assembly
- 35 Fuel level gauge
- 36 Fuel level indicator light
- 3 Fuel sender

7 - 30



NO

NO

main

or

SIGNALING SYSTEM

• Check the condition of the battery.

THE BATTERY" in chapter 3.

Refer to "CHECKING AND CHARGING

2. Battery

EAS00794 TROUBLESHOOTING

- Any of the following fail to light: Flasher light, brake light or an indicator light.
- The horn fails to sound.

Check:

- 1. main fuse
- 2. battery
- 3. main switch
- 4. wiring (of the entire signaling system)

NOTE:

- Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s):
- 1) center cover
- 2) side cover (left)
- 3) side cover (right)
- 4) tail cover
- 5) headlight cover
- 6) front panel

1. Main fuse

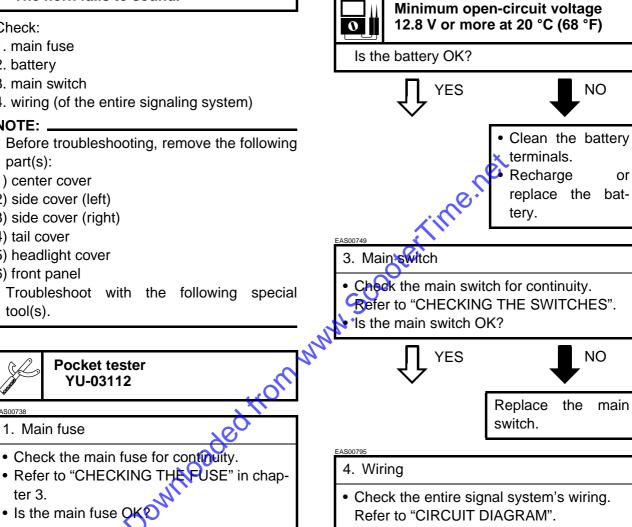
Is the main fuse OK?

YES

ter 3.

 Troubleshoot with the following special tool(s).

> Pocket tester YU-03112



• Is the signaling system's wiring properly connected and without defects?

NO YES Check the condi-Properly connect or tion of each of the repair the signaling signaling system's system's wiring. circuits. Refer to "CHECK-ING THE SIGNAL-ING SYSTEM".

NO

main

the

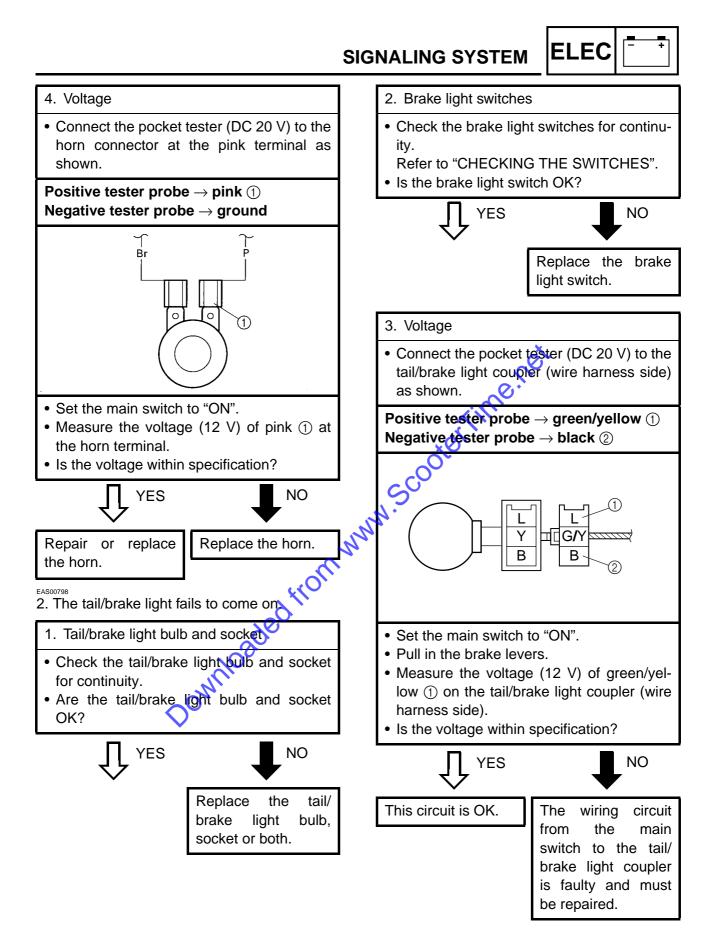
Replace

fuse.

SIGNALING SYSTEM



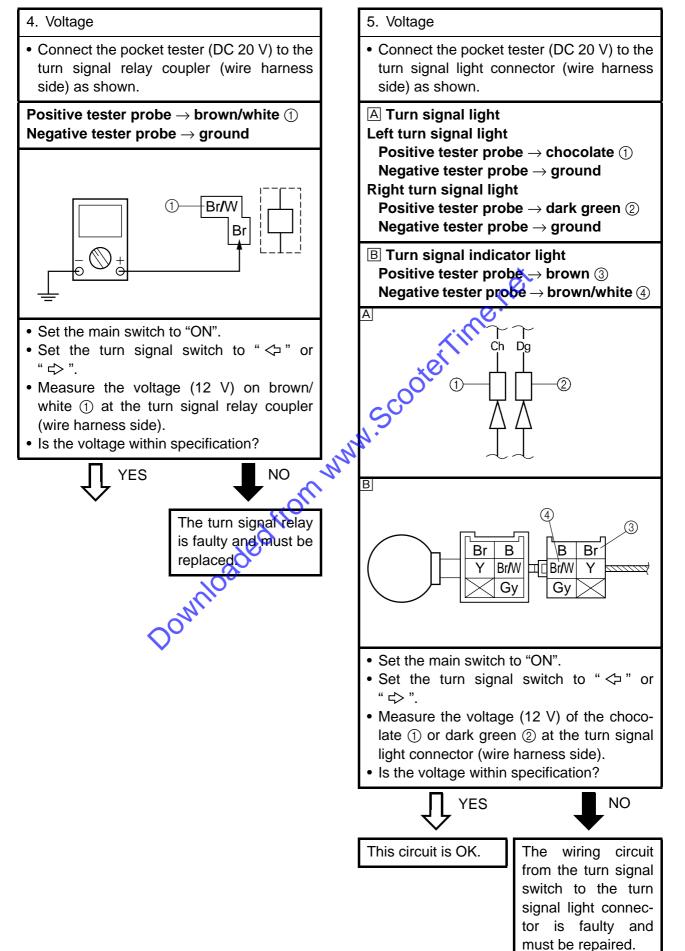
EAS00796 3. Horn **CHECKING THE SIGNALING SYSTEM** 1. The horn fails to sound. • Disconnect the pink connector at the horn terminal. 1. Horn switch • Connect a jumper lead (1) to the horn ter-• Check the horn switch for continuity. minal and ground the jumper lead. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES". • Set the main switch to "ON". Is the horn switch OK? • Push the horn switch. • Does the horn sound? NO YES 1 Вr Replace the left handlebar switch. Ð 2. Voltage 2000 mon www.scool No • Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the horn connector at the horn terminal as shown. YES Positive tester probe \rightarrow brown (1) Negative tester probe \rightarrow ground The horn is OK. Br (1) Set the main switch to "ON" Push the horn switch • Measure the voltage (12 V) of brown at the horn terminal. Is the voltage within specification? YES NO The wiring circuit from the main switch to the horn connector is faulty and must be repaired.



ELEC SIGNALING SYSTEM EAS00799 3. Voltage 3. The turn signal light, turn signal indicator light or both fail to blink. • Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the turn signal relay coupler (wire harness 1. Turn signal indicator light bulb and socket side) as shown. · Check the turn signal light bulb and socket Positive tester probe \rightarrow brown (1) for continuity. Negative tester probe \rightarrow ground Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES". • Are the turn signal light bulb and socket OK? NO Br/ YES Replace the turn signal light bulb, socket or both. Set the main switch to "ON". 2. Turn signal switch Measure the voltage (12 V) on brown ① at • Check the turn signal switch for continuity. the turn signal relay coupler (wire harness Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES". side) -Is the voltage within specification? Is the turn signal switch OK? www. YES NO NO YES Replace the left han The wiring circuit from the main switch dlebar switch. Downloaded to the turn signal relay coupler is faulty and must be repaired.

SIGNALING SYSTEM





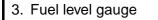
ELEC SIGNALING SYSTEM EAS00802 3. Diode 5. The oil level warning light fails to come on. • Remove the diode from the wire harness. 1. Oil level warning light bulb and socket • Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the · Check the oil level warning light bulb and diode terminals as shown. socket for continuity. Check the diode for continuity as follows. Refer to "CHECKING THE SWITCHES". Tester positive probe \rightarrow • Are the oil level warning light bulb and gray (1) Continusocket OK? Tester negative probe \rightarrow ity NO gray/black 2 YES Tester positive probe \rightarrow No Congray/black (1) Replace the oil level Tester negative probe \rightarrow tinuity warning light bulb, socket or both. (gray 2 2. Oil level switch • Remove the oil level switch from the oil Gy tank. Gy**/**B • Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the oil level switch. Positive tester probe \rightarrow terminal (1) (NN) Negative tester probe \rightarrow terminal (2) NOTE: When you switch the tester's positive and (1 negative probes, the readings in the above chart will be reversed. Are the tester readings correct? A 3 NO YES В • Check the oil level switch for continuity. Replace the diode. · Hold the oil level switch in an upright position A and let the float 3 go all the way down B. Is the oil level switch OK? YES NO Replace the oil level switch.

4. Voltage 2. Fuel sender • Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the Remove the fuel sender from the fuel tank. meter assembly coupler (wire harness · Connect the pocket tester to the fuel side) as shown. sender coupler (fuel sender side) as shown. Positive tester probe \rightarrow gray (1) Negative tester probe \rightarrow black (2) Positive tester probe \rightarrow green (1) Negative tester probe \rightarrow black (2) В Br B Br G Br**/**W ⊐d Br**/**W Y Gy Gy ⓓ A · Set the main switch to "ON". • Measure the voltage (12 V) of gray ① and Fuel sender resistance (up position) black 2 at the meter assembly coupler. (Ω X) Is the voltage within specification? 4~40 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) Fuel sender resistance (down position) B NO YES (Ω × **10**) 90 ~ 100 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) • Is the fuel sender OK? This circuit is OK. The wiring circuit from the main YES NO switch to the meter light coupler is faulty and must be Replace the fuel repaired sender. EAS00803 6. The fuel level indicator light fails to come on. 1. Fuel level indicator fight bulb and socket • Check the fuel level indicator light bulb and socket for continuity. • Are the fuel level indicator light bulb and socket OK? NO YES the Replace fuel level indicator light bulb, socket or both.

SIGNALING SYSTEM

SIGNALING SYSTEM

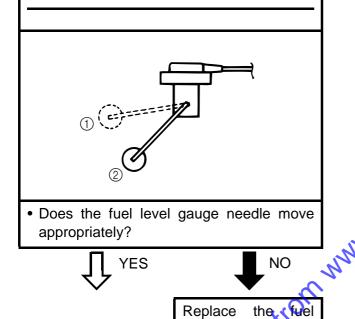




- Set the main switch to "ON".
- Move the float up (1) or down (2).
- Check that the fuel level gauge needle moves to "F" or "E".

NOTE: .

Before reading the fuel level meter, leave the float in one position (either up or down) for at least three minutes.



level gauge

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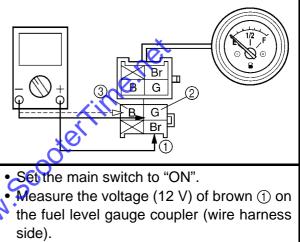
4. Voltage

• Connect the pocket tester (DC 20 V) to the fuel level gauge coupler (wire harness side) as shown.

Fuel level gauge

Positive tester probe \rightarrow brown (1) Negative tester probe \rightarrow green (2) Fuel level indicator light Positive tester probe \rightarrow brown (1)

Negative tester probe \rightarrow black (3)



Is the voltage within specification?

YES

This circuit is OK.

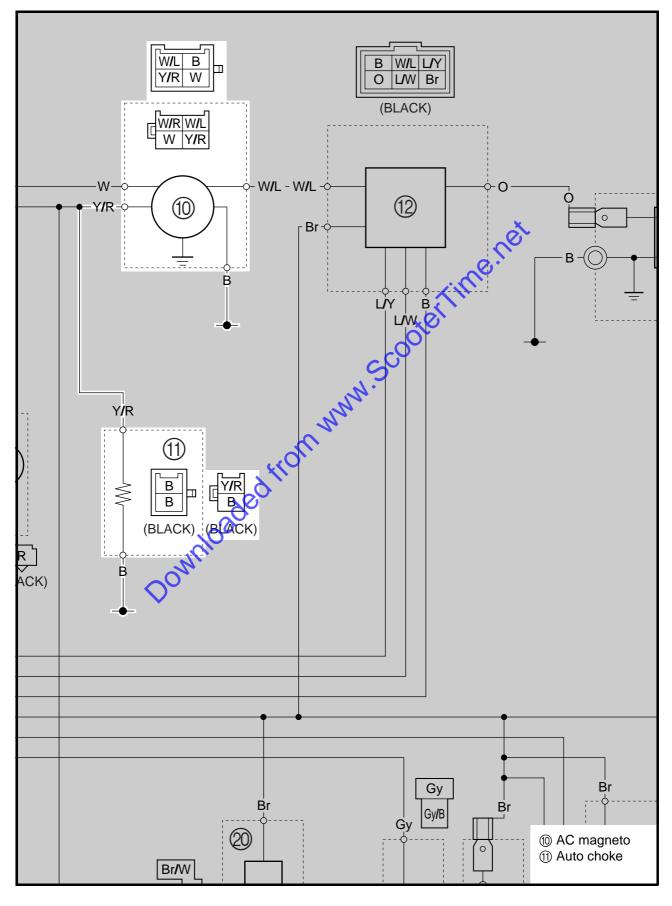
Check the wiring connections of the entire signaling system.

NO

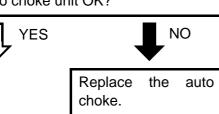
AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM



AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

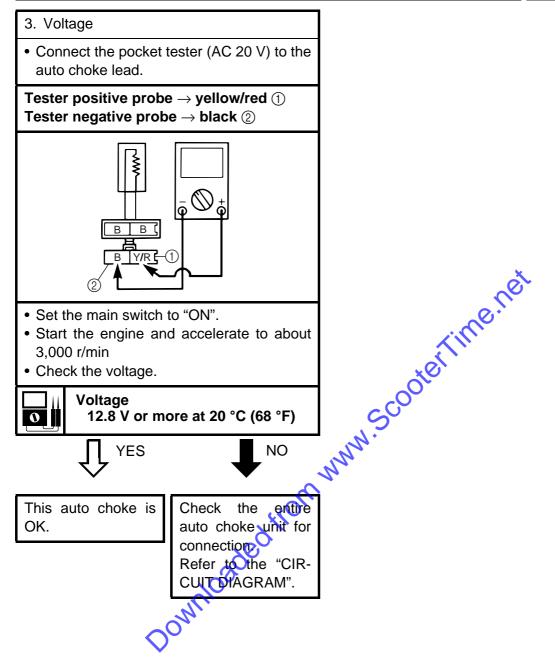


ELEC AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING 2. Source coil resistance The auto choke fails to operate · Disconnect the stator coil assembly coupler from wire harness. Check: • Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the 1. auto choke resistance source coil lead. 2. lighting coil resistance 3. voltage Tester positive probe \rightarrow yellow/red () NOTE: Tester negative probe \rightarrow ground (2) • Before troubleshooting, remove the following part(s): Ð 1) center cover • Troubleshoot with the following special tool(s). Pocket tester YU-03112 W/R W/I Y/R 1. Auto choke resistance Source coil resistance Nooded trong www.500 **018** ~ 0.28 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) 0 • Disconnect the auto choke coupler from the wire harness. YES NO • Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the auto choke coupler as shown. Tester positive probe \rightarrow black (1) Replace the stator Tester negative probe \rightarrow black (2) coil assembly. Auto choke resistance 8 ~ 12 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) 0 Is the auto choke unit OK?



AUTO CHOKE SYSTEM





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CHAPTER 8 TROUBLESHOOTING

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING	8-1
ENGINE	8-1
FUEL SYSTEM	8-1
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	
INCORRECT ENGINE IDLING SPEED	8-2
ENGINE	
FUEL SYSTEM	
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	
POOR MEDIUM-AND-HIGH-SPEED PERFORMANCE	2 8-2
FUEL STSTEWI	
\sim	•
FAULTY CLUTCH	8-2
	⊢ X-2
CLUTCH SLIPS	8-2
CLUTCH SLIPS POOR STARTING PERFORMANCE	
	0.0
in the second	
OVERHEATING ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM CHASSIS	0.0
	8-3
	8-3
FUEL SYSTEM	8-3
	8-3
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	8-3
POOR BRAKING PERFORMANCE	8-3
N	
UNSTABLE HANDLING	8-3
FAULTY LIGHTING OR SIGNALING SYSTEM	8-4
HEADLIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT	
HEADLIGHT BULB BURNT OUT	
TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT	
TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT BULB BURNT OUT	
TURN SIGNAL DOES NOT LIGHT	-
TURN SIGNAL BLINKS SLOWLY	
TURN SIGNAL REMAINS LIT	
TURN SIGNAL BLINKS QUICKLY	
HORN DOES NOT SOUND	8-4



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STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING



EAS00845

TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE:

The following guide for troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to basic troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for checks, adjustments, and replacement of parts.

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

ENGINE

Cylinder and cylinder head

- · Loose spark plug
- · Loose cylinder head or cylinder
- Damaged cylinder head gasket
- Damaged cylinder gasket
- Worn or damaged cylinder

Piston and piston ring(s)

- Improperly installed piston ring
- · Damaged, worn or fatigued piston ring
- Seized piston ring
- Seized or damaged piston

Air filter

- · Improperly installed air filter
- Clogged air filter element
- Crankcase and crankshaft
- Improperly assembled crankcase
- Seized crankshaft

FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel tank

- Empty fuel tank
- redfrom Clogged fuel tank cap breather hole
- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel
- Clogged or damaged fuel hose

Carburetor

- Deteriorated or contaminated fuel
- Clogged pilot jet
- Clogged pilot air passage
- · Sucked-in air
- Damaged float
- Worn needle valve
- · Improperly installed needle valve seat
- Incorrect fuel level
- Improperly adjusted pilot air screw
- Improperly installed pilot jet
- · Clogged starter jet
- Clogged emulsion tube

Autochoke unit

- Faulty starter plunger
- · Faulty ignitor unit

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Battery

Improperly charged battery

· Faulty battery

Fuse

- Blown, damaged or incorrect fuse
- Improperly installed fuse

Spark plug

- Incorrect spark plug gap
- **Correct** spark plug heat range
- 👌 Fouled spark plug
- Worn or damaged electrode
- Worn or damaged insulator
- Faulty spark plug cap

Ignition coil

- · Broken or shorted primary or secondary coil
- · Faulty spark plug lead
- Cracked or broken ignition coil body

Ignition system

- · Faulty ignitor unit
- Faulty pickup coil
- Broken generator rotor woodruff key

Switches and wiring

- · Faulty main switch
- Faulty engine stop switch
- Broken or shorted wiring
- Faulty front, rear or both brake switches
- · Faulty start switch
- Improperly grounded circuit
- Loose connections

Starting system

- Faulty starter motor
- Faulty starter relay
- Faulty starter clutch



EAS0084 INCORRECT ENGINE IDLING SPEED

ENGINE

Air filter

- · Clogged air filter element
- **FUEL SYSTEM**

Carburetor

- · Faulty starter plunger
- · Loose or clogged pilot jet
- · Loose or clogged pilot air jet
- · Damaged or loose carburetor joint
- Improperly adjusted engine idling speed (throttle stop screw)
- Improper throttle cable free play
- Flooded carburetor

Autochoke unit

- Faulty starter plunger
- · Faulty ignitor unit

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS Battery

- Discharged battery
- Faulty battery

Spark plug

- Incorrect spark plug gap
- · Incorrect spark plug heat range
- Fouled spark plug
- Worn or damaged electrode
- Worn or damaged insulator
- Faulty spark plug cap

Ignition coil

Faulty spark plug leads

Ignition system

- Faulty ignitor unit
- Faulty pickup coil

EAS00848 POOR MEDIUM-AND-HIGH-SPEED PERFORMANCE

Refer to "STARTING FAILURE/HEAD STARTING".

ENGINE

Air filter

Clogged air filter element

FUELSYSTEM

Carburetor

- 🖢 Faulty diaphragm
- Incorrect fuel level
- Loose or clogged main jet

EAS00853 FAULTY CLUTCH

ENGINE OPERATES BUT SCOOTER WILL NOT MOVE

V-belt

- Bent, damaged or worn \
- Slipping V-belt

Primary pulley cam and primary pulley slider

- Damaged or work primary pulley cam
- Damaged or worn primary pulley slider

Transmission gear(s)

Damaged transmission gear

CLUTCH SLIPS

Clutch shoe spring(s)

 Damaged, loose or worn clutch shoe spring(s)

Clutch shoe(s)

Damaged or worn clutch shoe(s)

Primary sliding sheave

· Seized primary sliding sheave

POOR STARTING PERFORMANCE V-belt

- Slipping V-belt
- Oil or grease on the V-belt

Primary sliding sheave

- Faulty operation
- Worn pin groove

 Bent, damaged or worn clutch shoe(s) POOR ACCELERATION PERFORMANCE

V-belt

· Oil or grease on the V-belt

Primary pulley weight(s)

- Faulty operation
- Worn primary pulley weight(s)

Primary fixed sheave

Worn primary fixed sheave

Primary sliding sheave

· Worn primary sliding sheave

Secondary fixed sheave

· Worn secondary fixed sheave

Secondary sliding sheave

Worn secondary sliding sheave

- Clutch shoe(s)
- Worn pin



ENGINE

Cylinder head and piston

- Heavy carbon buildup
- Engine oil and transmission oil
- Incorrect oil level
- Incorrect oil viscosity
- Inferior oil quality
- **FUEL SYSTEM**

Carburetor

- Incorrect main jet setting
- Incorrect fuel level
- Damaged or loose carburetor joint

EAS00858 POOR BRAKING PERFORMANCE

- · Worn brake shoe lining
- Worn or rusty brake drum
- Incorrect brake lever position
- Incorrect brake lever free play
- Incorrect brake camshaft lever position

EAS00862 UNSTABLE HANDLING

Handlebar

· Bent or improperly installed handlebar

Steering head components

- Improperly installed lower handlebar holder 410
- · Improperly installed fork (improperly tightened ring nut)
- · Bent steering stem
- Damaged ball bearing or bearing race

Front shock absorber assembly (-ies)

- Faulty front shock absorber spring(s)
- Leaking oil

Rear shock absorber assembly

- · Faulty rear shock absorber spring
- · Leaking oil

Air filter

Clogged air filter element

CHASSIS

Brake(s)

Dragging brake

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Spark plug

- Incorrect spark plug gap
- Incorrect spark plug heat range

Ignition system

Faulty ignitor unit



- Incorrect brake shoe position Damaged or fatigued brake shoe spring
- Oil or grease on the brake shoe
- Oil or grease on the brake drum
- Broken brake torque rod
- С
- Tire(s)
- Uneven tire pressures (front and rear)
- Incorrect tire pressure
- Uneven tire wear

Wheel(s)

- Incorrect wheel balance
- · Deformed cast wheel
- Damaged wheel bearing
- Bent or loose wheel axle
- Excessive wheel runout

Frame

- Bent frame
- Damaged steering head pipe
- Improperly installed bearing race

TRB SHTG



EAS00866 FAULTY LIGHTING OR SIGNALING SYSTEM

HEADLIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT

- · Wrong headlight bulb
- Too many electrical accessories
- Hard charging
- Incorrect connection
- Improperly grounded circuit
- Poor contacts (main switch)
- · Burnt-out headlight bulb

HEADLIGHT BULB BURNT OUT

- Wrong headlight bulb
- Faulty battery
- · Faulty rectifier/regulator
- Improperly grounded circuit
- · Faulty main switch
- · Headlight bulb life expired

TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT

- Wrong tail/brake light bulb
- Too many electrical accessories
- Incorrect connection
- Burnt-out tail/brake light bulb

aded thom www.scoolertime.net TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT BULB BURNT OUT

- Wrong tail/brake light bulb
- Faulty battery
- Tail/brake light bulb life expired
- **TURN SIGNAL DOES NOT LIGHT**
- · Faulty turn signal switch
- Faulty turn signal relay
- Burnt-out turn signal bulb
- Incorrect connection
- Damaged or faulty wire hamess
- Improperly grounded circuit
- · Faulty battery
- Blown, damaged or incorrect fuse

 \mathbf{O}

TURN SIGNAL BLINKS SLOWLY

- Faulty turn signal relay
- · Faulty main switch
- Faulty turn signal switch
- · Incorrect turn signal bulb

TURN SIGNAL REMAINS LIT

- Faulty turn signal relay
- Burnt-out turn signal bulb

TURN SIGNAL BLINKS QUICKLY

- Incorrect turn signal bulb
- Faulty turn signal relay
- Burnt-out turn signal bulb

HORN DOES NOT SOUND

- Improperly adjusted horn
- Damaged or faulty horn
- · Faulty main switch
- · Faulty horn switch
- Faulty battery
- · Blown, damaged or incorrect fuse
- Faulty wire harness

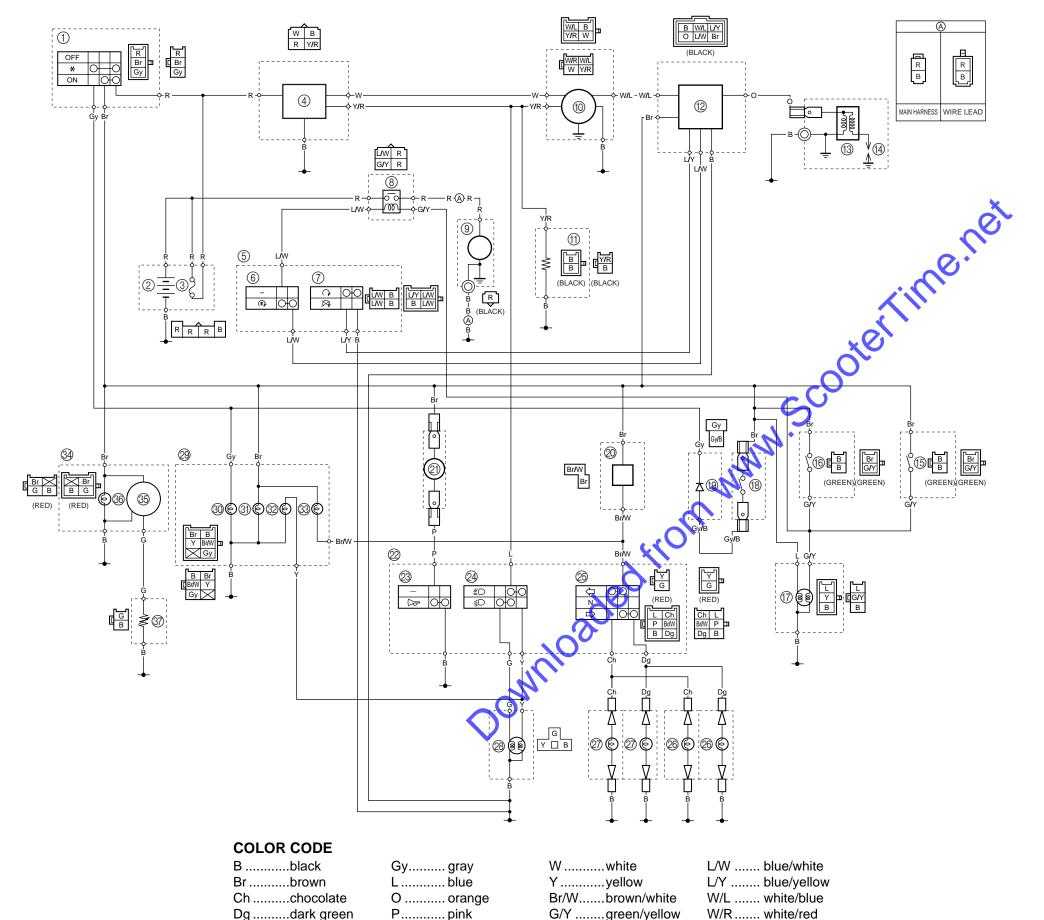
YJ50RN WIRING DIAGRAM

G.....green

R..... red

Gy/B.....gray/black

Y/R yellow/red



③ Main fuse (4) Rectifier/regulator ⑤ Right handlebar switch 6 Start switch ⑦ Engine stop switch (8) Starter relay (9) Starter motor (i) AC magneto (1) Auto choke 12 CDI unit (13) Ignition coil (4) Špark plug 15 Rear brake light switch ⁽ⁱ⁾ Front brake light switch 17 Tail/brake light (18) Oil level gauge Turn signal relay 2 Left handlebar switch 3 Horn switch Dimmer switch 25 Turn signal switch ²⁶ Rear turn signal light Tront turn signal light ²⁸ Headlight ⁽²⁾ Meter assembly 3 Oil level warning light (3) Meter light With the sear indicator light
 Turn signal indicator light ④ Fuel gauge assembly⑤ Fuel level gauge ³⁶ Fuel level indicator light 3 Fuel sender

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